

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.1291, -2.3309,
0.2617)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.1291, -2.3309, 0.2617)
contains.

HunterLab(18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(18.1490, -2.2815,
0.1401)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E3435
RGB	46, 52, 53
RGB Percent	18%, 20%, 21%
CMY	0.8196, 0.7961, 0.7922
CMYK	0.13, 0.02, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	189°, 7%, 19%
HSV	189°, 13%, 21%
XYZ	2.9973, 3.2939, 3.8460
YIQ	50.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

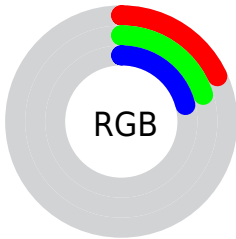
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 49, 53
Decimal	3028021
CIE _{Lab}	21.18, -2.31, -1.51
CIE _{LCh}	21, 2.760, 213.168
Yxy	3.2940, 0.2957, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281218101 (0xFF2E3435)
YUV	50.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886
Hunter-Lab	18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401

Details

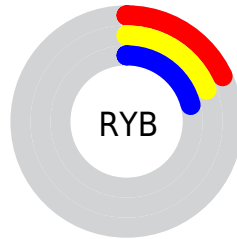
The HunterLab color **18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.2834, 0.5090, 1.7918**, and the grayscale version is **17.9636, -0.9585, 0.9760**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.5131, -3.3334, 0.9297**, and **3.8442, -1.6683, -1.2035** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.6392, -3.1442, -0.5073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6892, -1.3299, 0.8075**.

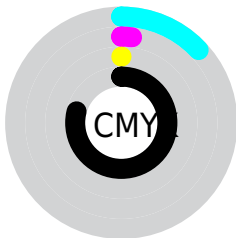
Distribution



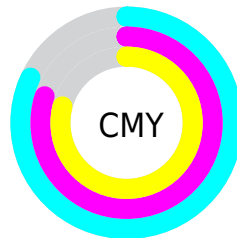
- Red (18%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.1490, -2.2815,
0.1401

■ 18.1490, -2.2815,
0.1401

■ 114.8064, -8.5842,
4.7076

■ 11.3450, -1.7222,
-0.1134

■ 34.6126, -3.4845,
0.8416

■ 3.6217, -2.9732,
-1.5311

■ 44.0778, -4.1299,
1.2719

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.2764, -4.8041,
1.7481

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.1590, -5.5066,
2.2663

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.6851, -6.2367,
2.8237

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.8205, -6.9934,

3.4177

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.5360, -7.7762,
4.0462

■ 18.1490, -2.2815,
0.1401

■ 18.1490, -2.2815,
0.1401

■ 17.6392, -3.1442,
-0.5073

■ 18.6892, -1.3299,
0.8075

■ 17.1598, -3.9097,
-1.1324

■ 19.2576, -0.2956,
1.4913

■ 16.7120, -4.5716,
-1.7318

■ 19.8534, 0.8137,
2.1890

■ 16.2965, -5.1238,
-2.3022

■ 20.4754, 1.9912,
2.8985

■ 15.9136, -5.5614,
-2.8406

■ 21.1223, 3.2304,
3.6175

■ 15.5634, -5.8811,
-3.3443

■ 21.7930, 4.5251,
4.3444

■ 15.2449, -6.0848,
-3.8123

■ 22.4863, 5.8699,
5.0777

■ 14.9342, -6.2616,
-4.2794

■ 23.2010, 7.2597,
5.8160

■ 14.7214, -6.3902,
-4.6060

■ 23.9361, 8.6898,
6.5583

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1494, -2.5305, 0.9041



18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401



18.1494, -1.6818, -0.4149

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1494, -2.2818, 0.1404



18.1494, 0.4720, 0.2915



18.1494, -1.0572, 2.4348

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401



17.2834, 0.5090, 1.7918

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1494, -0.2458, 2.2870



18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401



18.1494, 0.6464, 1.0713

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1494, -2.2818, 0.1404



18.1494, -0.0909, -0.3250



18.1494, 0.3815, 1.7965



18.1494, -1.8315, 2.2095

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401



18.1494, -1.1582, -0.5797



18.1494, 0.3815, 1.7965



18.1494, -0.7797, 2.4271

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1494, -2.2818, 0.1404



24.0398, -1.8428, 0.9551



18.2532, -3.4702, 2.4741



13.0101, -1.0215, 0.5015



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1494, -2.2818, 0.1404



23.1728, -3.3584, -0.1230



17.3162, -0.9283, -0.8788



9.7725, -0.9614, 0.2520



24.4234, -10.3386, -8.2090



63.2734, -26.0643, -22.8208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2014, 1.7044, -0.5694



21.6280, 3.1675, -1.2945



18.0904, -0.8668, 2.6605



9.4587, 0.3502, 0.0212



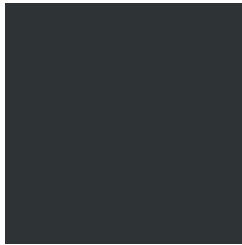
16.3254, 31.1975, -14.5658



42.7207, 81.4400, -36.5760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

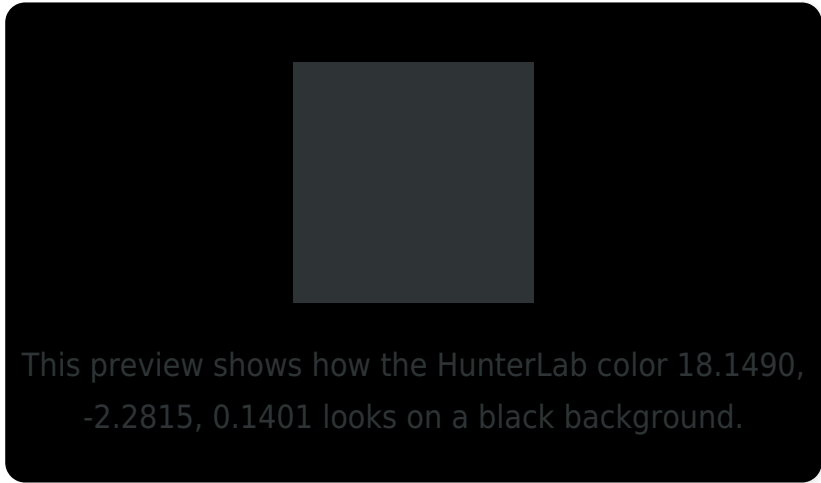
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

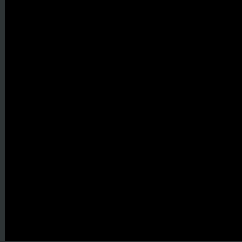
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

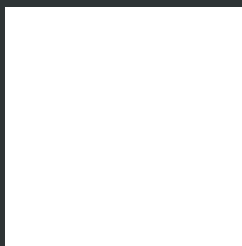
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401.



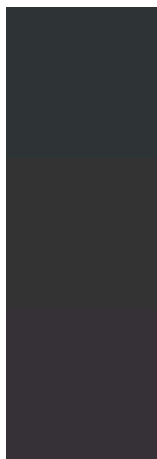
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1490, -2.2815,

0.1401.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401

Protanopia

18.2192, -0.8368, 0.6395

Deuteranopia

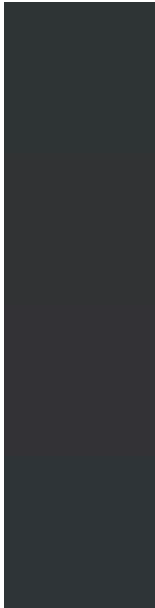
18.0201, 1.0096, -0.3614



Tritanopia

18.2273, -1.8478, -0.9708

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401

Protanomaly

18.0791, -1.3248, 0.4627

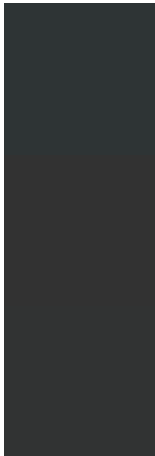
Deuteranomaly

18.0315, -0.1574, -0.3675

Tritanomaly

18.2007, -1.9949, -0.5940

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

18.0545, -1.4606, 0.8143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 52, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 52, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 52, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 52, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 52, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 52, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 52, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 52, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 52, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 52, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.1490, -2.2815, 0.1401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 52, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 52,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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