

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7129, 9.4166,
10.0197)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.7129, 9.4166,
10.0197) contains.

HunterLab(17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	22
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

**HunterLab(17.7129, 9.4166,
10.0197)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F270B
RGB	79, 39, 11
RGB Percent	31%, 15%, 4%
CMY	0.6902, 0.8470, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.86, 0.69
HSL	25°, 76%, 18%
HSV	25°, 86%, 31%
XYZ	4.0104, 3.1375, 0.7108
YIQ	47.7680, 32.8280, -0.2280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

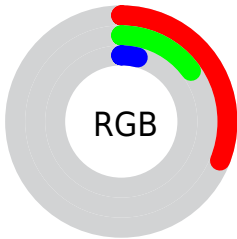
Format	Color
R_{YB}	79, 59, 11
Decimal	5187339
CIE _{Lab}	20.59, 16.37, 25.33
CIE _{LCh}	21, 30.155, 57.128
Yxy	3.1376, 0.5103, 0.3992
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283377419 (0xFF4F270B)
YUV	47.7680, -18.1266, 27.3905
Hunter-Lab	17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197

Details

The HunterLab color **17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **17.3295, -2.1755, -14.6676**, and the grayscale version is **17.1660, -0.9159, 0.9327**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1736, 10.4698, 14.9700**, and **5.3973, 9.2430, 3.4876** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8332, 11.0884, 10.2530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6663, 7.7729, 9.6953**.

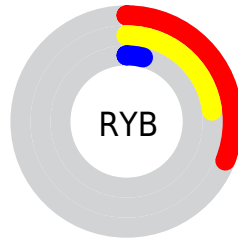
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (15%)

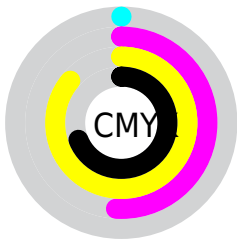
Blue (4%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (4%)

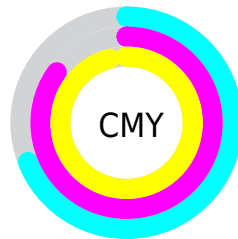


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7129, 9.4166,
10.0197

■ 17.7129, 9.4166,
10.0197

■ 113.9977, 11.8430,
28.9670

■ 10.9727, 8.5836,
7.6809

■ 34.0711, 10.6150,
14.9220

■ 2.5490, 27.8432,
1.7843

■ 43.4907, 11.0335,
17.1509

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.6469, 11.3546,
19.2701

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.4898, 11.5903,
21.3078

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.9784, 11.7502,
23.2837

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.0783, 11.8418,

25.2122

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.7599, 11.8710,
27.1039

■ 17.7129, 9.4166,
10.0197

■ 17.7129, 9.4166,
10.0197

■ 16.8332, 11.0884,
10.2530

■ 18.6663, 7.7729,
9.6953

■ 16.5051, 11.7301,
10.3757

■ 19.6944, 6.2215,
9.1592

■ 20.7915, 4.7717,
8.4269

■ 21.9515, 3.4271,
7.5166

■ 23.1688, 2.1870,
6.4469

■ 24.4383, 1.0476,
5.2352

■ 25.7553, 0.0034,
3.8978

■ 27.1158, -0.9520,
2.4487

■ 28.5161, -1.8255,
0.9004

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7134, 17.1558, 6.9304



17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197



17.7134, -0.0741, 11.1409

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7134, 9.4154, 10.0199



17.7134, -15.0849, 1.7663



17.7134, 7.6200, -20.7210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197



17.3295, -2.1755, -14.6676

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7134, -1.8016, -24.4786



17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197



17.7134, -13.8259, -8.2619

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7134, 9.4154, 10.0199



17.7134, -13.2243, 7.7554



17.7134, -9.3654, -19.0793



17.7134, 15.9827, -10.4458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197



17.7134, -5.7427, 10.8368



17.7134, -9.3654, -19.0793



17.7134, 4.4223, -22.9574

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7134, 9.4154, 10.0199



31.7162, 1.4855, 6.9639



14.6552, 22.5794, -3.6225



15.6878, 0.8651, 3.6162



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7134, 9.4154, 10.0199



21.1683, 16.1437, 13.3264



25.1933, -4.3038, 14.7035



13.4036, -0.3592, 1.4155



49.8362, 43.5949, 31.4720

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3295, -2.1755, -14.6676



20.4711, -0.8243, -23.8076



10.3046, 12.4958, -35.9927



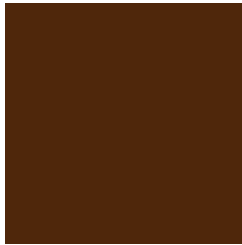
13.3862, -1.0346, 0.0145



47.9696, 1.1760, -62.4964

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

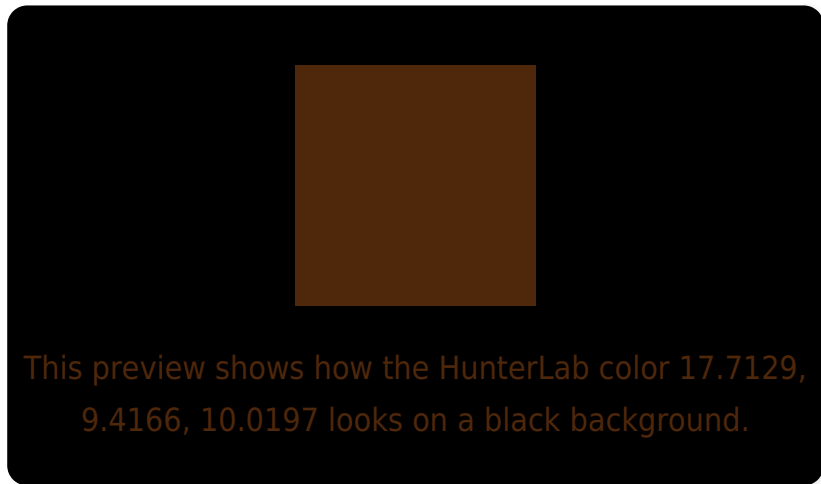
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

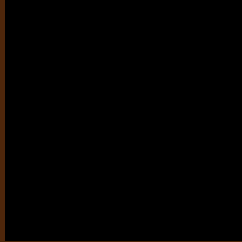
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197.

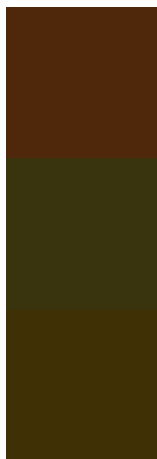


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7129, 9.4166,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197

Protanopia

18.0810, -2.5143, 9.7350

Deuteranopia

17.9300, 0.4667, 10.5818



Tritanopia

17.6457, 12.6720, 4.6456

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197

Protanomaly

17.8491, 1.4570, 9.7592

Deuteranomaly

17.7689, 3.3710, 10.3374

Tritanomaly

17.6559, 11.4789, 7.1770

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

17.1112, 1.8242, 5.0661

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 39, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 39, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 39, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 39, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 39, 11) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 39, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 39, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 39, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 39, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 39, 11)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7129, 9.4166, 10.0197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 39, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 39,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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