

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.9373, -2.4203,
0.4869)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.9373, -2.4203, 0.4869)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.7892, -2.3977,
0.4811)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D3333
RGB	45, 51, 51
RGB Percent	18%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.8235, 0.8000, 0.8000
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	180°, 6%, 19%
HSV	180°, 12%, 20%
XYZ	2.8636, 3.1646, 3.5918
YIQ	49.2060, -3.5760, -1.2720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	45, 48, 51
Decimal	2962227
CIE Lab	20.69, -2.57, -0.88
CIE LCh	21, 2.718, 198.934
Yxy	3.1647, 0.2977, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281152307 (0xFF2D3333)
YUV	49.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887
Hunter-Lab	17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811

Details

The HunterLab color **17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.6437, 0.6605, 1.4229**, and the grayscale version is **17.5923, -0.9387, 0.9558**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1125, -3.4624, 1.3030**, and **3.4569, -1.8327, -0.3646** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4811, -3.5061, 0.0881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1314, -1.1931, 0.9095**.

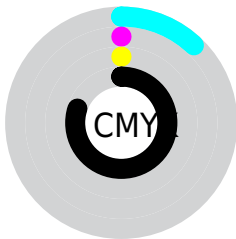
Distribution



- Red (18%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7892, -2.3977,
0.4811

■ 17.7892, -2.3977,
0.4811

■ 114.1394, -8.8181,
5.3169

■ 11.0377, -1.8169,
0.1833

■ 34.1659, -3.6350,
1.2574

■ 2.7673, -4.1955,
-1.1702

■ 43.5934, -4.2948,
1.7205

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.7571, -4.9824,
2.2272

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.6070, -5.6973,
2.7742

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.1022, -6.4390,
3.3587

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.2083, -7.2068,

100.8958, -8.0001,
4.6319

17.7892, -2.3977,
0.4811

17.7892, -2.3977,
0.4811

17.4811, -3.5061,
0.0881

18.1314, -1.1931,
0.9095

17.2064, -4.5105,
-0.2680

18.5060, 0.1011,
1.3700

16.9655, -5.4056,
-0.5850

18.9126, 1.4768,
1.8601

16.7582, -6.1869,
-0.8614

19.3504, 2.9258,
2.3771

16.5840, -6.8520,
-1.0965

19.8183, 4.4404,
2.9182

■ 16.4418, -7.4003,
-1.2901

■ 20.3152, 6.0129,
3.4808

■ 16.3302, -7.8346,
-1.4433

■ 20.8399, 7.6362,
4.0625

■ 16.2291, -8.2308,
-1.5830

■ 21.3913, 9.3036,
4.6609

■ 16.1453, -8.5611,
-1.6994

■ 21.9682, 11.0093,
5.2740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.7896, -2.4515, 1.2501



17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811



17.7896, -1.9608, -0.1841

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7896, -2.3980, 0.4814



17.7896, 0.2381, -0.0317



17.7896, -0.6505, 2.3605

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811



16.6437, 0.6605, 1.4229

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.7896, 0.0835, 2.0485



17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811



17.7896, 0.6027, 0.6819

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7896, -2.3980, 0.4814



17.7896, -0.4425, -0.4893



17.7896, 0.5456, 1.4419



17.7896, -1.4522, 2.3122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811



17.7896, -1.5060, -0.4689



17.7896, 0.5456, 1.4419



17.7896, -0.3874, 2.2948

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7896, -2.3980, 0.4814



23.2523, -1.9279, 1.0332



17.6562, -3.1554, 2.4875



12.2708, -1.0405, 0.5375



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7896, -2.3980, 0.4814



22.8010, -3.5272, 0.4651



17.0854, -1.2641, -0.3634



9.8527, -1.0906, 0.3461



28.1277, -14.9150, -2.9600



73.8185, -39.1437, -7.7668

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6437, 0.6605, 1.4229



20.9579, 1.3955, 1.9806



17.3180, -0.4992, 2.1628



9.4104, 0.0894, 0.7094



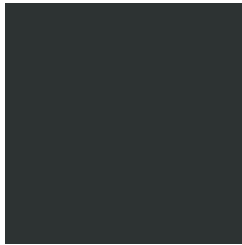
14.6160, 25.0306, 9.4427



38.3582, 65.6898, 24.7845

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

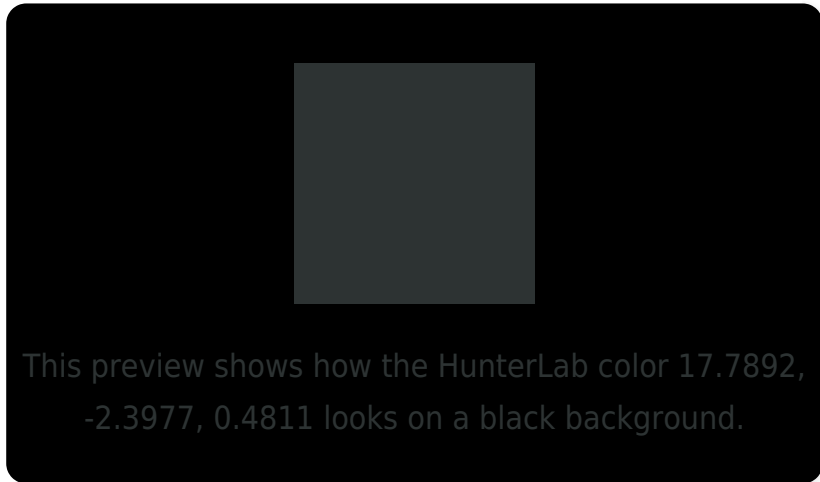
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

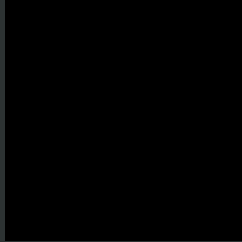
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811.



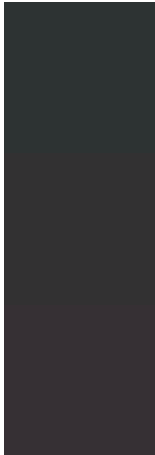
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811.

0.4811.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811

Protanopia

17.6211, -0.5542, 0.6949

Deuteranopia

17.7373, 1.1441, 0.0899



Tritanopia

17.6873, -1.3511, -0.8239

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811

Protanomaly

17.7197, -1.4411, 0.7966

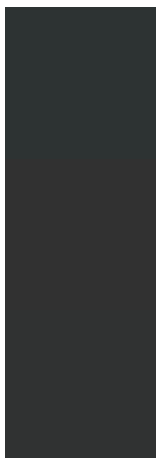
Deuteranomaly

17.7436, -0.0327, 0.0771

Tritanomaly

17.6609, -1.4959, -0.4509

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811

Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

Achromatomaly

17.7197, -1.4411, 0.7966

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 51, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 51, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 51, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 51, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 51, 51) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 51, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 51, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 51, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 51, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 51, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.7892, -2.3977, 0.4811 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 51, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 51,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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