

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7282, 32.1545,
-2.4539)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.7282, 32.1545,
-2.4539) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.7216, 32.1305,
-2.3607)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66003B
RGB	102, 0, 59
RGB Percent	40%, 0%, 23%
CMY	0.6000, 1.0000, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.42, 0.60
HSL	325°, 100%, 20%
HSV	325°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	6.2689, 3.1406, 4.4135
YIQ	37.2240, 41.8530, 39.9730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

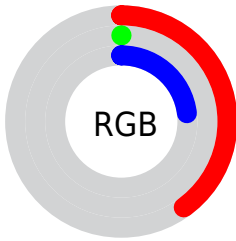
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 0, 59
Decimal	6684731
CIE Lab	20.60, 44.26, -5.60
CIE LCh	21, 44.617, 352.789
Yxy	3.1407, 0.4535, 0.2272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284874811 (0xFF66003B)
YUV	37.2240, 10.7356, 56.8086
Hunter-Lab	17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607

Details

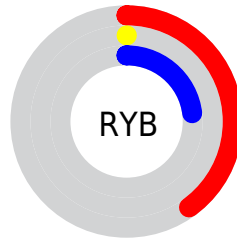
The HunterLab color **17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **31.1083, -24.6726, 14.3794**, and the grayscale version is **13.6320, -0.7274, 0.7406**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1379, 35.5732, -2.0238**, and **8.7780, 15.4937, 2.0983** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.7215, 32.1302, -2.3593**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4625, 30.4948, -3.3333**.

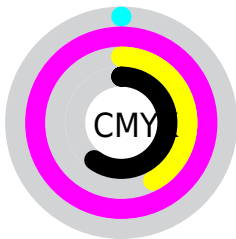
Distribution



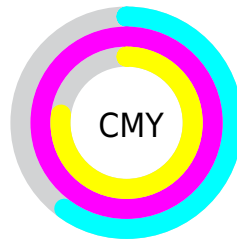
- Red (40%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7216, 32.1305,
-2.3607

■ 17.7216, 32.1305,
-2.3607

■ 114.0140, 44.9041,
0.3937

■ 10.9802, 30.3923,
-2.3294

■ 34.0820, 35.7098,
-2.1548

■ 2.5750, 77.3678,
-8.8758

■ 43.5025, 37.3531,
-1.9452

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.6595, 38.8773,
-1.6759

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.5033, 40.2859,
-1.3529

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.9926, 41.5856,
-0.9810

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 88.0932, 42.7838,


-0.5639


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 100.7755, 43.8878,
-0.1049


 17.7216, 32.1305,
-2.3607


 17.7216, 32.1305,
-2.3607


 17.7215, 32.1302,
-2.3593

 18.4625, 30.4948,
-3.3333

 19.3704, 28.4709,
-4.1101

 20.6180, 25.6099,
-4.4286

 22.1857, 22.1403,
-4.3128

 24.0412, 18.2930,
-3.8232

■ 26.1482, 14.2535,
-3.0320

■ 28.4717, 10.1491,
-2.0066

■ 30.9806, 6.0570,
-0.8024

■ 33.6484, 2.0185,
0.5377

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7221, 24.2909, -20.8818



17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607



17.7221, 29.2391, 8.0252

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7221, 32.1287, -2.3601



17.7221, -9.7850, 12.4055



17.7221, -13.8863, -31.2892

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607



31.1083, -24.6726, 14.3794

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7221, -18.8667, -11.2446



17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607



17.7221, -17.0312, 10.4096

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7221, 32.1287, -2.3601



17.7221, 2.3709, 12.4055



17.7221, -19.8187, 3.7486



17.7221, -4.0366, -43.9494

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607



17.7221, 21.9299, 11.1875



17.7221, -19.8187, 3.7486



17.7221, -16.0514, -24.7063

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7221, 32.1287, -2.3601



37.4275, 13.9134, -2.7857



12.0932, 28.6384, -53.6764



17.7293, 7.5347, -1.5572



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7221, 32.1287, -2.3601



23.4213, 42.3791, -2.4575



16.8630, 28.9862, 10.0394



16.9425, 0.7939, 0.3433



20.0640, 36.3426, -2.4016



45.6272, 82.2953, -2.7433

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7221, 32.1287, -2.3601



23.4213, 42.3791, -2.4575



32.0967, -18.6331, 0.1064



16.9425, 0.7939, 0.3433



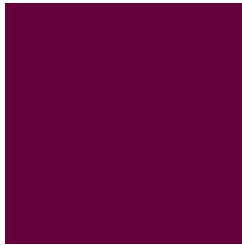
20.0640, 36.3426, -2.4016



45.6272, 82.2953, -2.7433

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

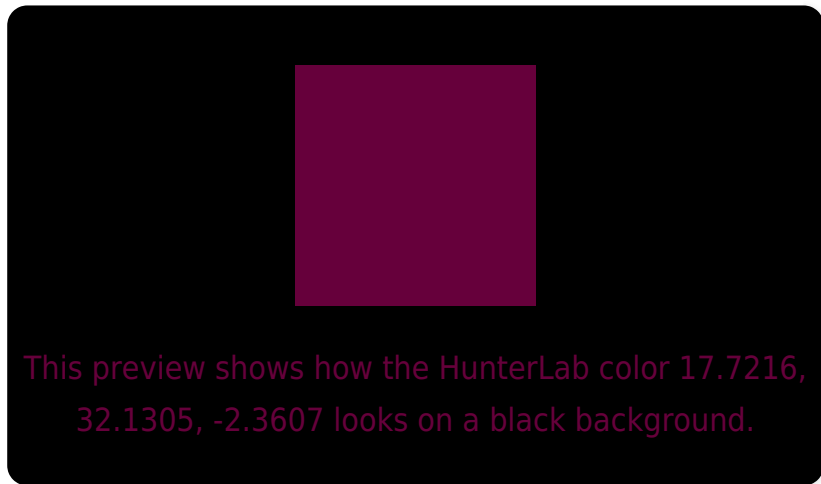
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607.

-2.3607.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607

Protanopia

19.2206, 2.2823, -14.6274

Deuteranopia

19.0561, 0.9587, 0.5134



Tritanopia

18.4067, 23.3242, 8.9669

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607

Protanomaly

16.6007, 13.8608, -13.9483

Deuteranomaly

16.8199, 13.8821, -2.5810

Tritanomaly

18.0053, 26.6999, 5.7988

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607

Achromatopsia

13.6016, -0.7257, 0.7390

Achromatomaly

13.5456, 12.2013, -2.3063

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 0, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 0, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 0, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 0, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 0, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 0, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 0, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 0, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 0, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 0, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7216, 32.1305, -2.3607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 0, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 0,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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