

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.4998, -4.8626,
5.2809)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.4998, -4.8626, 5.2809)
contains.

HunterLab(17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(17.5810, -5.1038,
5.3815)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B3423
RGB	43, 52, 35
RGB Percent	17%, 20%, 14%
CMY	0.8314, 0.7961, 0.8627
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.33, 0.80
HSL	92°, 20%, 17%
HSV	92°, 33%, 20%
XYZ	2.5276, 3.0909, 2.0535
YIQ	47.3710, 0.0930, -7.1950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

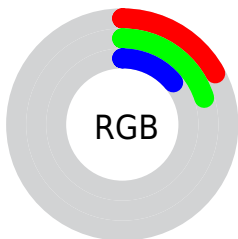
Format	Color
R_YB	35, 52, 44
Decimal	2831395
CIE Lab	20.40, -7.67, 9.53
CIE LCh	20, 12.235, 128.838
Yxy	3.0911, 0.3295, 0.4029
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281021475 (0xFF2B3423)
YUV	47.3710, -6.0989, -3.8334
Hunter-Lab	17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815

Details

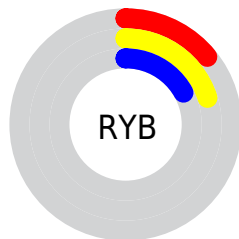
The HunterLab color **17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.0910, 3.9659, -4.9183**, and the grayscale version is **17.0030, -0.9072, 0.9238**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.7990, -6.8706, 7.7305**, and **2.5520, -2.1883, 1.5342** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3347, -6.1931, 6.4175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8488, -3.9325, 4.2015**.

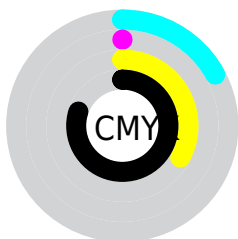
Distribution



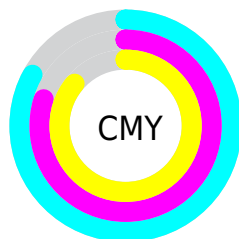
- Red (17%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.5810, -5.1038,
5.3815

■ 17.5810, -5.1038,
5.3815

■ 113.7520,
-14.1148, 15.4103

■ 10.8603, -4.0610,
4.3925

■ 33.9069, -7.0875,
7.6708

■ 2.1172, -3.7051,
1.4821

■ 43.3125, -8.0660,
8.7749

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.4558, -9.0476,
9.8707

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.2866, -10.0368,
10.9654

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.7638, -11.0365,
12.0639

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.8528, -12.0486,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.1695

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.5241,
-13.0744, 14.2844

■ 17.5810, -5.1038,
5.3815

■ 17.5810, -5.1038,
5.3815

■ 17.3347, -6.1931,
6.4175

■ 17.8488, -3.9325,
4.2015

■ 17.1087, -7.1955,
7.3069

■ 18.1368, -2.6821,
2.8801

■ 16.9035, -8.1087,
8.0496

■ 18.4450, -1.3575,
1.4221

■ 16.7189, -8.9306,
8.6471

■ 18.7732, 0.0363,
-0.1672

■ 16.5543, -9.6616,
9.1059

■ 19.1208, 1.4945,
-1.8820

■ 16.4025, -10.3429,
9.5317

■ 19.4874, 3.0120,
-3.7158

■ 16.2975, -10.8215,
9.8530

■ 19.8726, 4.5839,
-5.6620

■ 20.2757, 6.2055,
-7.7139

■ 20.6962, 7.8721,
-9.8647

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5814, -1.9983, 6.3334



17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815



17.5814, -6.9842, 3.1884

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.5814, -5.1042, 5.3817



17.5814, -3.3876, -6.4261



17.5814, 6.5003, 1.9466

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815



14.0910, 3.9659, -4.9183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.5814, 6.0524, -1.6116



17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815



17.5814, 0.1459, -6.9459

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.5814, -5.1042, 5.3817



17.5814, -6.0504, -3.7350



17.5814, 3.6541, -5.0376



17.5814, 4.8325, 4.6313

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815



17.5814, -7.3852, 1.0910



17.5814, 3.6541, -5.0376



17.5814, 6.5948, 0.8219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.5814, -5.1042, 5.3817



23.9082, -3.1579, 3.3874



16.2382, 0.2991, 4.2050



12.9434, -1.7469, 1.8744



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.5814, -5.1042, 5.3817



22.8186, -7.9200, 8.2308



17.1362, -6.7717, 4.8622



9.8718, -1.1317, 1.2104



27.7103, -19.1970, 16.7389



72.3333, -51.9914, 43.6613

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0910, 3.9659, -4.9183



17.1190, 6.9574, -8.7448



14.7567, 5.9984, -3.7218



9.3865, 0.1216, -0.2035



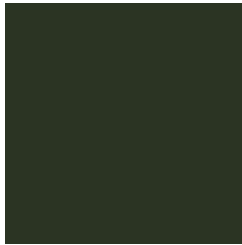
11.5580, 26.0701, -41.1869



29.3690, 67.3085, -112.9059

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

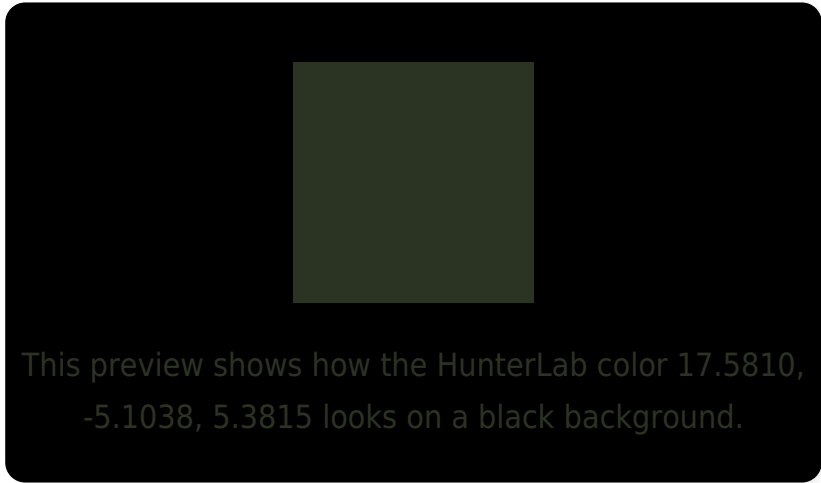
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

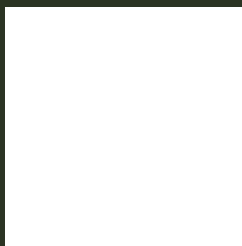
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815.

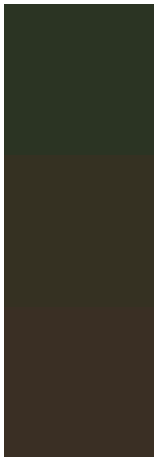


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815

Protanopia

17.5186, -1.5649, 5.6456

Deuteranopia

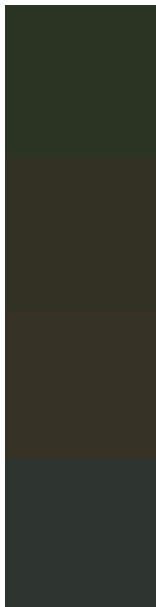
17.4927, 0.8156, 5.1360



Tritanopia

17.6873, -1.3511, -0.8239

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815

Protanomaly

17.4633, -3.0042, 5.5701

Deuteranomaly

17.5524, -1.3782, 5.1537

Tritanomaly

17.6940, -2.9284, 1.8402

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815

Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

Achromatomaly

17.1811, -2.4200, 2.6575

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 52, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 52, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 52, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 52, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 52, 35) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 52, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 52, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 52, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 52, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 52, 35)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.5810, -5.1038, 5.3815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 52, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 52,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor