

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7109, -0.7159,
-0.5980)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.7109, -0.7159,
-0.5980) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.8211, -0.8841,
-0.6453)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	303236
RGB	48, 50, 54
RGB Percent	19%, 20%, 21%
CMY	0.8118, 0.8039, 0.7882
CMYK	0.11, 0.07, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	220°, 6%, 20%
HSV	220°, 11%, 21%
XYZ	3.0254, 3.1759, 3.9436
YIQ	49.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	48, 50, 54
Decimal	3158582
CIELab	20.74, 0.12, -2.83
CIElCh	21, 2.837, 272.375
Yxy	3.1760, 0.2982, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281348662 (0xFF303236)
YUV	49.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295
Hunter-Lab	17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453

Details

The HunterLab color **17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.5839, -0.9902, 2.5125**, and the grayscale version is **17.8062, -0.9501, 0.9674**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1833, -1.6081, -0.3192**, and **2.9502, 0.1220, -3.9509** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.6039, -0.6945, -2.2434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0668, -1.0138, 0.8785**.

Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (20%)

Blue (21%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (21%)

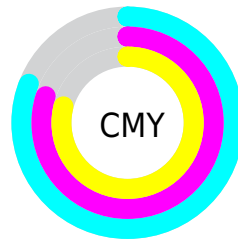


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8211, -0.8841,
-0.6453

■ 17.8211, -0.8841,
-0.6453

■ 114.1986, -5.9743,
3.3093

■ 11.0649, -0.5335,
-0.7984

■ 34.2055, -1.7432,
-0.1142

■ 2.8537, 0.0271,
-3.9627

■ 43.6364, -2.2399,
0.2413

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.8032, -2.7763,
0.6477

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.6560, -3.3498,
1.1003

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.1540, -3.9581,
1.5955

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.2626, -4.5994,

2.1303

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.9527, -5.2719,
2.7022

■ 17.8211, -0.8841,
-0.6453

■ 17.8211, -0.8841,
-0.6453

■ 16.6039, -0.6945,
-2.2434

■ 19.0668, -1.0138,
0.8785

■ 15.4169, -0.4338,
-3.9297

■ 20.3375, -1.0910,
2.3382

■ 14.2642, -0.0902,
-5.7188

■ 21.6314, -1.1229,
3.7435

■ 13.1498, 0.3509,
-7.6270

■ 22.9468, -1.1155,
5.1025

■ 12.0791, 0.9062,
-9.6719

■ 24.2821, -1.0736,
6.4220

■ 11.0584, 1.5950,
-11.8700

■ 25.6362, -1.0012,
7.7077

■ 10.0954, 2.4376,
-14.2337

■ 27.0078, -0.9018,
8.9646

■ 9.1721, 3.3696,
-16.8494

■ 28.3959, -0.7783,
10.1966

■ 8.3617, 4.2013,
-19.5208

■ 29.7997, -0.6333,
11.4075

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8215, -1.6993, -0.4550



17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453



17.8215, -0.0731, -0.3858

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8215, -0.8845, -0.6450



17.8215, 0.4418, 1.7783



17.8215, -2.3692, 1.6722

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453



18.5839, -0.9902, 2.5125

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8215, -1.8139, 2.2272



17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453



17.8215, -0.1919, 2.2864

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8215, -0.8845, -0.6450



17.8215, 0.7014, 1.0340



17.8215, -1.0192, 2.4468



17.8215, -2.5470, 0.9059

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453



17.8215, 0.3539, 0.0001



17.8215, -1.0192, 2.4468



17.8215, -2.2210, 1.8884

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8215, -0.8845, -0.6450



24.7217, -1.3036, 0.7517



18.7451, -2.7536, 1.2637



12.8747, -0.6774, 0.3453



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8215, -0.8845, -0.6450



23.0069, -1.1062, -1.3791



17.4092, 0.1364, -1.1562



10.2014, -0.5198, -0.1264



13.1493, 9.6085, -37.1775



31.4837, 31.1761, -106.6522

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6877, 0.8767, 0.7987



22.7969, 1.7402, 0.9868



19.0036, -2.0137, 2.9502



10.1428, 0.2295, 0.4792



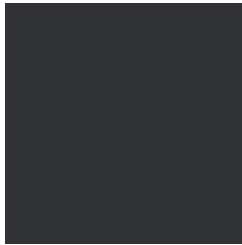
15.3685, 26.9495, 5.0436



39.4834, 68.8391, 16.0358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

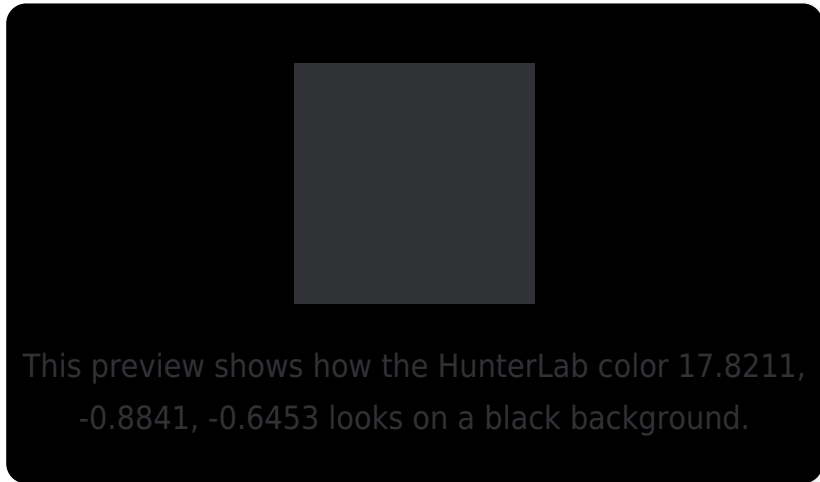
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

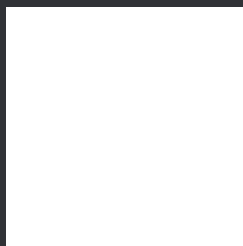
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453.

-0.6453.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453

Protanopia

17.9601, -0.4031, -0.4614

Deuteranopia

17.7119, 1.1629, -0.7483



Tritanopia

17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453

Protanomaly

17.8900, -0.6454, -0.5540

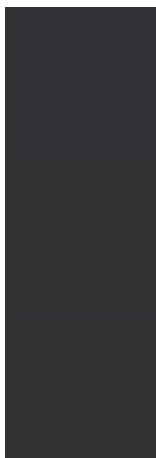
Deuteranomaly

17.7954, 0.2480, -0.6581

Tritanomaly

17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.8134, -1.0642, 0.5335

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 50, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 50, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 50, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 50, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 50, 54) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 50, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 50, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 50, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 50, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 50, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.8211, -0.8841, -0.6453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 50, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 50,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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