

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.9543, 0.0872,
11.0645)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.9543, 0.0872,
11.0645) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.8994, 0.3015,
11.0348)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	403000
RGB	64, 48, 0
RGB Percent	25%, 19%, 0%
CMY	0.7490, 0.8118, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 1.00, 0.75
HSL	45°, 100%, 13%
HSV	45°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	3.1713, 3.2039, 0.4513
YIQ	47.3120, 24.9440, -11.5360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

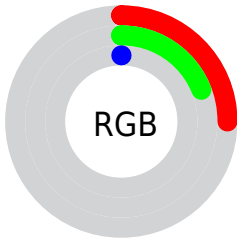
Format	Color
RYB	21, 64, 0
Decimal	4206592
CIELab	20.84, 2.16, 29.48
CIELCh	21, 29.560, 85.808
Yxy	3.2040, 0.4646, 0.4693
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282396672 (0xFF403000)
YUV	47.3120, -23.3248, 14.6354
Hunter-Lab	17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348

Details

The HunterLab color **17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **8.6065, 7.9745, -27.9716**, and the grayscale version is **17.0330, -0.9088, 0.9254**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3337, -0.5287, 16.5029**, and **2.9366, 3.1292, 1.8643** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8998, 0.3007, 11.0350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3066, -0.1223, 10.6829**.

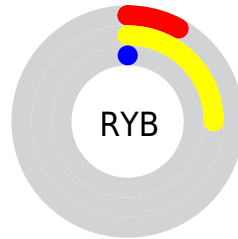
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (19%)

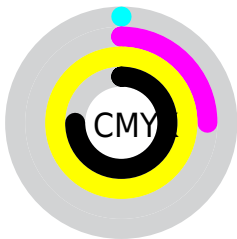
Blue (0%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (0%)

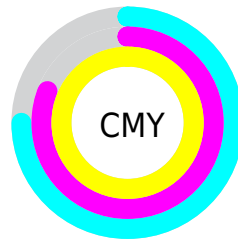


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8994, 0.3015,
11.0348

■ 17.8994, 0.3015,
11.0348

■ 114.3441, -3.7978,
32.2331

■ 11.1318, 0.4835,
7.7922

■ 34.3029, -0.2786,
16.4427

■ 3.0553, 2.9189,
2.1387

■ 43.7420, -0.6539,
18.9809

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9164, -1.0776,
21.3834

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.7764, -1.5454,
23.6826

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.2811, -2.0538,
25.9021

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.3962, -2.6002,


 101.0923, -3.1822,
30.1659


 17.8994, 0.3015,
11.0348


 17.8994, 0.3015,
11.0348


 17.8998, 0.3007,
11.0350

 18.3066, -0.1223,
10.6829

 18.7185, -0.5414,
10.3399

 19.1463, -0.8975,
9.8463

 19.5924, -1.1760,
9.1650

 20.0567, -1.3755,
8.2950

■ 20.5391, -1.4959,
7.2380

■ 21.0392, -1.5377,
5.9976

■ 21.5569, -1.5025,
4.5787

■ 22.0915, -1.3918,
2.9873

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8998, 9.6058, 9.8701



17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348



17.8998, -7.7568, 10.3705

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8998, 0.3007, 11.0349



17.8998, -13.8076, -7.5676



17.8998, 15.3417, -10.6689

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348



8.6065, 7.9745, -27.9716

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8998, 7.0412, -20.4825



17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348



17.8998, -9.5241, -18.1645

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8998, 0.3007, 11.0349



17.8998, -14.9236, 2.1140



17.8998, -2.1790, -23.7365



17.8998, 19.2909, -0.2456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348



17.8998, -11.5646, 8.9662



17.8998, -2.1790, -23.7365



17.8998, 12.8981, -14.3129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8998, 0.3007, 11.0349



27.6270, -2.0244, 8.1361



10.6180, 18.5353, 4.1298



14.4378, -1.0600, 4.4321



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8998, 0.3007, 11.0349



23.3656, 0.7717, 14.4113



20.7247, -9.9790, 12.5957



12.1208, -0.7490, 1.5012



26.9421, 1.0873, 16.6206



66.3550, 4.7274, 40.9704

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.6065, 7.9745, -27.9716



10.8631, 11.7980, -39.0464



6.9308, 17.2088, -36.9216



11.6047, -0.4891, -0.2655



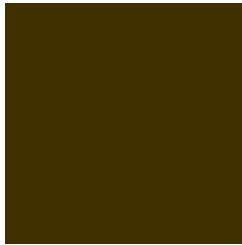
12.3437, 14.3227, -46.3471



28.7071, 42.5820, -127.8037

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

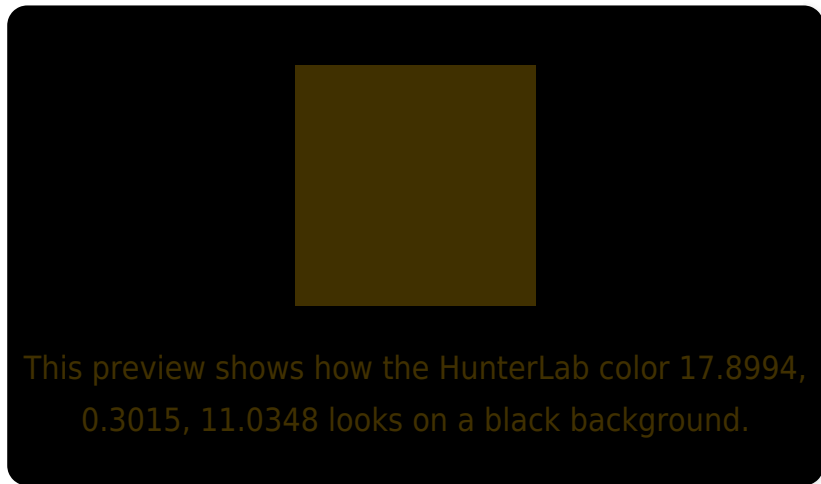
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

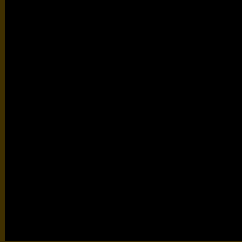
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348.

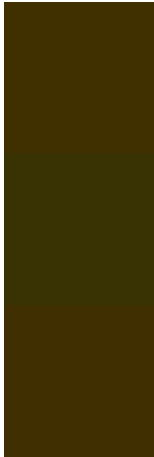


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8994, 0.3015,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348

Protanopia

18.0113, -2.9025, 10.7641

Deuteranopia

17.9055, 0.3346, 10.9441



Tritanopia

18.0234, 5.2879, 1.9997

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348

Protanomaly

18.0173, -1.6600, 10.8841

Deuteranomaly

17.9055, 0.3346, 10.9441

Tritanomaly

17.8234, 2.9028, 6.7213

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348

Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

Achromatomaly

16.9813, -1.1358, 6.1554

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 48, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 48, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 48, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 48, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 48, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 48, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 48, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 48, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 48, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 48, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.8994, 0.3015, 11.0348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 48, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 48,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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