

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.0129, -0.8841,
1.1865)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.0129, -0.8841, 1.1865)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.9313, -0.7037,
1.0591)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	333232
RGB	51, 50, 50
RGB Percent	20%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8039, 0.8039
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.80
HSL	0°, 1%, 20%
HSV	0°, 2%, 20%
XYZ	3.0816, 3.2153, 3.4758
YIQ	50.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 50, 50
Decimal	3355186
CIE _{Lab}	20.89, 0.44, 0.15
CIE _{LCh}	21, 0.466, 19.144
Yxy	3.2155, 0.3153, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281545266 (0xFF333232)
YUV	50.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

Details

The HunterLab color **17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.1239, -1.2170, 0.9005**, and the grayscale version is **17.9603, -0.9583, 0.9758**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.2807, -1.5479, 1.9568**, and **3.2243, 0.5348, 0.4121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.6200, 0.6852, 1.4325**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2928, -2.0458, 0.7057**.

Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (20%)

Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (20%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.9313, -0.7037,
1.0591

■ 17.9313, -0.7037,
1.0591

■ 114.4032, -5.6409,
6.3821

■ 11.1590, -0.3793,
0.6785

■ 34.3425, -1.5196,
1.9729

■ 3.1334, 0.4453,
0.3729

■ 43.7849, -1.9975,
2.4956

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9624, -2.5166,
3.0578

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.8253, -3.0738,
3.6567

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.3327, -3.6667,
4.2902

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.4504, -4.2933,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.9566

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.1490, -4.9519,
5.6544

■ 17.9313, -0.7037,
1.0591

■ 17.9313, -0.7037,
1.0591

■ 16.6200, 0.6852,
1.4325

■ 19.2928, -2.0458,
0.7057

■ 15.3645, 2.1260,
1.8266

■ 20.6975, -3.3448,
0.3693

■ 14.1739, 3.6195,
2.2429

■ 22.1411, -4.6063,
0.0481

■ 13.0583, 5.1617,
2.6806

■ 23.6197, -5.8354,
-0.2597

■ 12.0301, 6.7396,
3.1362

■ 25.1301, -7.0367,
-0.5561

■ 11.1035, 8.3256,
3.6014

■ 26.6695, -8.2142,
-0.8424

■ 10.2942, 9.8722,
4.0612

■ 28.2356, -9.3715,
-1.1202

■ 9.6163, 11.3126,
4.4947

■ 29.8263, -10.5118,
-1.3905

■ 8.9609, 12.8599,
4.9678

■ 31.4401, -11.6378,
-1.6544

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9317, -0.6941, 0.9280



17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591



17.9317, -0.7823, 1.1676

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9317, -0.7041, 1.0594



17.9317, -1.1598, 1.1419



17.9317, -1.0081, 0.7241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591



18.1239, -1.2170, 0.9005

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.9317, -1.1325, 0.7824



17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591



17.9317, -1.2199, 1.0240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9317, -0.7041, 1.0594



17.9317, -1.0455, 1.2150



17.9317, -1.2100, 0.8924



17.9317, -0.8699, 0.7338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591



17.9317, -0.8623, 1.2124



17.9317, -1.2100, 0.8924



17.9317, -1.0530, 0.7364

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9317, -0.7041, 1.0594



23.2637, -1.0669, 1.3227



17.9557, -0.5709, 0.7123



12.2975, -0.5778, 0.6946



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9317, -0.7041, 1.0594



23.0821, -0.8821, 1.3719



18.0509, -0.9033, 1.1953



9.8898, -0.4111, 0.5766



14.6235, 25.0041, 9.4487



38.3651, 65.6653, 24.7900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.1239, -1.2170, 0.9005



23.3479, -1.5913, 1.1521



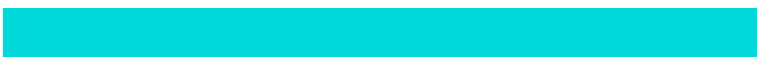
18.0038, -1.0186, 0.7617



9.9786, -0.6480, 0.5032



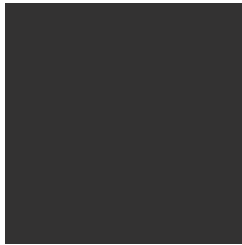
28.0978, -14.8762, -3.0063



73.7332, -39.0330, -7.8990

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

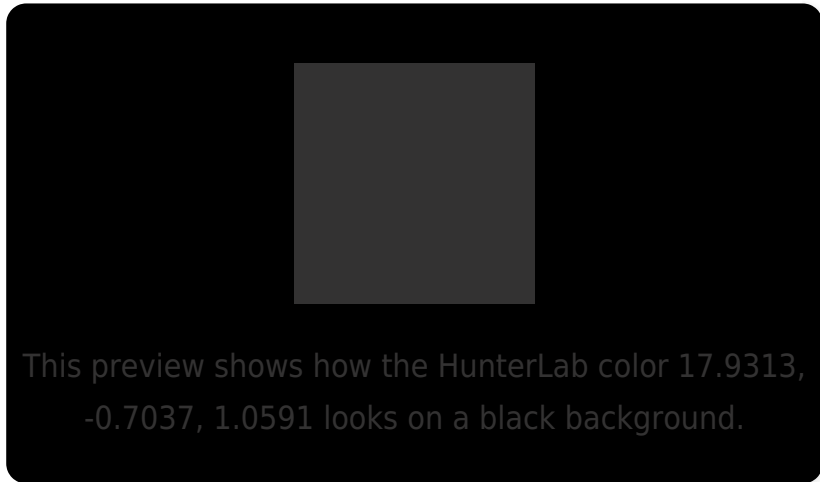
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

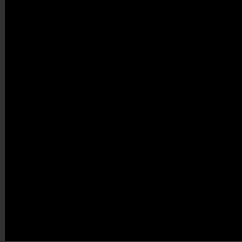
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

Protanopia

17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

Deuteranopia

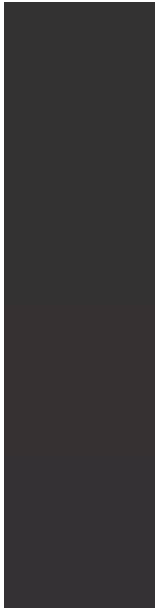
17.9976, 0.7335, 1.1619



Tritanopia

17.8430, 0.3580, -0.1909

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

Protanomaly

17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

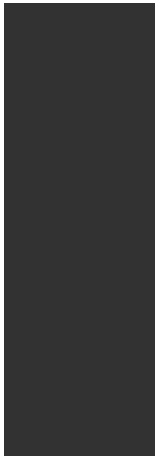
Deuteranomaly

17.9198, 0.4695, 1.0661

Tritanomaly

17.8175, 0.2198, 0.1720

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 50, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 50, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 50, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 50, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 50, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 50, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 50, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 50, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 50, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 50, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.9313, -0.7037, 1.0591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 50, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 50,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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