

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.6545, -11.7043,
-0.8406)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.6545, -11.7043,
-0.8406) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.1195,
-10.4731, -0.0394)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003A35
RGB	0, 58, 53
RGB Percent	0%, 23%, 21%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7725, 0.7922
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.77
HSL	175°, 100%, 11%
HSV	175°, 100%, 23%
XYZ	2.1557, 3.2832, 3.8883
YIQ	40.0880, -32.9630, -13.8510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

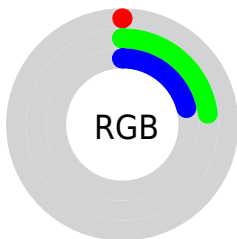
Format	Color
RYB	0, 30, 58
Decimal	14901
CIELab	21.14, -18.57, -1.82
CIELCh	21, 18.661, 185.595
Yxy	3.2833, 0.2311, 0.3520
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204981 (0xFF003A35)
YUV	40.0880, 6.3656, -35.1572
Hunter-Lab	18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394

Details

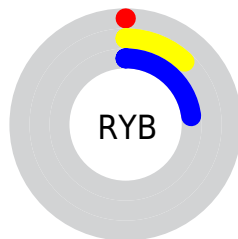
The HunterLab color **18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **9.5425, 16.4552, 5.2755**, and the grayscale version is **14.5834, -0.7781, 0.7923**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6715, -14.4345, 0.9257**, and **4.3726, -2.3182, -0.4612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1198, -10.4734, -0.0392**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2355, -9.9864, -0.0866**.

Distribution



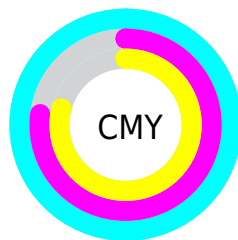
- Red (0%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.1195, -10.4731,
-0.0394

■ 18.1195, -10.4731,
-0.0394

■ 114.7517,
-25.2592, 4.3865

■ 11.3197, -8.4674,
-0.2696

■ 34.5760, -14.1410,
0.6226

■ 3.5595, -6.2291,
-1.9249

■ 44.0381, -15.8327,
1.0356

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.2338, -17.4694,
1.4957

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.1138, -19.0676,
1.9988

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.6373, -20.6386,
2.5418


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 88.7703, -22.1905,


3.1221


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 101.4836,
-23.7292, 3.7377


 18.1195, -10.4731,
-0.0394


 18.1195, -10.4731,
-0.0394


 18.1198, -10.4734,
-0.0392

 18.2355, -9.9864,
-0.0866

 18.3518, -9.5005,
-0.1336

 18.4938, -8.9176,
-0.1478

 18.6725, -8.1975,
-0.1147

 18.8895, -7.3388,
-0.0323

■ 19.1459, -6.3430,
0.1000

■ 19.4422, -5.2140,
0.2824

■ 19.7785, -3.9580,
0.5139

■ 20.1547, -2.5826,
0.7931

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1198, -9.7546, 4.7232



18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394



18.1198, -8.9066, -6.0321

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1198, -10.4732, -0.0392



18.1198, 5.7230, -9.4547



18.1198, 3.6912, 8.0459

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394



9.5425, 16.4552, 5.2755

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1198, 8.6280, 5.9858



18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394



18.1198, 9.8971, -3.7680

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1198, -10.4732, -0.0392



18.1198, 0.0921, -12.4275



18.1198, 11.0196, 1.9552



18.1198, -2.0039, 8.4973

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394



18.1198, -6.6506, -9.6415



18.1198, 11.0196, 1.9552



18.1198, 5.5150, 7.5574

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1198, -10.4732, -0.0392



25.5174, -7.0914, 0.3317



17.5033, -14.4592, 10.5321



13.1771, -3.7667, 0.1552



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1198, -10.4732, -0.0392



23.8307, -13.8286, 0.0655



12.2309, -1.5706, -11.8963



10.6095, -1.2251, 0.4436



28.7367, -16.7121, 0.1582



74.1675, -43.4376, 1.0664

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5425, 16.4552, 5.2755



12.5360, 21.5836, 7.2067



12.3306, 8.1763, 7.7408



10.1275, 0.1473, 0.6963



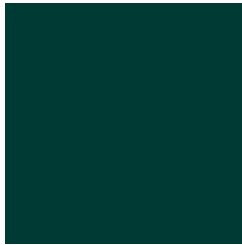
15.1075, 25.9869, 8.8721



38.9273, 66.7842, 24.2239

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

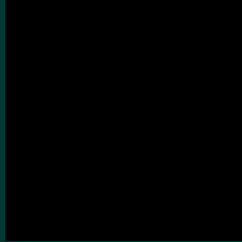
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1195,

-10.4731, -0.0394.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394

Protanopia

18.2929, -0.7247, 1.8414

Deuteranopia

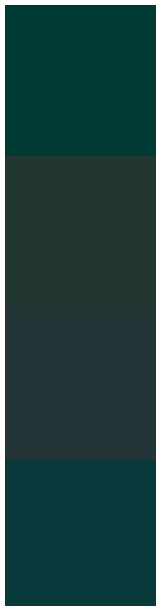
18.3556, 0.9971, -0.3468



Tritanopia

18.3209, -7.8352, -3.1354

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394

Protanomaly

17.9129, -5.8914, 0.9466

Deuteranomaly

17.8041, -4.7685, -0.7349

Tritanomaly

18.1379, -8.7175, -2.0613

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

15.5858, -5.6171, 0.0614

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 58, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 58, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 58, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 58, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 58, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 58, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 58, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 58, 53); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 58, 53); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 58, 53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.1195, -10.4731, -0.0394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 58, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 58,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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