

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.8550, 6.7978,
9.9301)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.8550, 6.7978, 9.9301)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.8279, 6.8081,
9.9479)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B2A0C
RGB	75, 42, 12
RGB Percent	29%, 16%, 5%
CMY	0.7059, 0.8353, 0.9529
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.84, 0.71
HSL	29°, 72%, 17%
HSV	29°, 84%, 29%
XYZ	3.7960, 3.1783, 0.7612
YIQ	48.4470, 29.2980, -2.3340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

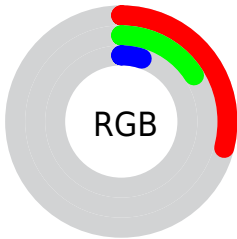
Format	Color
RYB	75, 69, 12
Decimal	4925964
CIELab	20.75, 12.53, 24.88
CIElCh	21, 27.854, 63.274
Yxy	3.1785, 0.4907, 0.4109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283116044 (0xFF4B2A0C)
YUV	48.4470, -17.9684, 23.2870
Hunter-Lab	17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479

Details

The HunterLab color **17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **15.6933, -0.6207, -15.4896**, and the grayscale version is **17.3924, -0.9280, 0.9450**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3176, 7.3332, 14.8108**, and **4.8271, 8.2666, 3.1192** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0197, 8.2004, 10.1808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6901, 5.4735, 9.5862**.

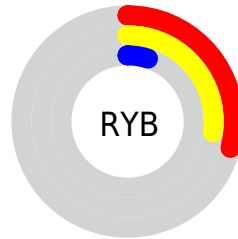
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (16%)

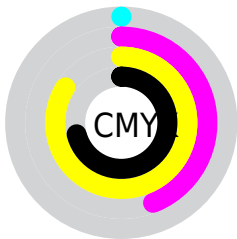
Blue (5%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (5%)

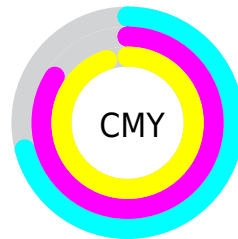


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8279, 6.8081,
9.9479

■ 17.8279, 6.8081,
9.9479

■ 114.2114, 7.5366,
28.6407

■ 11.0708, 6.2208,
7.7495

■ 34.2141, 7.5556,
14.7905

■ 2.8720, 18.8521,
2.0104

■ 43.6457, 7.7685,
16.9838

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.8132, 7.8952,
19.0710

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.6666, 7.9464,
21.0795

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.1651, 7.9302,
23.0284

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.2744, 7.8532,

24.9317

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.9650, 7.7206,
26.7999

■ 17.8279, 6.8081,
9.9479

■ 17.8279, 6.8081,
9.9479

■ 17.0197, 8.2004,
10.1808

■ 18.6901, 5.4735,
9.5862

■ 16.5545, 9.0270,
10.3589

■ 19.6065, 4.2359,
9.0199

■ 20.5739, 3.0982,
8.2606

■ 21.5883, 2.0602,
7.3225

■ 22.6462, 1.1194,
6.2207

■ 23.7443, 0.2717,
4.9699

■ 24.8794, -0.4883,
3.5840

■ 26.0488, -1.1660,
2.0758

■ 27.2499, -1.7674,
0.4570

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8284, 14.4475, 7.4517



17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479



17.8284, -1.8546, 10.6294

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8284, 6.8070, 9.9481



17.8284, -14.2508, 0.0814



17.8284, 8.6752, -16.9581

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479



15.6933, -0.6207, -15.4896

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8284, -0.0315, -21.8112



17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479



17.8284, -12.4286, -9.5290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8284, 6.8070, 9.9481



17.8284, -13.0840, 6.5366



17.8284, -7.5763, -18.6098



17.8284, 15.6572, -7.2954

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479



17.8284, -6.8298, 10.1129



17.8284, -7.5763, -18.6098



17.8284, 5.8017, -19.3652

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8284, 6.8070, 9.9481



30.6369, 0.5570, 6.7986



13.9747, 20.4851, -1.8221



15.2611, 0.3713, 3.5557



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8284, 6.8070, 9.9481



21.2163, 12.5255, 13.2927



25.0486, -5.7532, 14.5108



13.4593, -0.4531, 1.4765



22.3294, 13.3647, 13.9932



52.6692, 36.5221, 33.0939

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6933, -0.6207, -15.4896



17.9092, 1.8100, -26.2921



9.5024, 13.0510, -35.4496



13.3295, -0.9415, -0.0538



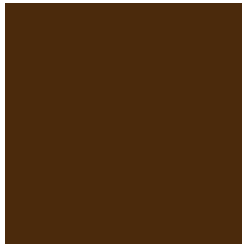
18.8267, 2.0470, -27.9505



43.7810, 8.8155, -73.7526

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

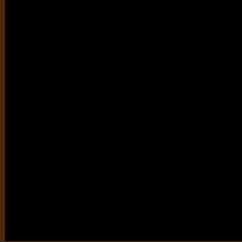
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8279, 6.8081,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479

Protanopia

18.0810, -2.5143, 9.7350

Deuteranopia

17.9544, 0.5985, 10.2205



Tritanopia

17.7615, 10.3622, 3.8138

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479

Protanomaly

17.9804, 0.7385, 9.8368

Deuteranomaly

17.9021, 2.7287, 10.1279

Tritanomaly

17.7567, 9.0012, 6.7707

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

17.2478, 1.1254, 5.1817

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 42, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 42, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 42, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 42, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 42, 12) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 42, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 42, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 42, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 42, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 42, 12)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.8279, 6.8081, 9.9479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 42, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 42,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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