

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7725, -4.0962,  
3.0301)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(17.7725, -4.0962, 3.0301)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(17.7522, -4.1302,  
2.9081)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B342C
RGB	43, 52, 44
RGB Percent	17%, 20%, 17%
CMY	0.8314, 0.7961, 0.8274
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.15, 0.80
HSL	127°, 9%, 19%
HSV	127°, 17%, 20%
XYZ	2.6789, 3.1514, 2.8499
YIQ	48.3970, -2.7960, -4.3960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

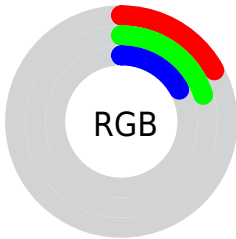
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	43, 51, 52
Decimal	2831404
CIELab	20.64, -5.77, 3.79
CIELCh	21, 6.905, 146.696
Yxy	3.1515, 0.3086, 0.3631
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281021484 (0xFF2B342C)
YUV	48.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332
Hunter-Lab	17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081

# Details

The HunterLab color **17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.4222, 2.5399, -1.1442**, and the grayscale version is **17.3322, -0.9248, 0.9417**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.9578, -5.8341, 4.3208**, and **2.9467, -2.5268, 1.7715** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3591, -5.7765, 3.9268**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1877, -2.3573, 1.8291**.

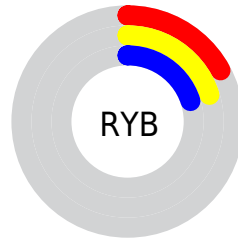
# Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (20%)

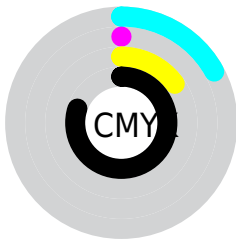
Blue (17%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (20%)

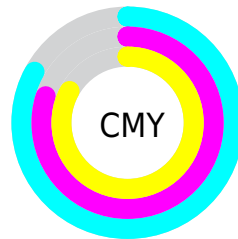


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (83%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.7522, -4.1302,  
2.9081

■ 17.7522, -4.1302,  
2.9081

■ 114.0706,  
-12.1659, 9.9790

■ 11.0061, -3.2639,  
2.2173

■ 34.1199, -5.8310,  
4.3244

■ 2.6636, -4.6613,  
1.8645

■ 43.5436, -6.6894,  
5.0621

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.7036, -7.5604,  
5.8226

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.5501, -8.4465,  
6.6067

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.0421, -9.3494,  
7.4145

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.1452, -10.2700,

100.8298,  
-11.2087, 9.1009

17.7522, -4.1302,  
2.9081

17.7522, -4.1302,  
2.9081

17.3591, -5.7765,  
3.9268

18.1877, -2.3573,  
1.8291

17.0081, -7.2811,  
4.8759

18.6633, -0.4710,  
0.6978

16.7003, -8.6319,  
5.7471

19.1778, 1.5141,  
-0.4772

16.4358, -9.8180,  
6.5329

19.7297, 3.5843,  
-1.6881

16.2142, -10.8318,  
7.2269

20.3173, 5.7268,  
-2.9279

■ 16.0344, -11.6690,  
7.8246

■ 20.9388, 7.9302,  
-4.1904

■ 15.8882, -12.3583,  
8.3181

■ 21.5926, 10.1841,  
-5.4701

■ 15.7496, -13.0092,  
8.7180

■ 22.2768, 12.4794,  
-6.7624

■ 15.7123, -13.1856,  
8.8249

■ 22.9897, 14.8084,  
-8.0635

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7526, -2.6883, 4.0064



17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081



17.7526, -4.7223, 1.1816

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7526, -4.1306, 2.9083



17.7526, -1.1753, -3.2095



17.7526, 2.7207, 2.5730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081



16.4222, 2.5399, -1.1442

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7526, 3.1702, 0.7484



17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081



17.7526, 0.8616, -2.7294

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7526, -4.1306, 2.9083



17.7526, -3.0656, -2.4700



17.7526, 2.4755, -1.2234



17.7526, 1.2734, 3.8288



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081



17.7526, -4.5757, -0.1475



17.7526, 2.4755, -1.2234



17.7526, 2.9963, 2.0124

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7526, -4.1306, 2.9083



24.0135, -2.6035, 2.1054



18.2673, -2.3167, 3.7976



13.0023, -1.4362, 1.1561



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7526, -4.1306, 2.9083



23.0618, -6.4946, 4.4787



17.8505, -3.5780, 1.5042



9.8041, -1.3606, 1.0408



26.8480, -22.7332, 15.5168



70.4012, -60.0328, 41.5983



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4222, 2.5399, -1.1442



20.8395, 4.6583, -2.2944



16.3092, 1.9422, 0.4598



9.4605, 0.3602, -0.0051



16.4487, 31.6304, -16.2035

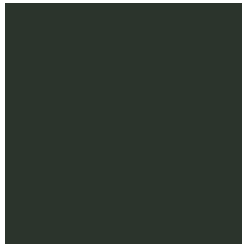


43.0683, 82.6608, -41.2006



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

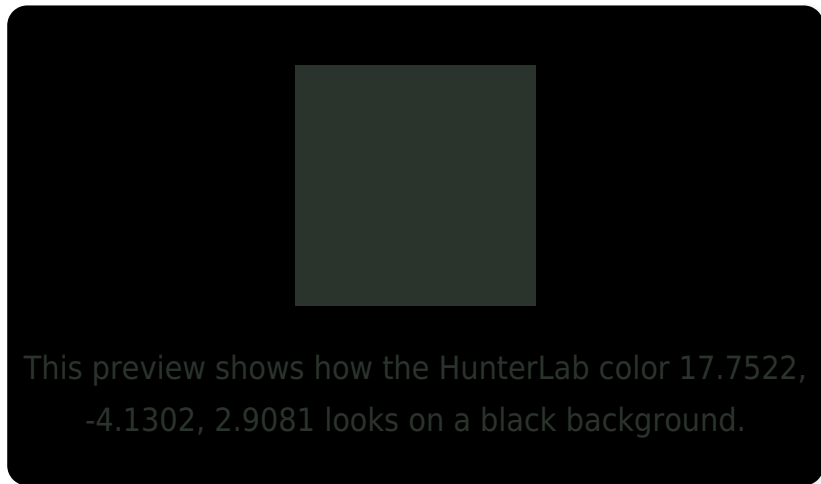
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

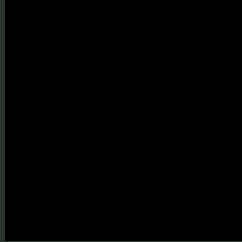
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081.



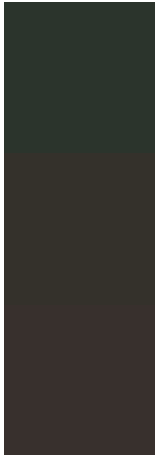
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081

### Protanopia

17.6100, -0.9099, 3.1403

### Deuteranopia

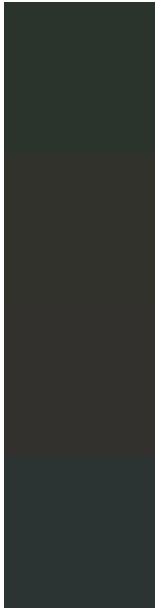
17.7317, 0.7955, 2.6389



**Tritanopia**

17.8924, -1.8257, -0.9839

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081

## Protanomaly

17.6312, -2.0690, 3.1424

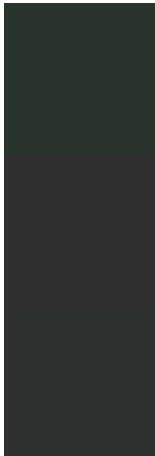
## Deuteranomaly

17.5781, -0.9353, 2.4414

## Tritanomaly

17.7261, -2.6228, 0.4011

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081

## Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

## Achromatomaly

17.2705, -1.9235, 1.3758

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 52, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 52, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 52, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 52, 44) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 52, 44) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 52, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 52, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 52, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 52, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 52, 44)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7522, -4.1302, 2.9081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 52, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 52,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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