

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.1308, 23.4365,  
0.1881)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(18.1308, 23.4365,  
0.1881) contains.

<b>HunterLab(18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(18.1640, 23.3295,  
0.2090)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5E1836
RGB	94, 24, 54
RGB Percent	37%, 9%, 21%
CMY	0.6314, 0.9059, 0.7882
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 0.43, 0.63
HSL	334°, 59%, 23%
HSV	334°, 74%, 37%
XYZ	5.6086, 3.2993, 3.8313
YIQ	48.3500, 32.0900, 24.1700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

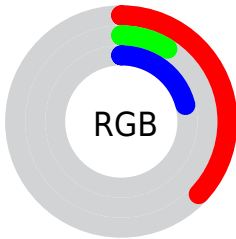
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	94, 24, 54
Decimal	6166582
CIE Lab	21.21, 34.29, -1.39
CIE LCh	21, 34.320, 357.678
Yxy	3.2995, 0.4403, 0.2590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284356662 (0xFF5E1836)
YUV	48.3500, 2.7855, 40.0351
Hunter-Lab	18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090

# Details

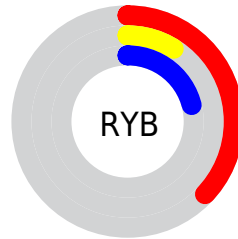
The HunterLab color **18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **29.2744, -18.8827, 7.8831**, and the grayscale version is **17.2928, -0.9227, 0.9396**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.5076, 26.3289, 0.5703**, and **7.8998, 13.7782, 3.1693** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1140, 25.6214, 1.0693**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5183, 20.4436, -0.3381**.

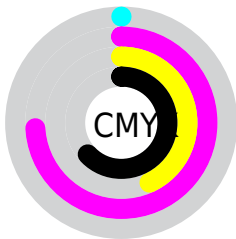
# Distribution



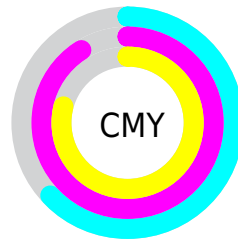
- Red (37%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



18.1640, 23.3295,  
0.2090

18.1640, 23.3295,  
0.2090

114.8343, 32.7554,  
4.8317

11.3579, 21.7241,  
-0.0534

34.6313, 26.2314,  
0.9261

3.6531, 41.0021,  
-1.3790

44.0981, 27.4844,  
1.3631

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

54.2982, 28.6138,  
1.8455

0.0000, NaN, NaN

65.1821, 29.6304,  
2.3697

0.0000, NaN, NaN

76.7095, 30.5445,  
2.9326

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

88.8461, 31.3650,

3.5319

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.5628, 32.0997,  
4.1655

18.1640, 23.3295,  
0.2090

18.1640, 23.3295,  
0.2090

17.1140, 25.6214,  
1.0693

19.5183, 20.4436,  
-0.3381

16.3370, 27.2795,  
2.1600

21.1470, 17.1803,  
-0.5811

15.9211, 28.2398,  
2.7349

23.0166, 13.7163,  
-0.5525

25.0934, 10.1774,  
-0.2949

27.3472, 6.6413,  
0.1502

■ 29.7524, 3.1499,  
0.7465

■ 32.2876, -0.2776,  
1.4644

■ 34.9353, -3.6361,  
2.2806

■ 37.6815, -6.9277,  
3.1772

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1645, 18.9560, -12.2281



18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090



18.1645, 20.0821, 7.7387

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1645, 23.3280, 0.2095



18.1645, -9.2774, 11.3076



18.1645, -10.3849, -23.1916

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090



29.2744, -18.8827, 7.8831

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1645, -15.3810, -10.1066



18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090



18.1645, -14.8487, 8.4480

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1645, 23.3280, 0.2095



18.1645, -0.1616, 12.1973



18.1645, -16.8136, 1.7349



18.1645, -1.7649, -29.6624



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090



18.1645, 14.3633, 10.1625



18.1645, -16.8136, 1.7349



18.1645, -12.4645, -19.1583

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1645, 23.3280, 0.2095



36.7401, 7.9604, 0.3258



15.9390, 21.8298, -29.1879



17.7375, 4.2666, 0.1026



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1645, 23.3280, 0.2095



21.8963, 35.4757, 2.4826



18.1888, 19.3222, 8.7285



15.3701, 0.5923, 0.5619



18.7022, 33.1250, 3.5821



43.5687, 76.7975, 11.2164



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.1645, 23.3280, 0.2095



21.8963, 35.4757, 2.4826



28.6406, -12.7428, -4.4971



15.3701, 0.5923, 0.5619



18.7022, 33.1250, 3.5821

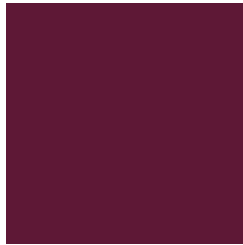


43.5687, 76.7975, 11.2164



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

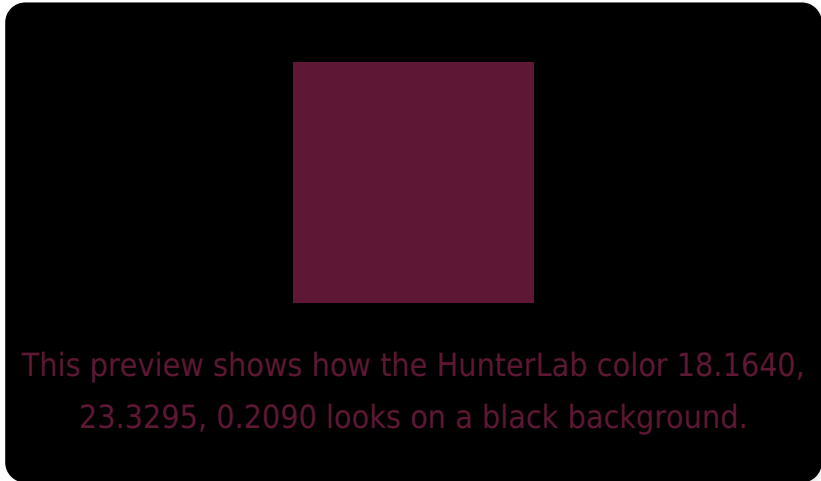
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

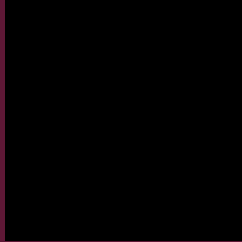
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1640, 23.3295,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090

### Protanopia

18.7490, 0.8691, -7.2830

### Deuteranopia

18.7249, 0.8468, 1.6360



## Tritanopia

18.3157, 18.8770, 7.4201

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090

## Protanomaly

17.6849, 8.3795, -5.7222

## Deuteranomaly

17.8140, 9.0194, 0.3219

## Tritanomaly

18.1773, 20.1928, 5.2935

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090

## Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

## Achromatomaly

16.7486, 7.7915, -0.2256

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 24, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 24, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 24, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 24, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 24, 54) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 24, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 24, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 24, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 24, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 24, 54)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.1640, 23.3295, 0.2090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 24, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 24,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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