

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.6459, -0.3240,
-17.2529)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.6459, -0.3240,
-17.2529) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.7097, -0.4166,
-17.1750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	123354
RGB	18, 51, 84
RGB Percent	7%, 20%, 33%
CMY	0.9294, 0.8000, 0.6706
CMYK	0.79, 0.39, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	210°, 65%, 20%
HSV	210°, 79%, 33%
XYZ	3.0335, 3.1363, 8.8330
YIQ	44.8950, -30.2610, 3.2670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

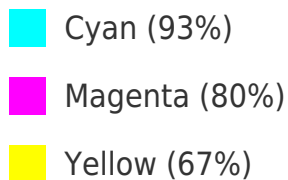
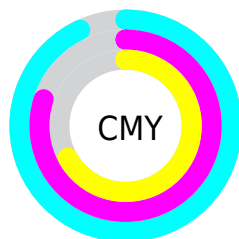
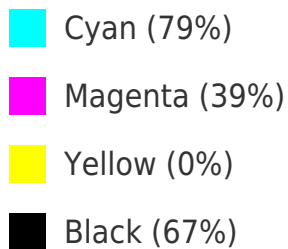
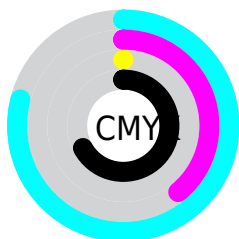
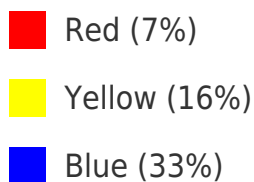
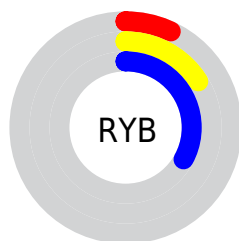
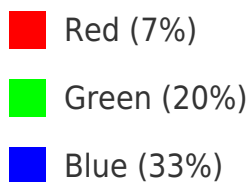
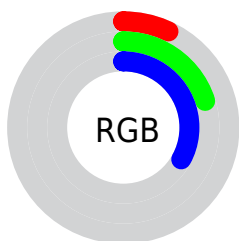
Format	Color
RYB	18, 40, 84
Decimal	1192788
CIELab	20.58, 0.92, -23.51
CIELCh	21, 23.524, 272.244
Yxy	3.1364, 0.2022, 0.2091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279382868 (0xFF123354)
YUV	44.8950, 19.2788, -23.5869
Hunter-Lab	17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750

Details

The HunterLab color **17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **20.7281, 6.3477, 11.2462**, and the grayscale version is **16.1108, -0.8596, 0.8753**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.0738, -1.0805, -18.2683**, and **4.8303, 6.6844, -20.4672** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4899, 0.6837, -19.9847**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0173, -1.2508, -14.4534**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

17.7097, -0.4166,
-17.1750

17.7097, -0.4166,
-17.1750

113.9914, -5.1074,
-20.2262

10.9698, -0.1335,
-16.8435

34.0669, -1.1623,
-18.1815

2.5388, 1.4450,
-43.1639

43.4861, -1.6101,
-18.6504

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

53.6420, -2.1012,
-19.0631

0.0000, NaN, NaN

64.4846, -2.6323,
-19.4146

0.0000, NaN, NaN

75.9729, -3.2005,
-19.7046

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

88.0725, -3.8036,


-19.9349


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 100.7538, -4.4398,
-20.1079

 17.7097, -0.4166,
-17.1750


 17.7097, -0.4166,
-17.1750


 16.4899, 0.6837,
-19.9847


 19.0173, -1.2508,
-14.4534


 15.3189, 1.9116,
-22.9902

 20.4042, -1.8395,
-11.8316

 15.1522, 2.0884,
-23.4471

 21.8634, -2.2067,
-9.3122

 23.3880, -2.3770,
-6.8930

 24.9717, -2.3739,
-4.5686

■ 26.6090, -2.2186,
-2.3316

■ 28.2951, -1.9299,
-0.1738

■ 30.0259, -1.5239,
1.9128

■ 31.7976, -1.0148,
3.9363

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7100, -6.7837, -14.5042



17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750



17.7100, 6.8150, -13.6279

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7100, -0.4164, -17.1746



17.7100, 11.9237, 6.5211



17.7100, -11.3444, 5.9468

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750



20.7281, 6.3477, 11.2462

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7100, -7.5647, 8.7295



17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750



17.7100, 5.7622, 8.9593

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7100, -0.4164, -17.1746



17.7100, 14.5944, 1.4575



17.7100, -1.4693, 9.5929



17.7100, -12.4798, 0.4558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750



17.7100, 10.9897, -8.7940



17.7100, -1.4693, 9.5929



17.7100, -10.3733, 7.1443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7100, -0.4164, -17.1746



33.8055, -3.0831, -4.9210



25.9005, -17.6385, 8.4809



16.8680, -1.5789, -2.8295



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7100, -0.4164, -17.1746



20.4891, 2.4462, -29.7313



10.9612, 14.4644, -38.3613



14.0790, -0.9630, -0.0990



18.6843, 3.2894, -30.4546



42.8067, 11.9063, -79.2070

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9894, 21.9214, -1.3775



19.3443, 32.8154, 0.1796



28.7562, -7.2708, 16.4119



13.8491, 0.5316, 0.4147



17.9624, 32.1551, 0.8012



42.9250, 76.4489, 4.9583

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

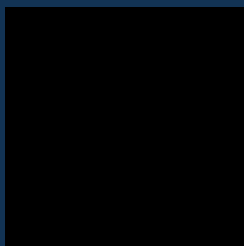
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750

Protanopia

17.8350, 2.3053, -15.5069

Deuteranopia

17.6861, 0.7580, -17.2066



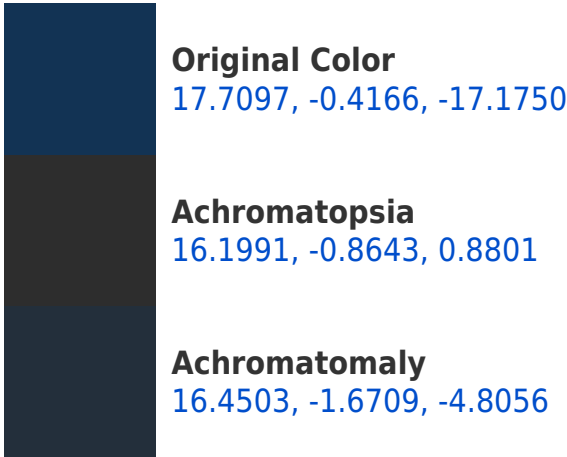
Tritanopia

17.4589, -8.5142, -3.4424

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 51, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 51, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 51, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 51, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 51, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 51, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 51, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 51, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 51, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 51, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7097, -0.4166, -17.1750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 51, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 51,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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