

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.4817, 0.0463,
-2.6652)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.4817, 0.0463, -2.6652)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.3889, 0.2928,
-2.9287)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F303A
RGB	47, 48, 58
RGB Percent	18%, 19%, 23%
CMY	0.8157, 0.8118, 0.7725
CMYK	0.19, 0.17, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	235°, 10%, 21%
HSV	235°, 19%, 23%
XYZ	2.9930, 3.0237, 4.4289
YIQ	48.8410, -3.8060, 2.8980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

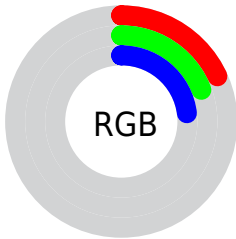
Format	Color
RYB	47, 48, 58
Decimal	3092538
CIELab	20.14, 2.12, -6.47
CIElCh	20, 6.812, 288.137
Yxy	3.0239, 0.2865, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281282618 (0xFF2F303A)
YUV	48.8410, 4.5154, -1.6146
Hunter-Lab	17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287

Details

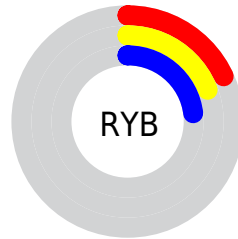
The HunterLab color **17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20.0774, -2.0522, 4.3937**, and the grayscale version is **17.4589, -0.9316, 0.9486**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.6934, -0.3347, -2.7617**, and **1.8571, 5.0375, -13.1957** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7770, 1.1305, -5.3019**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0479, -0.4684, -0.7311**.

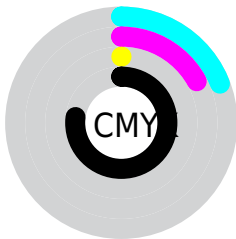
Distribution



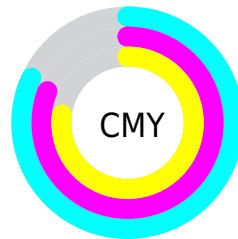
- Red (18%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3889, 0.2928,
-2.9287

■ 17.3889, 0.2928,
-2.9287

■ 113.3935, -3.7968,
-0.5609

■ 10.6967, 0.4727,
-2.8413

■ 33.6676, -0.2834,
-2.8263

■ 1.2414, 7.3764,
-21.5468

■ 43.0528, -0.6575,
-2.6636

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1772, -1.0802,
-2.4385

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.9903, -1.5471,
-2.1574

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.4508, -2.0548,
-1.8255

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.5239, -2.6004,

-1.4466

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.1801, -3.1818,
-1.0241

■ 17.3889, 0.2928,
-2.9287

■ 17.3889, 0.2928,
-2.9287

■ 15.7770, 1.1305,
-5.3019

■ 19.0479, -0.4684,
-0.7311

■ 14.2182, 2.0646,
-7.8953

■ 20.7476, -1.1674,
1.3248

■ 12.7220, 3.1188,
-10.7620

■ 22.4841, -1.8163,
3.2669

■ 11.3007, 4.3214,
-13.9632

■ 24.2540, -2.4244,
5.1171

■ 9.9710, 5.7024,
-17.5591

■ 26.0544, -2.9991,
6.8927

■ 8.7558, 7.2847,
-21.5838

■ 27.8830, -3.5462,
8.6073

■ 7.6701, 9.0258,
-26.0593

■ 29.7379, -4.0704,
10.2720

■ 6.6011, 11.0121,
-31.6944

■ 31.6173, -4.5755,
11.8957

■ 6.4809, 11.2707,
-32.4308

■ 33.5199, -5.0645,
13.4856

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3893, -1.7173, -3.0558



17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287



17.3893, 2.0485, -1.6941

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3893, 0.2925, -2.9284



17.3893, 1.7302, 3.4713



17.3893, -4.5567, 1.6865

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287



20.0774, -2.0522, 4.3937

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3893, -3.7183, 3.2287



17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287



17.3893, -0.1260, 4.1779

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3893, 0.2925, -2.9284



17.3893, 2.9042, 2.0541



17.3893, -2.1172, 4.0945



17.3893, -4.4561, -0.2390

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287



17.3893, 2.8109, -0.4811



17.3893, -2.1172, 4.0945



17.3893, -4.3769, 2.2625

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3893, 0.2925, -2.9284



25.6520, -0.8689, -0.2237



19.8114, -3.8430, 0.5949



13.2651, -0.4465, -0.1248



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3893, 0.2925, -2.9284



21.7730, 0.9409, -5.4354



17.4724, 1.7654, -2.7864



10.0535, -0.2719, -0.3074



9.7492, 19.8073, -54.9439



23.7250, 56.8536, -152.3847

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7371, 2.1199, 1.6189



22.3760, 3.9873, 2.3438



20.0116, -3.5678, 4.3005



10.1278, 0.1488, 0.6921



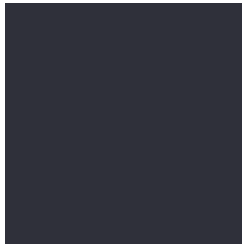
15.1107, 25.9986, 8.8254



38.9319, 66.8014, 24.1550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

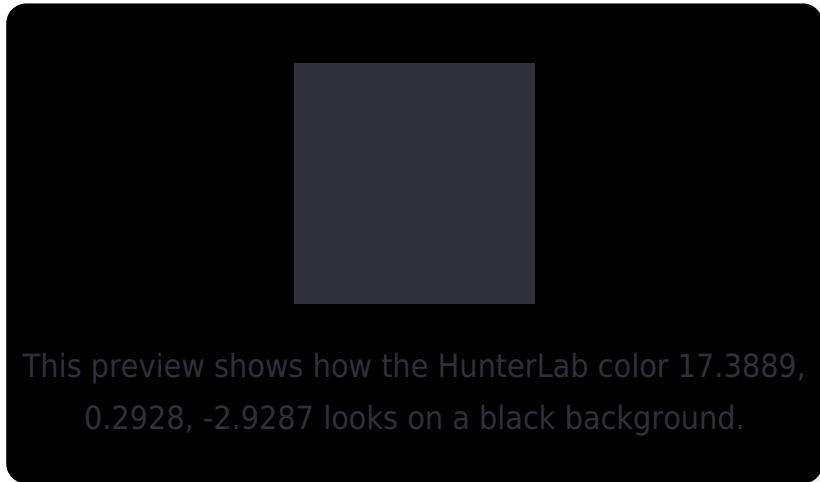
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

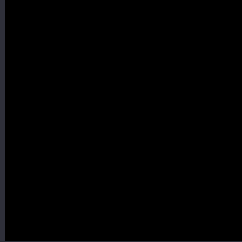
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287.



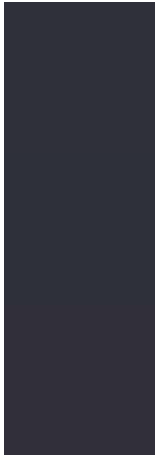
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287.

-2.9287.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287

Protanopia

17.3212, 0.0616, -3.0278

Deuteranopia

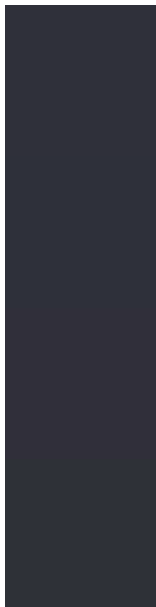
17.2959, 1.1768, -3.0439



Tritanopia

17.4198, -1.1003, -0.7491

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287

Protanomaly

17.3212, 0.0616, -3.0278

Deuteranomaly

17.2247, 0.9372, -3.1487

Tritanomaly

17.4737, -0.8052, -1.5110

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287

Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

Achromatomaly

17.5298, -0.7699, -0.2000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 48, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 48, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 48, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 48, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 48, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 48, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 48, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 48, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 48, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 48, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3889, 0.2928, -2.9287 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 48, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 48,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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