

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.7734, 1.0891,  
-0.0316)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(17.7734, 1.0891, -0.0316)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(17.7373, 1.1441,  
0.0899)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	363034
RGB	54, 48, 52
RGB Percent	21%, 19%, 20%
CMY	0.7882, 0.8118, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.04, 0.79
HSL	320°, 6%, 20%
HSV	320°, 11%, 21%
XYZ	3.1981, 3.1461, 3.6875
YIQ	50.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

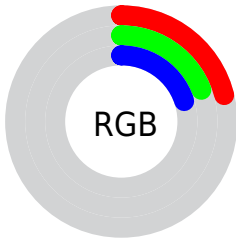
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">54, 48, 52</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3551284</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">20.62, 3.57, -1.57</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">21, 3.904, 336.295</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">3.1463, 0.3188, 0.3136</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281741364</a> (0xFF363034)
YUV	<a href="#">50.2500, 0.8628, 3.2887</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.7005, -3.0027, 1.9027**, and the grayscale version is **17.9402, -0.9572, 0.9747**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1379, 0.7775, 0.9802**, and **2.7871, 5.2447, -1.8561** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4779, 3.1293, -0.7311**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0571, -0.8103, 0.9468**.

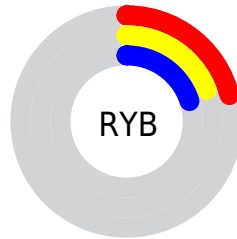
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (19%)

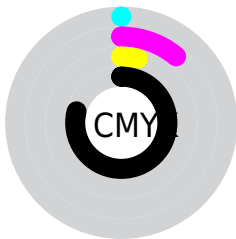
Blue (20%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (20%)

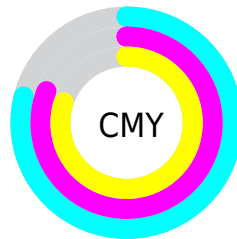


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



17.7373, 1.1441,  
0.0899

17.7373, 1.1441,  
0.0899

114.0429, -2.2647,  
4.6084

10.9934, 1.2107,  
-0.1548

34.1014, 0.7581,  
0.7773

2.6206, 5.8034,  
-2.3398

43.5235, 0.4673,  
1.2016

0.0000, NaN, NaN

53.6821, 0.1220,  
1.6722

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

64.5272, -0.2721,  
2.1853

0.0000, NaN, NaN

76.0179, -0.7109,  
2.7377

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

88.1197, -1.1910,

3.3271

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.8033, -1.7097,  
3.9513

■ 17.7373, 1.1441,  
0.0899

■ 17.7373, 1.1441,  
0.0899

■ 16.4779, 3.1293,  
-0.7311

■ 19.0571, -0.8103,  
0.9468

■ 15.2863, 5.1391,  
-1.5051

■ 20.4291, -2.7300,  
1.8301

■ 14.1727, 7.1575,  
-2.2157

■ 21.8479, -4.6160,  
2.7340

■ 13.1488, 9.1566,  
-2.8410

■ 23.3084, -6.4708,  
3.6543

■ 12.2273, 11.0920,  
-3.3533

■ 24.8065, -8.2971,  
4.5877

■ 11.4221, 12.8995,  
-3.7200

■ 26.3388, -10.0984,  
5.5323

■ 10.7465, 14.4954,  
-3.9062

■ 27.9022, -11.8778,  
6.4863

■ 10.1285, 16.0569,  
-4.0141

■ 29.4943, -13.6386,  
7.4487

■ 9.5480, 17.6851,  
-4.1701

■ 31.1129, -15.3835,  
8.4187

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7377, 0.3937, -0.8331



17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899



17.7377, 1.3269, 1.1968

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7377, 1.1436, 0.0902



17.7377, -1.1915, 2.9496



17.7377, -2.7113, -0.3383

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899



18.7005, -3.0027, 1.9027

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7377, -3.1126, 0.7310



17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899



17.7377, -2.2498, 2.5935

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7377, 1.1436, 0.0902



17.7377, -0.0408, 2.8023



17.7377, -2.9458, 1.7984



17.7377, -1.8361, -1.0914



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899



17.7377, 1.0991, 1.8809



17.7377, -2.9458, 1.7984



17.7377, -2.9051, -0.0014

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7377, 1.1436, 0.0902



24.6855, -0.5422, 1.0104



17.4886, 0.4061, -1.0486



12.8532, -0.2219, 0.5006



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7377, 1.1436, 0.0902



22.8779, 2.1723, -0.1648



17.6637, 0.7465, 1.1435



10.1638, 0.3431, 0.1794



16.1371, 29.7361, -5.8583



41.4582, 76.0184, -12.1239



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7377, 1.1436, 0.0902



22.8779, 2.1723, -0.1648



18.7719, -2.6049, 0.8832



10.1638, 0.3431, 0.1794



16.1371, 29.7361, -5.8583

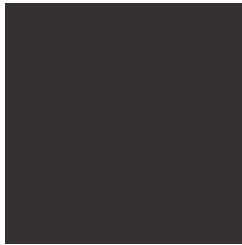


41.4582, 76.0184, -12.1239



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

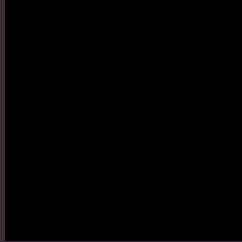
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899.



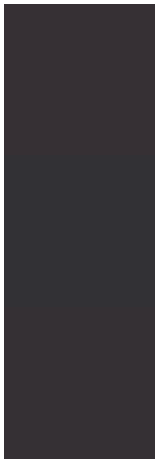
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7373, 1.1441,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899

### Protanopia

17.6968, -0.1418, -0.3822

### Deuteranopia

17.6599, 0.8835, -0.0099



## **Tritanopia**

17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899

## Protanomaly

17.7693, 0.1064, -0.2872

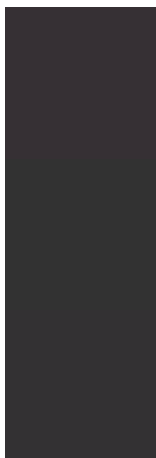
## Deuteranomaly

17.6599, 0.8835, -0.0099

## Tritanomaly

17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899

## Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

## Achromatomaly

17.7185, -0.1692, 0.4348

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(54, 48, 52) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 48, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 48, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 48, 52) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 48, 52) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 48, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 48, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 48, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 48, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 48, 52)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 48, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 48,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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