

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.0142, -3.5096,
-15.2345)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.0142, -3.5096,
-15.2345) contains.

HunterLab(18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(18.0209, -3.3845,
-15.2183)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003652
RGB	0, 54, 82
RGB Percent	0%, 21%, 32%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7882, 0.6784
CMYK	1.00, 0.34, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	200°, 100%, 16%
HSV	200°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	2.8422, 3.2475, 8.4597
YIQ	41.0460, -41.1720, -2.7400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

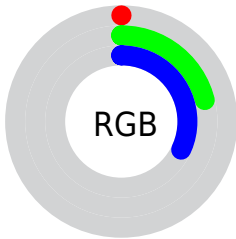
Format	Color
RYB	0, 33, 82
Decimal	13906
CIELab	21.01, -4.33, -21.53
CIELCh	21, 21.963, 258.635
Yxy	3.2476, 0.1954, 0.2232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203986 (0xFF003652)
YUV	41.0460, 20.1903, -35.9973
Hunter-Lab	18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183

Details

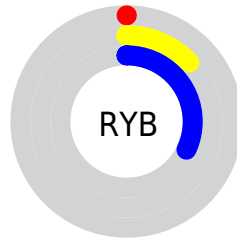
The HunterLab color **18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **16.2009, 14.5649, 10.2372**, and the grayscale version is **14.8527, -0.7925, 0.8070**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3109, -4.6565, -16.6617**, and **5.7354, 3.3961, -14.4999** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0205, -3.3838, -15.2194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.8912, -3.9662, -13.4826**.

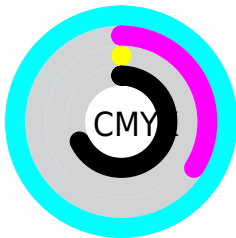
Distribution



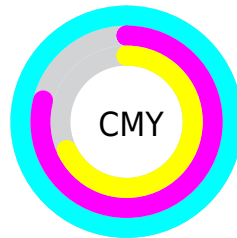
- Red (0%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.0209, -3.3845,
-15.2183

■ 18.0209, -3.3845,
-15.2183

■ 114.5691,
-10.6931, -17.7974

■ 11.2354, -2.6480,
-14.8190

■ 34.4536, -4.8748,
-16.1780

■ 3.3431, -5.8200,
-29.4149

■ 43.9054, -5.6438,
-16.5948

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 54.0916, -6.4323,
-16.9488

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.9626, -7.2417,
-17.2384

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.4777, -8.0723,
-17.4652

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.6027, -8.9245,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.6319

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.3083, -9.7981,
-17.7417

18.0209, -3.3845,
-15.2183

18.0209, -3.3845,
-15.2183

18.0205, -3.3838,
-15.2194

18.8912, -3.9662,
-13.4826

19.7814, -4.4900,
-11.8156

20.7364, -4.7933,
-10.1307

21.7557, -4.8768,
-8.4345

22.8368, -4.7522,
-6.7363

■ 23.9763, -4.4344,
-5.0436

■ 25.1707, -3.9393,
-3.3622

■ 26.4166, -3.2831,
-1.6963

■ 27.7103, -2.4815,
-0.0485

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0212, -8.5718, -10.5646



18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183



18.0212, 3.2528, -14.5187

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0212, -3.3842, -15.2179



18.0212, 12.6329, 4.4128



18.0212, -9.4947, 7.2510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183



16.2009, 14.5649, 10.2372

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0212, -4.8228, 9.0552



18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183



18.0212, 8.1655, 7.8684

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0212, -3.3842, -15.2179



18.0212, 13.1646, -1.5506



18.0212, 1.5942, 9.2312



18.0212, -11.7474, 3.1914

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183



18.0212, 7.6192, -11.1522



18.0212, 1.5942, 9.2312



18.0212, -8.1888, 8.0680

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0212, -3.3842, -15.2179



33.0869, -5.2858, -4.6799



24.7293, -20.0398, 12.3518



16.2396, -2.7074, -2.5813



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0212, -3.3842, -15.2179



23.4737, -3.9523, -20.8083



9.5634, 14.5420, -43.3428



14.2294, -1.2094, 0.0819



22.9089, -3.8944, -20.2274



53.4309, -6.8701, -51.9533

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.3539, 26.4344, -5.1085



18.9232, 34.7786, -6.1598



24.4310, -2.0788, 15.0174



13.8647, 0.6151, 0.1939



18.4495, 33.9140, -6.0515



44.1109, 80.7407, -11.8012

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

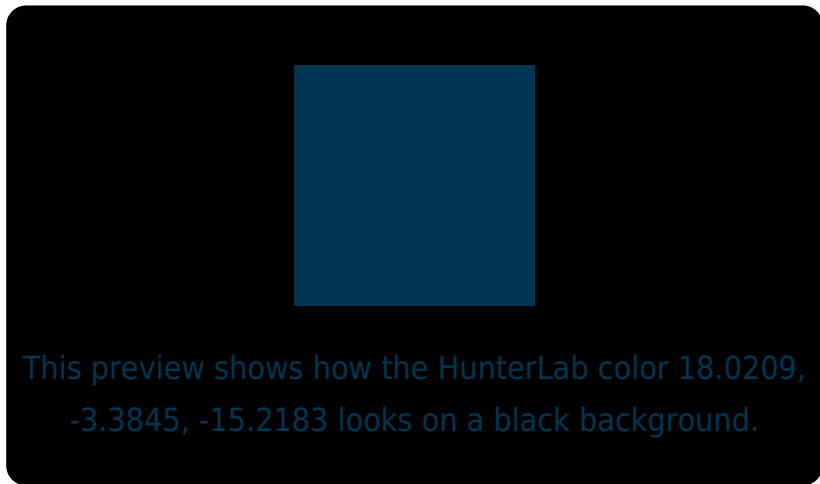
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183

Protanopia

18.2130, 2.0997, -12.8209

Deuteranopia

18.1639, 1.0442, -15.5019



Tritanopia

18.0643, -8.8316, -3.5139

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183

Protanomaly

17.7945, -0.4671, -14.3306

Deuteranomaly

17.9701, -0.8752, -15.9430

Tritanomaly

18.0500, -6.9796, -7.4939

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183

Achromatopsia

14.8909, -0.7945, 0.8091

Achromatomaly

15.6816, -3.3477, -4.5413

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 54, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 54, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 54, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 54, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 54, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 54, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 54, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 54, 82); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 82); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.0209, -3.3845, -15.2183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 54, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 54,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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