

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.0839, -5.7598,
-10.1694)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.0839, -5.7598,
-10.1694) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.9633, -5.5776,
-10.4121)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00374A
RGB	0, 55, 74
RGB Percent	0%, 22%, 29%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7843, 0.7098
CMYK	1.00, 0.26, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	195°, 100%, 15%
HSV	195°, 100%, 29%
XYZ	2.6022, 3.2268, 6.9643
YIQ	40.7210, -38.8790, -5.7510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

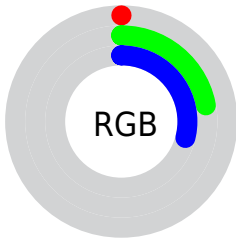
Format	Color
RYB	0, 32, 74
Decimal	14154
CIELab	20.93, -8.48, -16.31
CIELCh	21, 18.385, 242.518
Yxy	3.2269, 0.2034, 0.2522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204234 (0xFF00374A)
YUV	40.7210, 16.4065, -35.7123
Hunter-Lab	17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121

Details

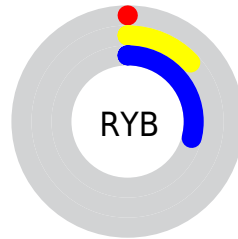
The HunterLab color **17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13.8629, 15.1031, 8.8060**, and the grayscale version is **14.7586, -0.7875, 0.8019**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.4421, -7.7732, -11.1708**, and **5.2211, 2.2874, -11.4637** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.9631, -5.5773, -10.4126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5975, -5.7961, -9.2961**.

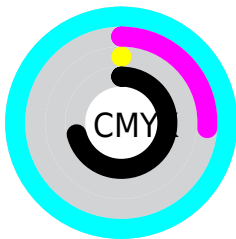
Distribution



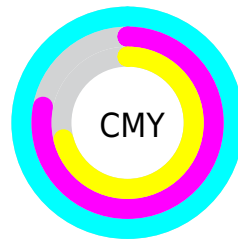
- Red (0%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.9633, -5.5776,
-10.4121

■ 17.9633, -5.5776,
-10.4121

■ 114.4624,
-15.0085, -11.5532

■ 11.1862, -4.4621,
-9.9876

■ 34.3821, -7.6800,
-11.1338

■ 3.2098, -5.6172,
-21.4365

■ 43.8279, -8.7102,
-11.3873

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 54.0085, -9.7396,
-11.5691

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.8743, -10.7735,
-11.6835

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.3844, -11.8154,
-11.7350

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.5047, -12.8675,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.7279

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 101.2058,
-13.9315, -11.6662

■ 17.9633, -5.5776,
-10.4121

■ 17.9633, -5.5776,
-10.4121

■ 17.9631, -5.5773,
-10.4126

■ 18.5975, -5.7961,
-9.2961

■ 19.2402, -5.9898,
-8.2135

■ 19.9324, -6.0072,
-7.0940

■ 20.6774, -5.8372,
-5.9377

■ 21.4742, -5.4862,
-4.7512

■ 22.3214, -4.9637,
-3.5412

■ 23.2167, -4.2810,
-2.3139

■ 24.1581, -3.4505,
-1.0746

■ 25.1430, -2.4846,
0.1722

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.9636, -9.0248, -5.3038



17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121



17.9636, -0.4932, -12.2312

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9636, -5.5774, -10.4118



17.9636, 10.8544, 1.4135



17.9636, -6.2909, 7.5533

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121



13.8629, 15.1031, 8.8060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.9636, -1.4210, 8.3969



17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121



17.9636, 8.8403, 5.5830

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9636, -5.5774, -10.4118



17.9636, 9.4015, -4.3030



17.9636, 4.1780, 7.8017



17.9636, -9.4006, 5.0232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121



17.9636, 3.2662, -10.9969



17.9636, 4.1780, 7.8017



17.9636, -4.8274, 8.0023

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9636, -5.5774, -10.4118



30.4984, -5.7670, -3.2461



22.2329, -18.3362, 11.7944



15.1915, -2.9937, -1.7961



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9636, -5.5774, -10.4118



23.4487, -6.9956, -14.2072



9.7139, 9.8420, -33.3855



13.5232, -1.2579, 0.1783



24.7022, -7.3181, -15.0780



58.8637, -15.9962, -39.0434

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.1599, 24.6305, -7.7445



17.3321, 32.3826, -9.7369



20.5819, 0.5303, 12.6913



13.1172, 0.6003, 0.0820



18.2864, 34.1550, -10.1908



44.3445, 82.5348, -22.4576

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

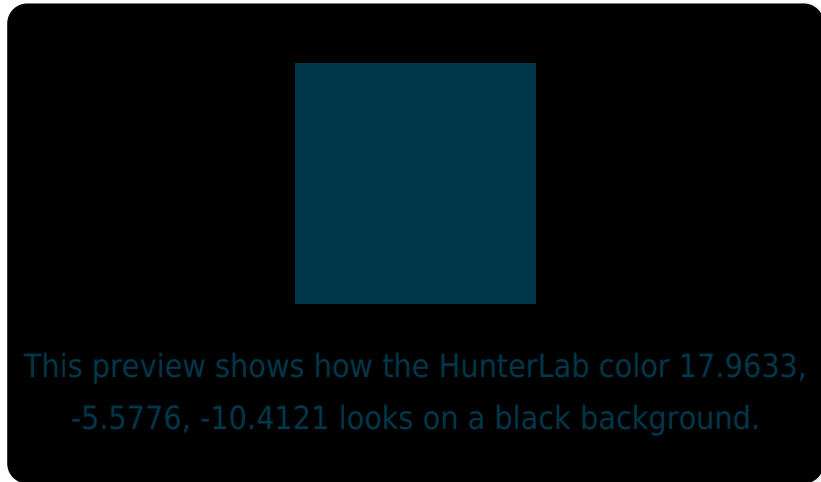
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

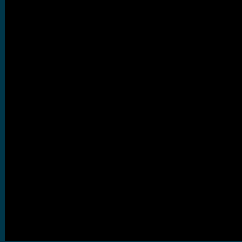
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121.

-10.4121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121

Protanopia

18.1143, 1.0971, -7.7843

Deuteranopia

18.2950, 0.8472, -10.2845



Tritanopia

18.0643, -8.8316, -3.5139

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121

Protanomaly

17.8105, -2.3844, -8.9116

Deuteranomaly

17.8426, -1.9726, -11.1595

Tritanomaly

17.9491, -7.5678, -6.0981

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121

Achromatopsia

14.8909, -0.7945, 0.8091

Achromatomaly

15.5905, -3.8628, -3.2698

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 55, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 55, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 55, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 55, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 55, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 55, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 55, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 55, 74); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 55, 74); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 55, 74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.9633, -5.5776, -10.4121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 55, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 55,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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