

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7347, 0.6480,
-0.5336)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.7347, 0.6480, -0.5336)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.6361, 0.9074,
-0.8498)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	343036
RGB	52, 48, 54
RGB Percent	20%, 19%, 21%
CMY	0.7961, 0.8118, 0.7882
CMYK	0.04, 0.11, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	280°, 6%, 20%
HSV	280°, 11%, 21%
XYZ	3.1390, 3.1103, 3.9249
YIQ	49.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

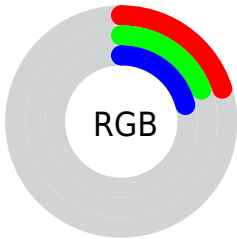
Format	Color
R_{YB}	52, 48, 54
Decimal	3420214
CIE Lab	20.48, 3.17, -3.17
CIE LCh	20, 4.486, 315.042
Yxy	3.1105, 0.3085, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281610294 (0xFF343036)
YUV	49.8800, 2.0312, 1.8592
Hunter-Lab	17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498

Details

The HunterLab color **17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.7881, -2.7793, 2.7036**, and the grayscale version is **17.8130, -0.9505, 0.9678**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.9730, 0.3852, -0.5461**, and **2.4624, 5.1068, -5.3077** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2741, 2.6770, -2.6402**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0475, -0.8336, 0.8587**.

Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (19%)

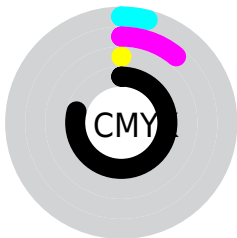
Blue (21%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (21%)

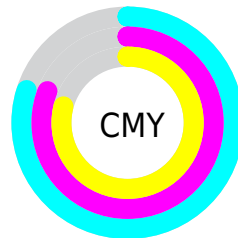


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6361, 0.9074,
-0.8498

■ 17.6361, 0.9074,
-0.8498

■ 113.8546, -2.6872,
2.9456

■ 10.9072, 1.0047,
-0.9770

■ 33.9755, 0.4697,
-0.3628

■ 2.3074, 5.8715,
-5.5686

■ 43.3869, 0.1561,
-0.0268

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.5356, -0.2102,
0.3614

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.3715, -0.6242,
0.7970

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.8534, -1.0819,
1.2760

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.9469, -1.5799,

1.7954

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.6225, -2.1158,
2.3526

■ 17.6361, 0.9074,
-0.8498

■ 17.6361, 0.9074,
-0.8498

■ 16.2741, 2.6770,
-2.6402

■ 19.0475, -0.8336,
0.8587

■ 14.9673, 4.4760,
-4.5241

■ 20.5018, -2.5465,
2.4954

■ 13.7243, 6.2991,
-6.5102

■ 21.9946, -4.2347,
4.0708

■ 12.5554, 8.1337,
-8.6020

■ 23.5223, -5.9015,
5.5940

■ 11.4730, 9.9540,
-10.7921

■ 25.0817, -7.5502,
7.0729

■ 10.4916, 11.7146,
-13.0530

■ 26.6701, -9.1837,
8.5145

■ 9.6278, 13.3429,
-15.3263

■ 28.2854, -10.8048,
9.9245

■ 8.8037, 15.0592,
-17.8162

■ 29.9255, -12.4160,
11.3079

■ 8.0086, 17.0406,
-20.6050

■ 31.5889, -14.0194,
12.6689

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.6365, -0.2724, -1.5584



17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498



17.6365, 1.6009, 0.3196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6365, 0.9070, -0.8495



17.6365, -0.2761, 3.1551



17.6365, -3.3476, 0.3160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498



18.7881, -2.7793, 2.7036

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6365, -3.3485, 1.5773



17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498



17.6365, -1.6017, 3.1543

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6365, 0.9070, -0.8495



17.6365, 0.9042, 2.5983



17.6365, -2.7178, 2.5960



17.6365, -2.7152, -0.8523

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498



17.6365, 1.6821, 1.1728



17.6365, -2.7178, 2.5960



17.6365, -3.4211, 0.7445

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6365, 0.9070, -0.8495



24.6493, -0.6297, 0.6765



17.8455, -0.9241, -0.6153



12.8315, -0.2743, 0.3002



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6365, 0.9070, -0.8495



22.7115, 1.7882, -1.7124



17.7659, 1.2950, -0.3111



10.1215, 0.2429, -0.2128



13.2948, 28.5534, -36.2584



33.5539, 72.7513, -96.8379

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6879, 0.8764, 0.7989



22.7969, 1.7401, 0.9871



18.6754, -3.1431, 2.2623



10.1428, 0.2295, 0.4793



15.3684, 26.9491, 5.0454



39.4831, 68.8381, 16.0401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

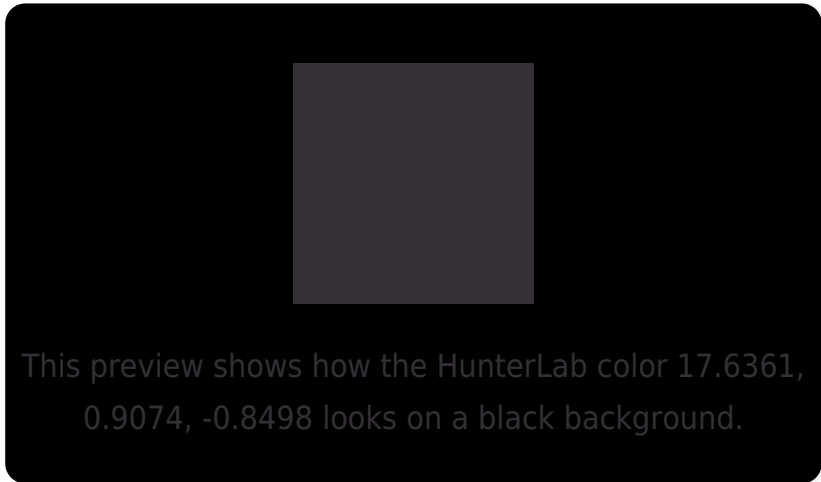
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

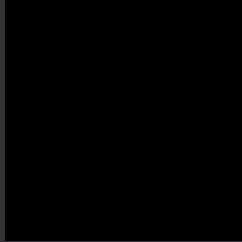
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498.



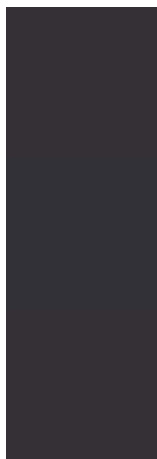
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498.

-0.8498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498

Protanopia

17.6789, -0.0972, -1.2298

Deuteranopia

17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498



Tritanopia

17.5838, 0.6262, -0.1085

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498

Protanomaly

17.7498, 0.1458, -1.1334

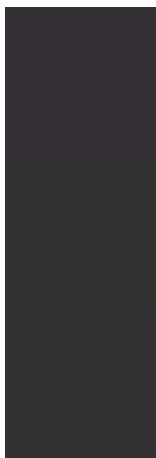
Deuteranomaly

17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498

Tritanomaly

17.6097, 0.7655, -0.4758

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.7185, -0.1692, 0.4348

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 48, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 48, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 48, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 48, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 48, 54) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 48, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 48, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 48, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 48, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 48, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.6361, 0.9074, -0.8498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 48, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 48,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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