

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7250, 3.0926,
1.4596)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.7250, 3.0926, 1.4596)
contains.

HunterLab(17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(17.6863, 3.1010,
1.5784)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C2E30
RGB	60, 46, 48
RGB Percent	24%, 18%, 19%
CMY	0.7647, 0.8196, 0.8118
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.20, 0.76
HSL	351°, 13%, 21%
HSV	351°, 23%, 24%
XYZ	3.3740, 3.1281, 3.2223
YIQ	50.4140, 7.7020, 3.5900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

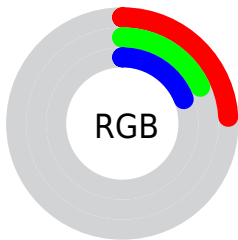
Format	Color
RYB	60, 46, 48
Decimal	3943984
CIELab	20.55, 6.78, 1.15
CIELCh	21, 6.880, 9.657
Yxy	3.1282, 0.3470, 0.3217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282134064 (0xFF3C2E30)
YUV	50.4140, -1.1901, 8.4069
Hunter-Lab	17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784

Details


The HunterLab color **17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20.2931, -4.6703, 0.7268**, and the grayscale version is **18.0005, -0.9605, 0.9780**.


A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1330, 3.1886, 2.6938**, and **3.7208, 6.3721, 2.4043** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2841, 4.9988, 1.8503**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1707, 1.2511, 1.3643**.

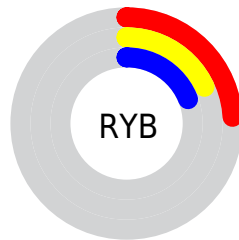
Distribution



 Red (24%)

 Green (18%)

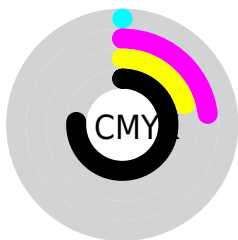
 Blue (19%)




 Red (24%)

 Yellow (18%)

 Blue (19%)

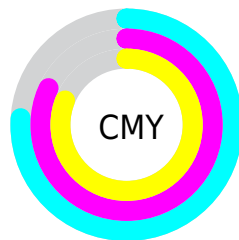


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (23%)

 Yellow (20%)

 Black (76%)



 Cyan (76%)

 Magenta (82%)

 Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6863, 3.1010,
1.5784

■ 17.6863, 3.1010,
1.5784

■ 113.9481, 1.2158,
7.3638

■ 10.9500, 2.9181,
1.1174

■ 34.0380, 3.1384,
2.6240

■ 2.4679, 11.8446,
1.7275

■ 43.4547, 3.0336,
3.2035

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.6083, 2.8619,
3.8181

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.4488, 2.6310,
4.4661

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.9351, 2.3468,
5.1460

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.0327, 2.0138,

100.7122, 1.6358,
6.5960

17.6863, 3.1010,
1.5784

17.6863, 3.1010,
1.5784

16.2841, 4.9988,
1.8503

19.1707, 1.2511,
1.3643

14.9764, 6.9353,
2.1857

20.7253, -0.5466,
1.1998

13.7792, 8.8851,
2.5900

22.3414, -2.2949,
1.0785

12.7109, 10.8026,
3.0631

24.0117, -3.9980,
0.9943

11.7912, 12.6150,
3.5972

25.7301, -5.6610,
0.9420

■ 11.0394, 14.2214,
4.1722

■ 27.4918, -7.2894,
0.9171

■ 10.3637, 15.8501,
4.6742

■ 29.2926, -8.8881,
0.9160

■ 9.8967, 17.1380,
4.9245

■ 31.1290, -10.4616,
0.9354

■ 32.9981, -12.0141,
0.9727

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.6867, 2.8947, -0.3874



17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784



17.6867, 2.1850, 3.1871

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6867, 3.1004, 1.5787



17.6867, -3.3845, 3.6068



17.6867, -2.2908, -2.9152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784



20.2931, -4.6703, 0.7268

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6867, -3.8708, -1.5943



17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784



17.6867, -4.4821, 2.2141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6867, 3.1004, 1.5787



17.6867, -1.5994, 4.2671



17.6867, -4.6560, 0.3238



17.6867, -0.2803, -3.1353

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784



17.6867, 1.0856, 3.8958



17.6867, -4.6560, 0.3238



17.6867, -2.8873, -2.5786

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6867, 3.1004, 1.5787



26.4503, 0.2199, 1.6587



17.8239, 4.1779, -3.1642



14.0143, 0.1178, 0.8790



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6867, 3.1004, 1.5787



22.1572, 5.5753, 2.2832



18.7536, 0.8393, 3.3981



10.8523, 0.2011, 0.6965



15.5837, 26.8819, 8.5632



39.5075, 67.9174, 23.5171

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6867, 3.1004, 1.5787



22.1572, 5.5753, 2.2832



19.1026, -2.4683, -1.5409



10.8523, 0.2011, 0.6965



15.5837, 26.8819, 8.5632



39.5075, 67.9174, 23.5171

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

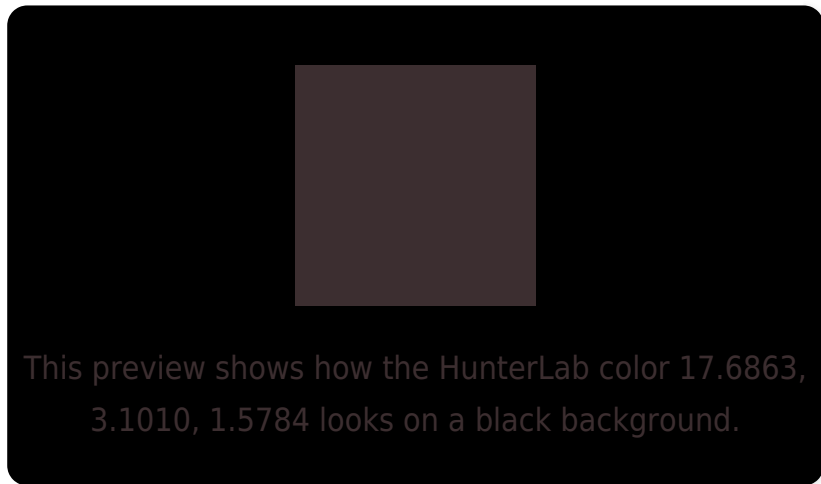
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

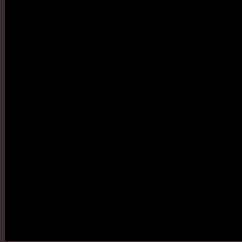
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784.



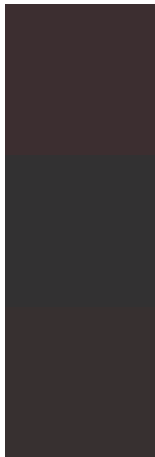
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6863, 3.1010,

1.5784.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784

Protanopia

17.6211, -0.5542, 0.6949

Deuteranopia

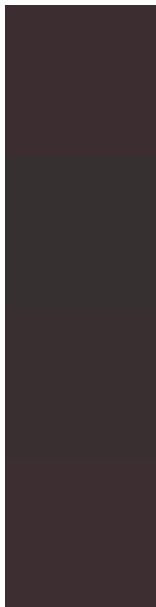
17.7187, 0.8868, 1.5768



Tritanopia

17.7099, 3.2248, 1.2413

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784

Protanomaly

17.6633, 0.7468, 1.1435

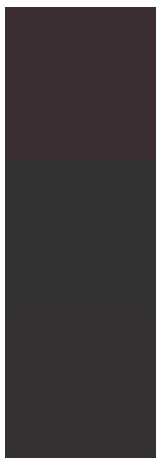
Deuteranomaly

17.6530, 1.8421, 1.5182

Tritanomaly

17.7099, 3.2248, 1.2413

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.8959, 0.3407, 1.4066

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 46, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 46, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 46, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 46, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 46, 48) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 46, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 46, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 46, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 46, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 46, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.6863, 3.1010, 1.5784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 46, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 46,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor