

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7162, 9.9662,
5.6861)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.7162, 9.9662, 5.6861)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.7487, 10.0677,
5.8011)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D2723
RGB	77, 39, 35
RGB Percent	30%, 15%, 14%
CMY	0.6980, 0.8470, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.55, 0.70
HSL	6°, 37%, 22%
HSV	6°, 55%, 30%
XYZ	4.0895, 3.1502, 1.9826
YIQ	49.9060, 23.9320, 6.8120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

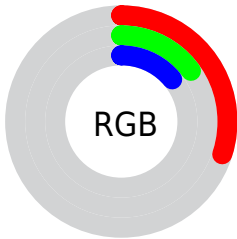
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 39, 35
Decimal	5056291
CIE _{Lab}	20.64, 17.29, 10.55
CIE _{LCh}	21, 20.255, 31.385
Yxy	3.1503, 0.4434, 0.3416
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283246371 (0xFF4D2723)
YUV	49.9060, -7.3487, 23.7614
Hunter-Lab	17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011

Details

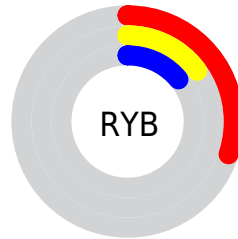
The HunterLab color **17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **23.7864, -8.4942, -2.9925**, and the grayscale version is **17.8466, -0.9522, 0.9696**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1331, 11.1891, 8.3796**, and **5.5414, 9.4899, 3.5807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4112, 12.3874, 6.5171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2394, 7.7741, 5.0366**.

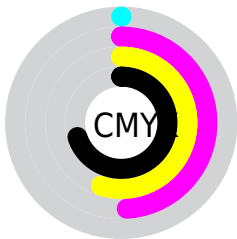
Distribution



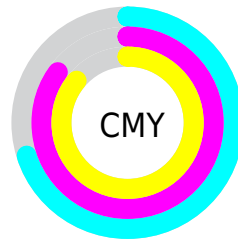
- Red (30%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7487, 10.0677,
5.8011

■ 17.7487, 10.0677,
5.8011

■ 114.0642, 12.8875,
16.3743

■ 11.0032, 9.1810,
4.7678

■ 34.1156, 11.3687,
8.2512

■ 2.6538, 28.2506,
1.8576

■ 43.5389, 11.8346,
9.4229

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.6987, 12.2007,
10.5804

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.5449, 12.4795,
11.7323

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.0366, 12.6806,
12.8844

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.1393, 12.8116,

100.8237, 12.8789,
15.2030

17.7487, 10.0677,
5.8011

17.7487, 10.0677,
5.8011

16.4112, 12.3874,
6.5171

19.2394, 7.7741,
5.0366

15.2484, 14.6665,
7.1513

20.8610, 5.5499,
4.2458

14.2830, 16.7994,
7.6646

22.5957, 3.4124,
3.4443

13.5259, 18.6236,
8.1319

24.4282, 1.3664,
2.6412

13.1797, 19.4648,
8.4620

26.3455, -0.5913,
1.8416

■ 28.3373, -2.4675,
1.0480

■ 30.3949, -4.2709,
0.2612

■ 32.5111, -6.0103,
-0.5188

■ 34.6800, -7.6940,
-1.2925

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7492, 12.1849, 1.2306



17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011



17.7492, 4.9492, 8.1743

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7492, 10.0666, 5.8014



17.7492, -10.0177, 5.4759



17.7492, -0.6670, -13.9634

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011



23.7864, -8.4942, -2.9925

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7492, -6.1635, -11.6898



17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011



17.7492, -11.1101, 0.6976

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7492, 10.0666, 5.8014



17.7492, -6.5885, 8.0352



17.7492, -9.7963, -5.7865



17.7492, 5.4987, -11.2548

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011



17.7492, 0.8212, 8.7744



17.7492, -9.7963, -5.7865



17.7492, -2.6505, -13.7527

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7492, 10.0666, 5.8014



31.3313, 2.3122, 3.6534



18.0764, 16.5634, -9.5323



15.9330, 1.3259, 1.9287



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7492, 10.0666, 5.8014



20.9329, 16.9799, 8.7346



22.0878, 1.3793, 9.3661



13.1321, 0.1039, 1.1150



17.4235, 26.7260, 11.2041



41.6043, 67.7350, 26.8222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.7864, -8.4942, -2.9925



30.2378, -12.1826, -4.9486



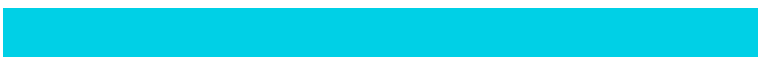
18.4229, -0.4296, -11.2514



13.6668, -1.4897, 0.3482



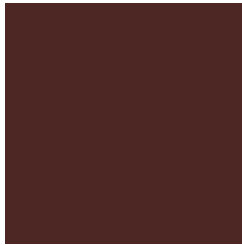
29.4318, -13.6016, -7.4252



71.1459, -32.4805, -18.8101

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

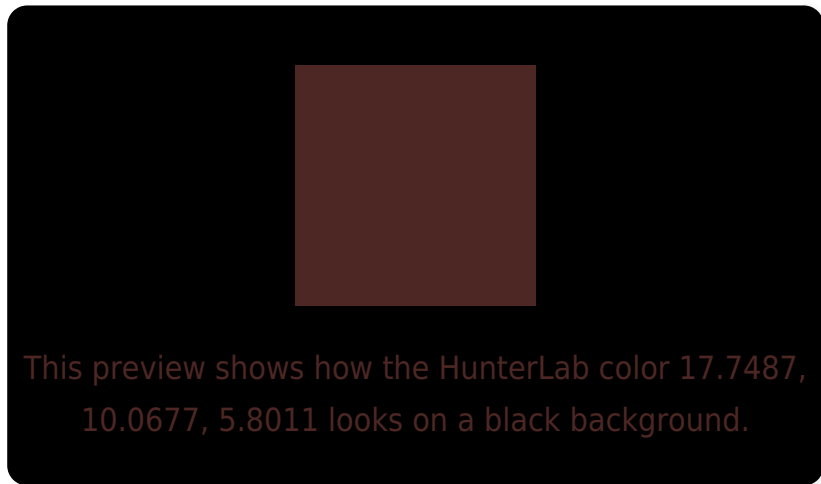
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

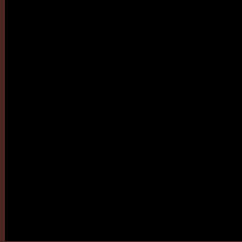
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011.

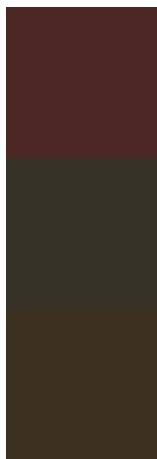


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7487, 10.0677,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011

Protanopia

17.9407, -1.1008, 4.4014

Deuteranopia

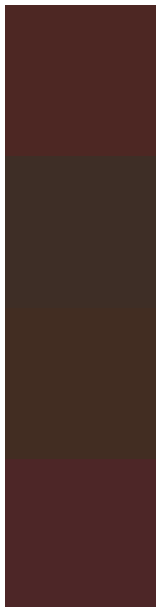
17.8448, 0.7304, 6.2281



Tritanopia

17.6751, 11.0187, 4.0472

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011

Protanomaly

17.6580, 2.5932, 4.7692

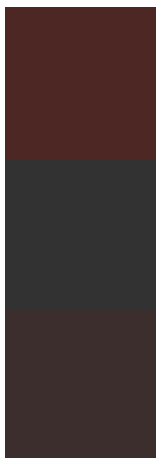
Deuteranomaly

17.7497, 3.8732, 5.9499

Tritanomaly

17.6366, 10.8334, 4.6045

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.6185, 2.7444, 2.5499

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 39, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 39, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 39, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 39, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 39, 35) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 39, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 39, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 39, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 39, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 39, 35)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7487, 10.0677, 5.8011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 39, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 39,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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