

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.8496, 33.6172,
-16.9599)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.8496, 33.6172,
-16.9599) contains.

HunterLab(17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(17.8496, 33.6172,
-16.9599)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	600255
RGB	96, 2, 85
RGB Percent	38%, 1%, 33%
CMY	0.6235, 0.9921, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.11, 0.62
HSL	307°, 96%, 19%
HSV	307°, 98%, 38%
XYZ	6.4853, 3.1861, 8.8675
YIQ	39.5680, 29.3810, 45.7410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

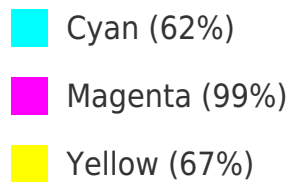
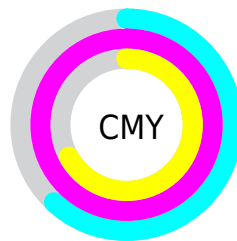
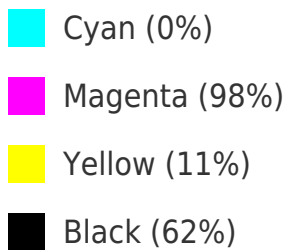
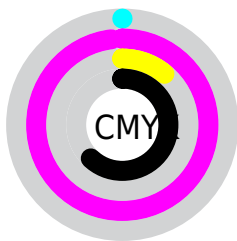
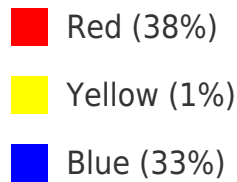
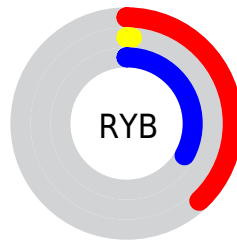
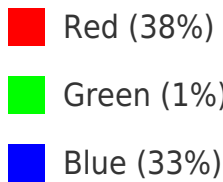
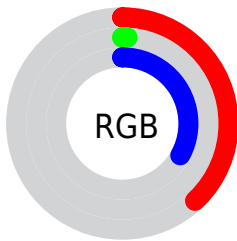
Format	Color
RYB	96, 2, 85
Decimal	6292053
CIELab	20.77, 45.80, -23.29
CIELCh	21, 51.383, 333.051
Yxy	3.1862, 0.3498, 0.1719
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284482133 (0xFF600255)
YUV	39.5680, 22.3980, 49.4909
Hunter-Lab	17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599

Details

The HunterLab color **17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **28.9962, -24.3916, 16.6613**, and the grayscale version is **14.3514, -0.7658, 0.7797**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3341, 37.2824, -17.7732**, and **8.8407, 16.8728, -7.7202** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.7171, 34.0219, -17.0846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4775, 31.7644, -16.3923**.







Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599	 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599
 114.2517, 46.8410, -19.9556	 11.0893, 31.8751, -16.6140
 34.2410, 37.2769, -17.9626	 2.9288, 71.2270, -37.1596
 43.6749, 38.9713, -18.4254	0.0000, INF, -NF
 53.8445, 40.5488, -18.8309	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 53.8445, 40.5488, -18.8309	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 64.6999, 42.0114, -19.1748	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 64.6999, 42.0114, -19.1748	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 76.2003, 43.3649, -19.4571	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 76.2003, 43.3649, -19.4571	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 88.3113, 44.6164,	


-19.6796

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 101.0036, 45.7730,
-19.8449


 17.8496, 33.6172,
-16.9599


 17.8496, 33.6172,
-16.9599


 17.7171, 34.0219,
-17.0846

 18.4775, 31.7644,
-16.3923

 19.2949, 29.3851,
-15.4663

 20.4143, 26.2314,
-14.0103

 21.8209, 22.5144,
-12.1365

 23.4889, 18.4475,
-9.9685

■ 25.3882, 14.2054,
-7.6146

■ 27.4889, 9.9110,
-5.1566

■ 29.7638, 5.6414,
-2.6502

■ 32.1892, 1.4388,
-0.1306

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8500, 18.1156, -42.0732



17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599



17.8500, 39.0026, 2.3993

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8500, 33.6160, -16.9591



17.8500, -2.4940, 12.4950



17.8500, -19.5389, -22.0558

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599



28.9962, -24.3916, 16.6613

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8500, -21.8699, -0.5847



17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599



17.8500, -14.3431, 12.4950

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8500, 33.6160, -16.9591



17.8500, 14.4505, 12.4950



17.8500, -20.3508, 9.5849



17.8500, -12.4357, -46.3869

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599



17.8500, 35.0328, 8.8286



17.8500, -20.3508, 9.5849



17.8500, -20.7733, -13.8469

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8500, 33.6160, -16.9591



35.8147, 14.2383, -7.4735



9.8663, 24.3215, -59.9966



17.4251, 7.9443, -4.2123



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8500, 33.6160, -16.9591



23.4289, 44.9582, -22.3444



16.3418, 28.1587, 3.8983



16.1984, 0.9361, -0.1911



20.8807, 40.0794, -19.9990



48.1752, 92.3314, -45.0699

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8500, 33.6160, -16.9591



23.4289, 44.9582, -22.3444



29.5037, -21.2429, 9.2258



16.1984, 0.9361, -0.1911



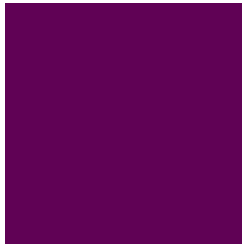
20.8807, 40.0794, -19.9990



48.1752, 92.3314, -45.0699

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

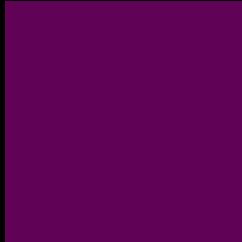
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

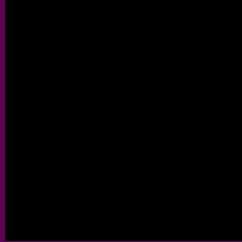
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599

Protanopia

18.9256, 5.0075, -34.4651

Deuteranopia





19.0201, 1.2127, -11.9167






Tritanopia

18.5289, 17.2993, 6.6322

Trichromacy

	Original Color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599
	Protanomaly 15.6236, 13.9502, -36.8511
	Deuteranomaly 16.6655, 14.5527, -17.8755
	Tritanomaly 17.7708, 23.5808, 0.1257

Monochromacy

	Original Color 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599
	Achromatopsia 14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914
	Achromatomaly 14.0889, 12.6776, -6.8413

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 2, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 2, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 2, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 2, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 2, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 2, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 2, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 2, 85); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 2, 85); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 2, 85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.8496, 33.6172, -16.9599 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 2, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 2,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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