

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.8977, 0.6143,
0.0175)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.8977, 0.6143, 0.0175)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.9180, 0.6128,
-0.0934)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	353135
RGB	53, 49, 53
RGB Percent	21%, 19%, 21%
CMY	0.7922, 0.8078, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	300°, 4%, 20%
HSV	300°, 8%, 21%
XYZ	3.2091, 3.2105, 3.8187
YIQ	50.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	53, 49, 53
Decimal	3486005
CIE Lab	20.87, 2.69, -1.90
CIE LCh	21, 3.292, 324.758
Yxy	3.2107, 0.3134, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281676085 (0xFF353135)
YUV	50.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592
Hunter-Lab	17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934

Details

The HunterLab color **17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.4960, -2.5064, 2.0382**, and the grayscale version is **18.0742, -0.9644, 0.9820**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3433, 0.1899, 0.7865**, and **3.0144, 3.8929, -2.5930** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.7127, 2.7989, -1.6018**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1844, -1.5276, 1.3851**.

Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (19%)

Blue (21%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (21%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.9180, 0.6128,
-0.0934

■ 17.9180, 0.6128,
-0.0934

■ 114.3785, -3.2324,
4.2853

■ 11.1476, 0.7528,
-0.3154

■ 34.3259, 0.1042,
0.5553

■ 3.1010, 3.6128,
-2.3706

■ 43.7670, -0.2400,
0.9625

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9432, -0.6348,
1.4172

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.8049, -1.0756,
1.9153

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.3111, -1.5584,
2.4535

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.4277, -2.0804,

101.1254, -2.6391,
3.6405

■ 17.9180, 0.6128,
-0.0934

■ 17.9180, 0.6128,
-0.0934

■ 16.7127, 2.7989,
-1.6018

■ 19.1844, -1.5276,
1.3851

■ 15.5755, 5.0246,
-3.1360

■ 20.5038, -3.6193,
2.8313

■ 14.5165, 7.2736,
-4.6846

■ 21.8706, -5.6639,
4.2464

■ 13.5464, 9.5178,
-6.2282

■ 23.2799, -7.6647,
5.6325

■ 12.6771, 11.7122,
-7.7363

■ 24.7274, -9.6258,
6.9923

■ 11.9209, 13.7931,
-9.1650

■ 26.2095, -11.5514,
8.3285

■ 11.2892, 15.6784,
-10.4586

■ 27.7233, -13.4458,
9.6442

■ 10.7574, 17.3882,
-11.6310

■ 29.2660, -15.3131,
10.9419

■ 10.2086, 19.2893,
-12.9338

■ 30.8356, -17.1570,
12.2241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9184, -0.1589, -0.7348



17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934



17.9184, 0.9636, 0.8104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9184, 0.6124, -0.0931



17.9184, -0.7841, 2.6745



17.9184, -2.6407, 0.2062

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934



18.4960, -2.5064, 2.0382

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.9184, -2.8000, 1.1388



17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934



17.9184, -1.7415, 2.5319

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9184, 0.6124, -0.0931



17.9184, 0.1463, 2.3821



17.9184, -2.4742, 1.9818



17.9184, -2.0343, -0.5556

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934



17.9184, 0.9069, 1.4272



17.9184, -2.4742, 1.9818



17.9184, -2.7478, 0.5114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9184, 0.6124, -0.0931



23.9965, -0.7207, 0.9231



17.6419, -0.4136, -0.4560



13.0249, -0.4330, 0.5295



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9184, 0.6124, -0.0931



22.8129, 1.3244, -0.4890



17.8697, 0.3494, 0.5998



9.4671, 0.3954, -0.0981



16.9163, 33.2582, -22.3127



44.3954, 87.2833, -58.5579

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8197, 0.0787, 1.3132



22.6528, 0.4622, 1.7907



18.5410, -2.2564, 1.3943



9.4104, 0.0893, 0.7095



14.6159, 25.0302, 9.4442



38.3581, 65.6894, 24.7859

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

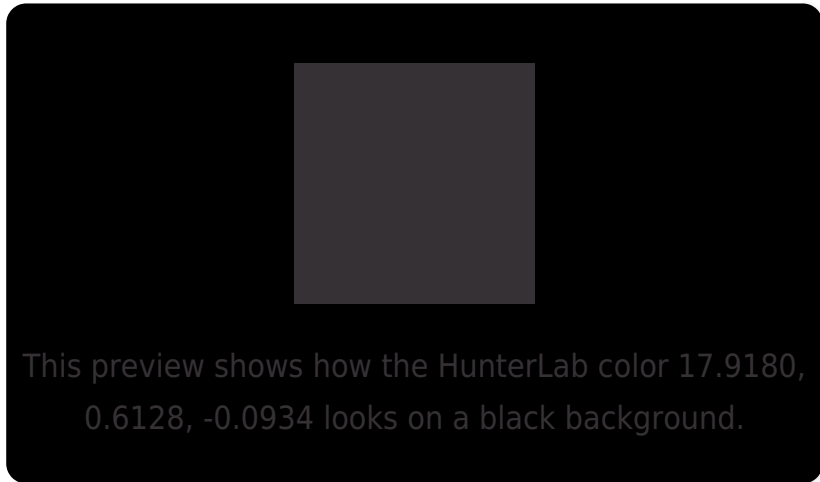
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

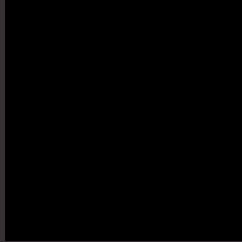
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934.



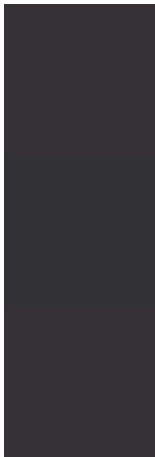
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934.

-0.0934.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934

Protanopia

17.9601, -0.4031, -0.4614

Deuteranopia

17.9943, 0.8709, 0.0054



Tritanopia

17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934

Protanomaly

18.0315, -0.1574, -0.3675

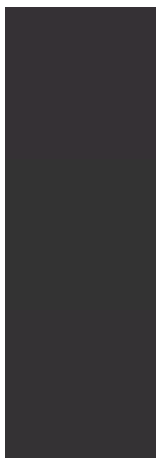
Deuteranomaly

17.9943, 0.8709, 0.0054

Tritanomaly

17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934

Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Achromatomaly

18.0533, -0.1848, 0.4514

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 49, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 49, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 49, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 49, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 49, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 49, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 49, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 49, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 49, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 49, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.9180, 0.6128, -0.0934 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 49, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 49,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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