

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7432, 45.7568,
-120.9507)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.7432, 45.7568,
-120.9507) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.6796, 45.7641,
-120.8894)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0005AD
RGB	0, 5, 173
RGB Percent	0%, 2%, 68%
CMY	0.9999, 0.9804, 0.3216
CMYK	1.00, 0.97, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	238°, 100%, 34%
HSV	238°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	7.5971, 3.1257, 39.7381
YIQ	22.6570, -56.9080, 51.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

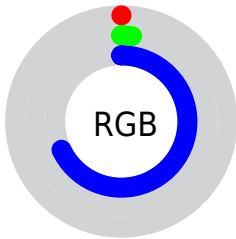
Format	Color
RYB	0, 5, 173
Decimal	1453
CIELab	20.54, 57.88, -79.93
CIELCh	21, 98.684, 305.912
Yxy	3.1257, 0.1506, 0.0619
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278191533 (0xFF0005AD)
YUV	22.6570, 74.1191, -19.8702
Hunter-Lab	17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894

Details

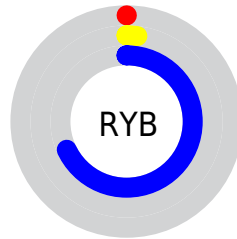
The HunterLab color **17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **60.7500, -14.5078, 37.1790**, and the grayscale version is **8.9523, -0.4777, 0.4864**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.0471, 49.8935, -108.5140**, and **11.5408, 31.3045, -82.0025** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.6770, 45.7753, -120.9106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2493, 41.0823, -109.1926**.

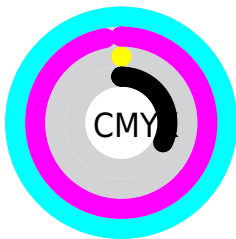
Distribution



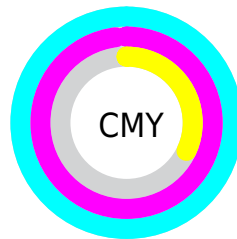
- Red (0%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6796, 45.7641,
-120.8894

■ 17.6796, 45.7641,
-120.8894

■ 113.9348, 62.2167,
-107.8646

■ 10.9439, 44.2645,
-138.7361

■ 34.0291, 49.8622,
-108.5926

■ 2.4457, 115.3427,
-419.0722

■ 43.4450, 51.9174,
-106.5754

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 53.5980, 53.8874,
-105.7158

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 64.4378, 55.7564,
-105.5460

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 75.9235, 57.5210,
-105.8050

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.0205, 59.1831,


-106.3371

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 100.6995, 60.7467,
-107.0449


 17.6796, 45.7641,
-120.8894


 17.6796, 45.7641,
-120.8894


 17.6770, 45.7753,
-120.9106

 19.2493, 41.0823,
-109.1926

 21.8926, 34.5471,
-92.9758

 25.5268, 27.6388,
-75.6139

 29.9205, 21.2835,
-59.5333

 34.8819, 15.7315,
-45.4301

■ 40.2743, 10.9262,
-33.1942

■ 46.0036, 6.7286,
-22.4887

■ 52.0053, 3.0023,
-12.9754

■ 58.2339, -0.3638,
-4.3753

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.6796, 5.2458, -178.6753



17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894



17.6796, 85.5819, -37.9043

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6796, 45.7675, -120.8902



17.6796, 28.4531, 12.3757



17.6796, -30.9392, -5.5012

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894



60.7500, -14.5078, 37.1790

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6796, -30.9392, 12.3757



17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894



17.6796, -6.3848, 12.3757

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6796, 45.7675, -120.8902



17.6796, 71.8121, 12.3757



17.6796, -23.3840, 12.3757



17.6796, -28.8172, -68.2502

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894



17.6796, 97.7614, -3.3039



17.6796, -23.3840, 12.3757



17.6796, -30.9392, 4.3747

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6796, 45.7675, -120.8902



61.1385, 9.2920, -30.8291



57.1719, -31.5478, -3.3551



27.0282, 5.3644, -17.0064



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6796, 45.7675, -120.8902



23.5439, 61.7460, -162.7197



21.8087, 51.1739, -93.1482



27.9153, -0.2763, -1.8184



15.1991, 39.0292, -103.2504



2.7557, 5.6252, -15.5876

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.8260, 51.1086, 18.9886



39.9066, 68.3766, 25.5129



56.7250, -38.2666, 34.2828



28.3177, 0.9613, 2.2651



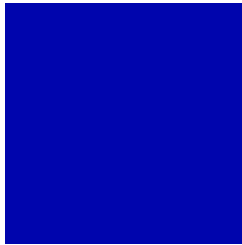
25.5661, 43.8197, 16.2337



4.2780, 7.3598, 2.5032

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

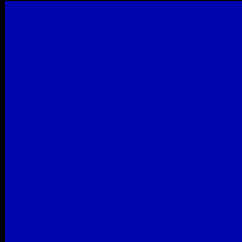
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

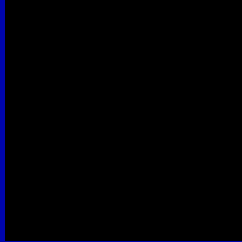
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894

Protanopia

18.4615, 4.2921, -32.3407

Deuteranopia

18.3753, -1.4152, -19.9126



Tritanopia

18.3386, -9.1664, -3.1340

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894

Protanomaly

16.6005, 20.4255, -64.8419

Deuteranomaly

16.1797, 16.0471, -54.8644

Tritanomaly

15.5253, 8.7461, -38.2856

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894

Achromatopsia

9.2564, -0.4939, 0.5029

Achromatomaly

10.1104, 13.3346, -35.8046

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 5, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 5, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 5, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 5, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 5, 173) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 5, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 5, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 5, 173); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 5, 173); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 5, 173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.6796, 45.7641, -120.8894 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 5, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 5,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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