

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.9003, -5.4801,
2.0277)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.9003, -5.4801, 2.0277)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.9913, -5.7367,
2.1232)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	25362F
RGB	37, 54, 47
RGB Percent	15%, 21%, 18%
CMY	0.8549, 0.7882, 0.8157
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.13, 0.79
HSL	155°, 19%, 18%
HSV	155°, 31%, 21%
XYZ	2.5952, 3.2369, 3.1773
YIQ	48.1190, -7.8850, -5.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

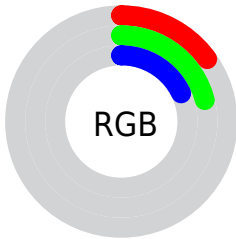
Format	Color
RYB	37, 48, 54
Decimal	2438703
CIELab	20.97, -8.79, 2.17
CIELCh	21, 9.049, 166.154
Yxy	3.2370, 0.2881, 0.3593
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280628783 (0xFF25362F)
YUV	48.1190, -0.5517, -9.7514
Hunter-Lab	17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232

Details

The HunterLab color **17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.1305, 4.6385, 0.0666**, and the grayscale version is **17.2356, -0.9197, 0.9364**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.4841, -8.0192, 3.3031**, and **3.8982, -3.3427, 2.3435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.6830, -7.0023, 2.5250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3380, -4.3533, 1.7485**.

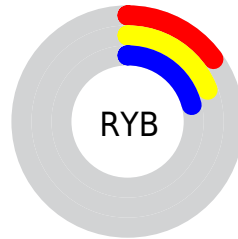
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (21%)

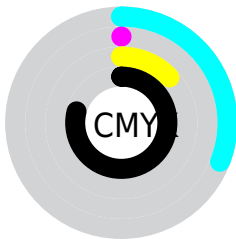
Blue (18%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (21%)

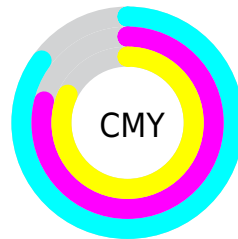


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.9913, -5.7367,
2.1232

■ 17.9913, -5.7367,
2.1232

■ 114.5144,
-15.3245, 8.4057

■ 11.2102, -4.5937,
1.5750

■ 34.4169, -7.8847,
3.3109

■ 3.2755, -5.7321,
2.2928

■ 43.8657, -8.9341,
3.9514

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.0490, -9.9813,
4.6225

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.9173, -11.0318,
5.3233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.4299, -12.0892,
6.0529

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.5525, -13.1561,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.2558,
-14.2341, 7.5949

17.9913, -5.7367,
2.1232

17.9913, -5.7367,
2.1232

17.6830, -7.0023,
2.5250

18.3380, -4.3533,
1.7485

17.4122, -8.1414,
2.9502

18.7216, -2.8605,
1.4026

17.1789, -9.1479,
3.3953

19.1417, -1.2686,
1.0875

16.9824, -10.0181,
3.8560

19.5974, 0.4121,
0.8045

16.8215, -10.7506,
4.3277

20.0877, 2.1713,
0.5540

■ 16.6783, -11.4142,
4.7889

■ 20.6113, 3.9991,
0.3362

■ 16.5573, -11.9770,
5.1597

■ 21.1668, 5.8861,
0.1507

■ 21.7530, 7.8238,
-0.0032

■ 22.3683, 9.8043,
-0.1263

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9917, -4.5600, 4.0803



17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232



17.9917, -5.6885, -0.4521

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9917, -5.7370, 2.1234



17.9917, 0.5089, -4.4498



17.9917, 2.7851, 4.1943

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232



15.1305, 4.6385, 0.0666

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.9917, 4.3116, 2.3021



17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232



17.9917, 2.9454, -2.7957

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9917, -5.7370, 2.1234



17.9917, -2.1886, -4.5165



17.9917, 4.3719, -0.2452



17.9917, 0.3005, 5.1509

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232



17.9917, -4.9704, -2.1905



17.9917, 4.3719, -0.2452



17.9917, 3.4335, 3.6603

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9917, -5.7370, 2.1234



24.7125, -3.3498, 1.7570



18.1916, -5.3868, 5.4107



12.8961, -1.8005, 0.9284



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9917, -5.7370, 2.1234



23.2972, -8.9685, 3.2389



17.7993, -4.2415, -0.7323



10.5893, -1.3370, 0.7316



28.0820, -20.6948, 9.5740



72.3909, -54.2599, 26.6491

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1305, 4.6385, 0.0666



18.5910, 8.1650, -0.1060



15.2674, 3.2341, 2.6671



10.1477, 0.2559, 0.4095



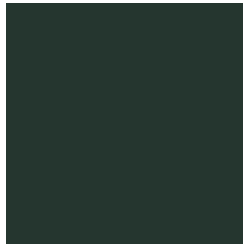
15.5039, 27.4453, 3.0848



39.8122, 70.0469, 11.2505

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

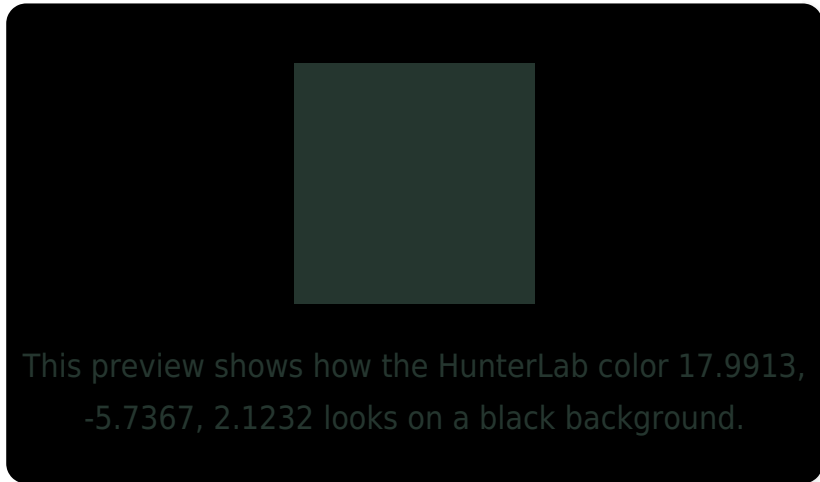
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9913, -5.7367,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232

Protanopia

17.8906, -1.0730, 2.7778

Deuteranopia

18.0299, 0.7491, 1.9276



Tritanopia

18.0913, -3.5564, -1.6004

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232

Protanomaly

17.8024, -2.5854, 2.3160

Deuteranomaly

17.9834, -1.8527, 1.8296

Tritanomaly

17.9313, -4.3525, -0.1639

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

17.4071, -2.6442, 1.1555

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 54, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 54, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 54, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 54, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 54, 47) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 54, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 54, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 54, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 54, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 54, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.9913, -5.7367, 2.1232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 54, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 54,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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