

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.9869, -0.9597,
0.9773)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.9869, -0.9597, 0.9773)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.8595, -0.9529,
0.9703)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	323232
RGB	50, 50, 50
RGB Percent	20%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.8039, 0.8039, 0.8039
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	125°, 0%, 20%
HSV	125°, 0%, 20%
XYZ	3.0317, 3.1896, 3.4735
YIQ	50.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 50, 50
Decimal	3289650
CIE Lab	20.79, 0.00, -0.00
CIE LCh	21, 0.003, 289.784
Yxy	3.1898, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281479730 (0xFF323232)
YUV	50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Details

The HunterLab color **17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.8597, -0.9526, 0.9701**, and the grayscale version is **17.8598, -0.9530, 0.9704**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.2010, -1.8249, 1.8582**, and **3.0176, -0.1610, 0.1640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4126, -2.7448, 2.0806**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3449, 0.9372, -0.1890**.

Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (20%)

Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (20%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8595, -0.9529,
0.9703

■ 17.8595, -0.9529,
0.9703

■ 114.2700, -6.1022,
6.2171

■ 11.0977, -0.5922,
0.6027

■ 34.2533, -1.8288,
1.8625

■ 2.9543, -0.1563,
0.1568

■ 43.6882, -2.3326,
2.3759

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.8587, -2.8758,
2.9294

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.7150, -3.4556,
3.5202

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.2163, -4.0698,
4.1461

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.3281, -4.7167,

4.8053

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.0212, -5.3946,
5.4960

■ 17.8595, -0.9529,
0.9703

■ 17.8595, -0.9529,
0.9703

■ 17.4126, -2.7448,
2.0806

■ 18.3449, 0.9372,
-0.1890

■ 17.0045, -4.4235,
3.1327

■ 18.8662, 2.9133,
-1.3902

■ 16.6366, -5.9756,
4.1182

■ 19.4221, 4.9627,
-2.6257

■ 16.3097, -7.3882,
5.0286

■ 20.0111, 7.0739,
-3.8888

■ 16.0242, -8.6494,
5.8560

■ 20.6314, 9.2365,
-5.1738

■ 15.7803, -9.7496,
6.5935

■ 21.2813, 11.4416,
-6.4757

■ 15.5773, -10.6822,
7.2357

■ 21.9593, 13.6814,
-7.7903

■ 15.4143, -11.4439,
7.7789

■ 22.6638, 15.9491,
-9.1139

■ 15.2741, -12.1019,
8.2146

■ 23.3933, 18.2392,
-10.4438

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8599, -0.9542, 0.9705



17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703



17.8599, -0.9526, 0.9711

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8599, -0.9533, 0.9706



17.8599, -0.9528, 0.9734



17.8599, -0.9556, 0.9725

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703



17.8597, -0.9526, 0.9701

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8599, -0.9553, 0.9732



17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703



17.8599, -0.9536, 0.9738

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8599, -0.9533, 0.9706



17.8599, -0.9523, 0.9727



17.8599, -0.9545, 0.9737



17.8599, -0.9556, 0.9716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703



17.8599, -0.9523, 0.9716



17.8599, -0.9545, 0.9737



17.8599, -0.9556, 0.9727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8599, -0.9533, 0.9706



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



17.8599, -0.9531, 0.9707



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8599, -0.9533, 0.9706



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



17.8599, -0.9533, 0.9704



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439



26.8386, -22.7921, 15.6557



70.3862, -60.1264, 41.8189

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8597, -0.9526, 0.9701



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



17.8597, -0.9527, 0.9703



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439



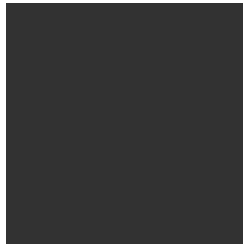
16.5525, 31.9934, -17.5723



43.3617, 83.6876, -45.0764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

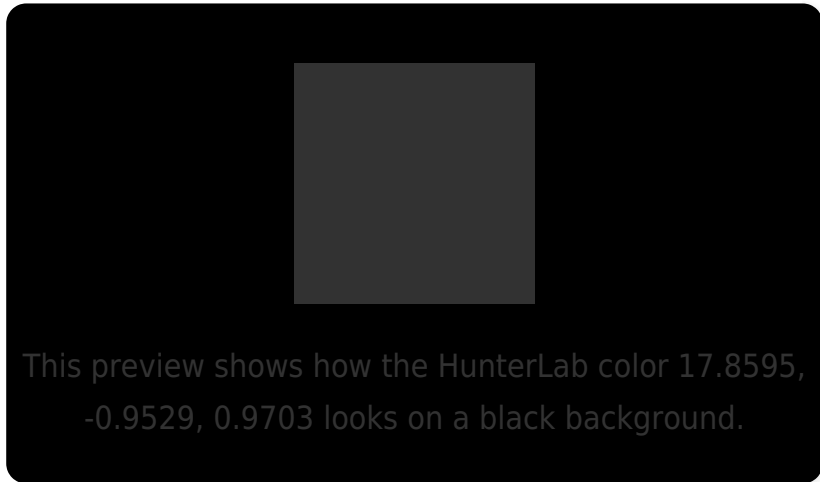
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703.



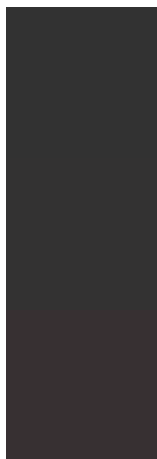
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703.

0.9703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Protanopia

17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

Deuteranopia

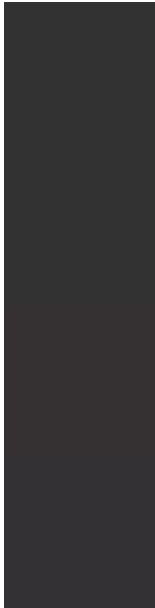
17.7663, 1.1423, 0.8971



Tritanopia

17.7693, 0.1064, -0.2872

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Protanomaly

17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

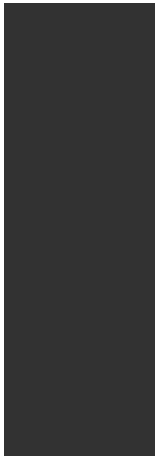
Deuteranomaly

17.8432, 0.2087, 0.9715

Tritanomaly

17.7436, -0.0327, 0.0771

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 50, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 50, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 50, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 50, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 50, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 50, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 50, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 50, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 50, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 50, 50)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 50, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 50,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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