

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.9769, -4.8179,
12.5839)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.9769, -4.8179,
12.5839) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.0007, -4.2383,
11.0178)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363400
RGB	54, 52, 0
RGB Percent	21%, 20%, 0%
CMY	0.7882, 0.7961, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 1.00, 0.79
HSL	58°, 100%, 11%
HSV	58°, 100%, 21%
XYZ	2.7493, 3.2403, 0.4805
YIQ	46.6700, 17.8840, -15.7480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

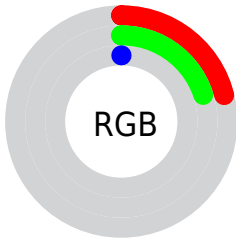
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 54, 0
Decimal	3552256
CIE Lab	20.98, -5.92, 29.30
CIE LCh	21, 29.894, 101.421
Yxy	3.2404, 0.4249, 0.5008
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281742336 (0xFF363400)
YUV	46.6700, -23.0083, 6.4284
Hunter-Lab	18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178

Details

The HunterLab color **18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **5.5654, 12.3126, -33.5352**, and the grayscale version is **16.8206, -0.8975, 0.9139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3863, -5.8037, 16.4500**, and **3.8982, -3.3427, 2.3435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0011, -4.2390, 11.0180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.0835, -4.1269, 10.5622**.

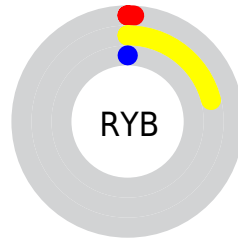
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (20%)

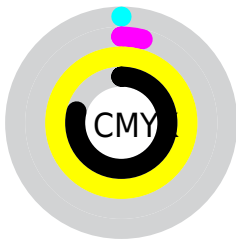
Blue (0%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (0%)

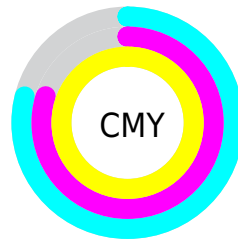


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.0007, -4.2383,
11.0178

■ 18.0007, -4.2383,
11.0178

■ 114.5319,
-12.3538, 32.1257

■ 11.2183, -3.3599,
7.8528

■ 34.4287, -5.9611,
16.4194

■ 3.2973, -5.7702,
2.3081

■ 43.8784, -6.8292,
18.9420

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.0626, -7.7092,
21.3304

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.9318, -8.6039,
23.6169

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.4452, -9.5150,
25.8248

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.5685, -10.4433,

■ 101.2726,
-11.3894, 30.0679

■ 18.0007, -4.2383,
11.0178

■ 18.0007, -4.2383,
11.0178

■ 18.0011, -4.2390,
11.0180

■ 18.0835, -4.1269,
10.5622

■ 18.1657, -4.0158,
10.1096

■ 18.2545, -3.8683,
9.5628

■ 18.3542, -3.6601,
8.8584

■ 18.4653, -3.3885,
7.9894

■ 18.5884, -3.0513,
6.9504

■ 18.7237, -2.6470,
5.7378

■ 18.8717, -2.1747,
4.3494

■ 19.0326, -1.6339,
2.7844

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0011, 4.8467, 10.7955



18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178



18.0011, -10.9769, 9.4324

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0011, -4.2390, 11.0179



18.0011, -12.1189, -13.5345



18.0011, 18.3919, -5.0446

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178



5.5654, 12.3126, -33.5352

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0011, 11.8747, -16.0907



18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178



18.0011, -6.1154, -22.4183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0011, -4.2390, 11.0179



18.0011, -14.8972, -2.5664



18.0011, 2.5687, -23.5319



18.0011, 19.1661, 3.9252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178



18.0011, -13.7016, 7.1763



18.0011, 2.5687, -23.5319



18.0011, 16.7484, -8.7239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0011, -4.2390, 11.0179



24.5796, -3.5694, 7.8099



8.8893, 15.2893, 5.2279



12.8307, -1.8929, 4.1641



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0011, -4.2390, 11.0179



23.6248, -5.5204, 14.4609



17.0583, -10.5365, 10.3267



10.7088, -0.8658, 1.4145



30.5137, -7.0883, 18.6783



78.6050, -18.0119, 48.1207

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.5654, 12.3126, -33.5352



7.1933, 16.6656, -44.9672



6.8136, 15.5766, -25.8978



10.0207, -0.2165, -0.3478



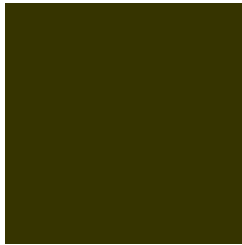
9.1812, 22.0370, -59.0472



23.0357, 59.7545, -157.7854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

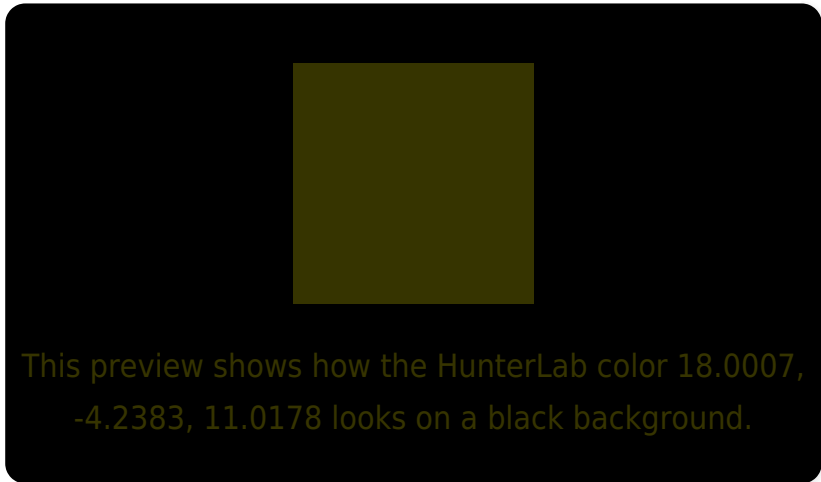
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

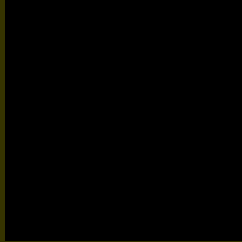
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178

Protanopia

17.9931, -3.0045, 11.0347

Deuteranopia

17.9422, 0.5327, 10.4010



Tritanopia

17.9769, 1.9442, 0.3964

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178

Protanomaly

17.9120, -3.2964, 10.9796

Deuteranomaly

17.7934, -1.2065, 10.5603

Tritanomaly

17.7403, -0.8227, 6.1083

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178

Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

Achromatomaly

17.2293, -2.7167, 6.3422

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 52, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 52, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 52, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 52, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 52, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 52, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 52, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 52, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 52, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 52, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.0007, -4.2383, 11.0178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 52, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 52,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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