

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.6873, 1.5135,
-0.9188)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.6873, 1.5135, -0.9188)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.7891, 1.4215,
-0.6456)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363036
RGB	54, 48, 54
RGB Percent	21%, 19%, 21%
CMY	0.7882, 0.8118, 0.7882
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	300°, 6%, 20%
HSV	300°, 11%, 21%
XYZ	3.2441, 3.1645, 3.9299
YIQ	50.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 48, 54
Decimal	3551286
CIE Lab	20.69, 4.04, -2.83
CIE LCh	21, 4.933, 324.936
Yxy	3.1647, 0.3138, 0.3061
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281741366 (0xFF363036)
YUV	50.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888
Hunter-Lab	17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456

Details

The HunterLab color **17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.6553, -3.2556, 2.5506**, and the grayscale version is **18.0139, -0.9612, 0.9787**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.2224, 1.2333, -0.2211**, and **2.9401, 5.7804, -3.8779** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.5817, 3.6712, -2.1972**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0620, -0.7833, 0.8767**.

Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (19%)

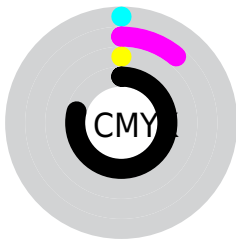
Blue (21%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (21%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7891, 1.4215,
-0.6456

■ 17.7891, 1.4215,
-0.6456

■ 114.1392, -1.7689,
3.3075

■ 11.0376, 1.4521,
-0.7983

■ 34.1658, 1.0964,
-0.1149

■ 2.7671, 6.2108,
-4.0948

■ 43.5933, 0.8322,
0.2404

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.7570, 0.5119,
0.6466

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.6069, 0.1411,
1.0990

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.1020, -0.2756,
1.5941

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.2081, -0.7346,

2.1288

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.8957, -1.2332,
2.7006

■ 17.7891, 1.4215,
-0.6456

■ 17.7891, 1.4215,
-0.6456

■ 16.5817, 3.6712,
-2.1972

■ 19.0620, -0.7833,
0.8767

■ 15.4478, 5.9569,
-3.7719

■ 20.3917, -2.9382,
2.3661

■ 14.3978, 8.2574,
-5.3553

■ 21.7720, -5.0442,
3.8231

■ 13.4436, 10.5380,
-6.9233

■ 23.1976, -7.1039,
5.2495

■ 12.5976, 12.7453,
-8.4396

■ 24.6638, -9.1214,
6.6479

■ 11.8722, 14.8061,
-9.8539

■ 26.1667, -11.1010,
8.0212

■ 11.2786, 16.6302,
-11.1050

■ 27.7031, -13.0471,
9.3723

■ 10.7463, 18.3892,
-12.3107

■ 29.2701, -14.9641,
10.7042

■ 10.2499, 20.1516,
-13.5180

■ 30.8653, -16.8557,
12.0194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7895, 0.2563, -1.6442



17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456



17.7895, 1.9514, 0.7296

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7895, 1.4211, -0.6453



17.7895, -0.7002, 3.4420



17.7895, -3.4394, -0.2020

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456



18.6553, -3.2556, 2.5506

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7895, -3.6769, 1.2038



17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456



17.7895, -2.1253, 3.2363

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7895, 1.4211, -0.6453



17.7895, 0.7016, 3.0300



17.7895, -3.2033, 2.4436



17.7895, -2.5437, -1.3741

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456



17.7895, 1.8617, 1.6470



17.7895, -3.2033, 2.4436



17.7895, -3.5976, 0.2619

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7895, 1.4211, -0.6453



24.7041, -0.4410, 0.7457



17.3459, -0.0815, -1.2425



12.8643, -0.1613, 0.3419



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7895, 1.4211, -0.6453



22.9629, 2.6248, -1.3705



17.7125, 1.0089, 0.4479



10.1855, 0.4599, -0.1289



17.4189, 34.2459, -22.9726



44.9850, 88.4414, -59.3271

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7895, 1.4211, -0.6453



22.9629, 2.6248, -1.3705



18.7239, -2.8727, 1.5694



10.1855, 0.4599, -0.1289



17.4189, 34.2459, -22.9726



44.9850, 88.4414, -59.3271

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

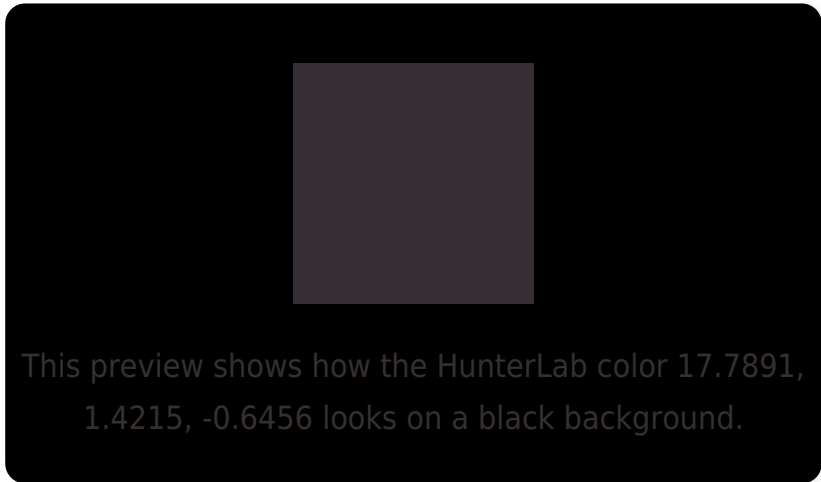
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

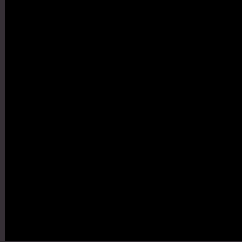
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456.



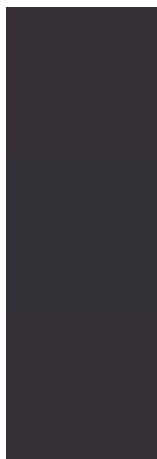
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456.

-0.6456.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456

Protanopia

17.6789, -0.0972, -1.2298

Deuteranopia

17.7119, 1.1629, -0.7483



Tritanopia

17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456

Protanomaly

17.8221, 0.3921, -1.0356

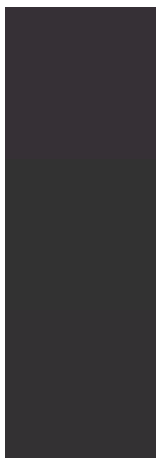
Deuteranomaly

17.7119, 1.1629, -0.7483

Tritanomaly

17.7629, 1.2815, -0.2745

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.7185, -0.1692, 0.4348

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 48, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 48, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 48, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 48, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 48, 54) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 48, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 48, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 48, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 48, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 48, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7891, 1.4215, -0.6456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 48, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 48,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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