

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.5160, -6.7371,
5.8045)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.5160, -6.7371, 5.8045)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.5159, -6.7358,
5.8050)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	263521
RGB	38, 53, 33
RGB Percent	15%, 21%, 13%
CMY	0.8510, 0.7922, 0.8706
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.38, 0.79
HSL	105°, 23%, 17%
HSV	105°, 38%, 21%
XYZ	2.3469, 3.0681, 1.9073
YIQ	46.2350, -2.5200, -9.4000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

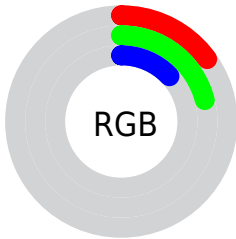
Format	Color
R _Y B	33, 53, 48
Decimal	2503969
CIE Lab	20.31, -10.93, 10.67
CIE LCh	20, 15.274, 135.690
Yxy	3.0682, 0.3205, 0.4190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280694049 (0xFF263521)
YUV	46.2350, -6.5249, -7.2221
Hunter-Lab	17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050

Details

The HunterLab color **17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.0470, 5.9849, -5.4565**, and the grayscale version is **16.6285, -0.8873, 0.9035**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.8957, -9.4785, 8.4390**, and **2.0837, -1.7867, 1.2527** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.2315, -7.9900, 6.7624**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8324, -5.3639, 4.7126**.

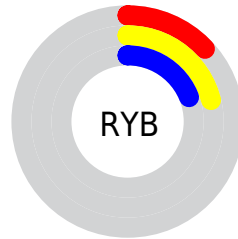
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (21%)

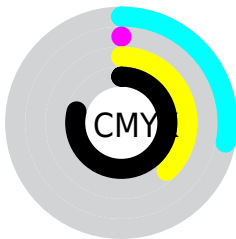
Blue (13%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (19%)

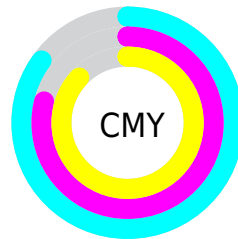


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.5159, -6.7358,
5.8050

■ 17.5159, -6.7358,
5.8050

■ 113.6306,
-17.4477, 16.4471

■ 10.8048, -5.3855,
4.8338

■ 33.8259, -9.2150,
8.2780

■ 1.8674, -3.2679,
1.3072

■ 43.2246, -10.4034,
9.4584

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.3615, -11.5778,
10.6236

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.1863, -12.7464,
11.7825

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.6578, -13.9145,
12.9408

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.7414, -15.0857,

100.4076,
-16.2628, 15.2707

17.5159, -6.7358,
5.8050

17.5159, -6.7358,
5.8050

17.2315, -7.9900,
6.7624

17.8324, -5.3639,
4.7126

16.9781, -9.1184,
7.5803

18.1793, -3.8811,
3.4903

16.7562, -10.1160,
8.2570

18.5565, -2.2967,
2.1452

16.5653, -10.9792,
8.7932

18.9633, -0.6196,
0.6850

16.4023, -11.7212,
9.2272

19.3988, 1.1411,
-0.8820

■ 16.2589, -12.3895,
9.6761

■ 19.8620, 2.9763,
-2.5475

■ 16.2290, -12.5311,
9.7808

■ 20.3520, 4.8776,
-4.3029

■ 20.8676, 6.8369,
-6.1402

■ 21.4078, 8.8467,
-8.0513

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.5163, -3.2267, 7.1960



17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050



17.5163, -8.5933, 2.8781

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.5163, -6.7362, 5.8052



17.5163, -3.0344, -9.1103



17.5163, 8.2513, 3.0471

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050



14.0470, 5.9849, -5.4565

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.5163, 8.3162, -1.2178



17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050



17.5163, 1.4797, -9.0315

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.5163, -6.7362, 5.8052



17.5163, -6.6077, -6.0622



17.5163, 5.7344, -5.8685



17.5163, 5.5650, 5.9017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050



17.5163, -8.7789, 0.1129



17.5163, 5.7344, -5.8685



17.5163, 8.5889, 1.7543

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.5163, -6.7362, 5.8052



23.7489, -3.7585, 3.4485



17.2647, -1.2664, 5.6750



12.8589, -2.0635, 1.8915



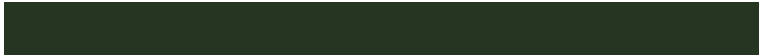
60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.5163, -6.7362, 5.8052



22.2459, -10.2368, 8.6711



17.3482, -7.2062, 4.2966



9.8370, -1.2551, 1.1696



27.1304, -21.6148, 16.3392



70.9128, -57.9468, 42.6817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0470, 5.9849, -5.4565



16.7362, 10.0602, -9.3705



14.3459, 6.5690, -2.6024



9.4239, 0.2491, -0.1544



13.8441, 28.9487, -31.6751



35.6896, 75.1197, -85.4652

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

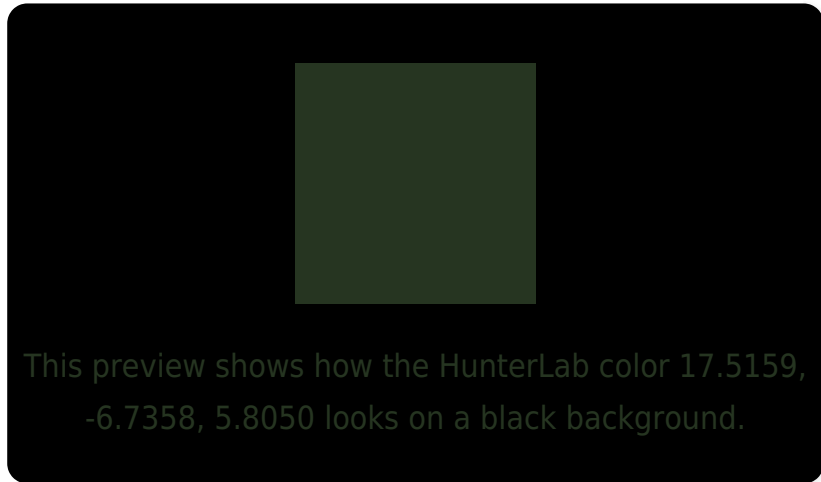
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.5159, -6.7358,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050

Protanopia

17.4712, -1.8263, 6.3345

Deuteranopia

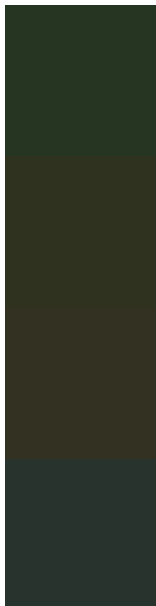
17.4587, 0.6326, 5.6296



Tritanopia

17.4350, -2.2409, -1.1642

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050

Protanomaly

17.3605, -3.4397, 5.9703

Deuteranomaly

17.3664, -2.1020, 5.4976

Tritanomaly

17.4251, -3.9477, 1.8733

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

16.9420, -3.3633, 3.0392

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 53, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 53, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 53, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 53, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 53, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 53, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 53, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 53, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 53, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 53, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.5159, -6.7358, 5.8050 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 53, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 53,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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