

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.1585, 36.3798,
-29.2179)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.1585, 36.3798,
-29.2179) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.1286, 36.3373,
-29.3048)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D0066
RGB	93, 0, 102
RGB Percent	36%, 0%, 40%
CMY	0.6353, 1.0000, 0.6000
CMYK	0.09, 1.00, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	295°, 100%, 20%
HSV	295°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	6.9125, 3.2865, 12.8404
YIQ	39.4350, 22.6860, 51.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

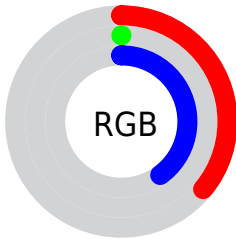
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 0, 102
Decimal	6094950
CIE _{Lab}	21.16, 48.55, -34.01
CIE _{LCh}	21, 59.278, 324.984
Yxy	3.2866, 0.3000, 0.1426
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284285030 (0xFF5D0066)
YUV	39.4350, 30.8445, 46.9765
Hunter-Lab	18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048

Details

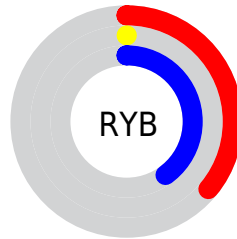
The HunterLab color **18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **30.9207, -26.0315, 18.5972**, and the grayscale version is **14.2834, -0.7621, 0.7760**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6141, 40.4376, -30.3290**, and **9.0787, 18.4812, -16.8744** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.1287, 36.3374, -29.3047**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.8554, 34.3587, -27.3070**.

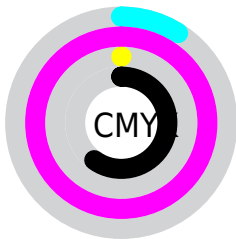
Distribution



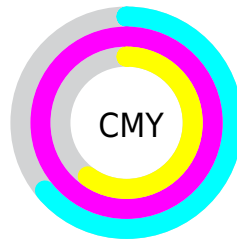
- Red (36%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.1286, 36.3373,
-29.3048

■ 18.1286, 36.3373,
-29.3048

■ 114.7687, 50.3302,
-33.8648

■ 11.3275, 34.5949,
-29.7008

■ 34.5873, 40.1276,
-30.1360

■ 3.5789, 63.4525,
-55.4868

■ 44.0504, 41.9086,
-30.7466

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 54.2470, 43.5774,
-31.3636

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 65.1278, 45.1329,
-31.9553

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.6521, 46.5797,
-32.5065

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.7859, 47.9239,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-33.0101

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.4998, 49.1719,
-33.4631

18.1286, 36.3373,
-29.3048

18.1286, 36.3373,
-29.3048

18.1287, 36.3374,
-29.3047

18.8554, 34.3587,
-27.3070

19.7389, 31.9619,
-25.0353

20.9508, 28.6882,
-22.1619

22.4749, 24.7768,
-18.8788

24.2824, 20.4716,
-15.3720

■ 26.3395, 15.9708,
-11.7861

■ 28.6130, 11.4122,
-8.2166

■ 31.0728, 6.8803,
-4.7182

■ 33.6932, 2.4207,
-1.3163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.1290, 15.8285, -60.0634



18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048



18.1290, 47.1376, -2.0897

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.1290, 36.3365, -29.3038



18.1290, 2.1154, 12.6903



18.1290, -22.7003, -18.7959

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048



30.9207, -26.0315, 18.5972

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.1290, -23.9998, 3.6037



18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048



18.1290, -13.2553, 12.6903

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.1290, 36.3365, -29.3038



18.1290, 23.0845, 12.6903



18.1290, -21.3165, 12.1270



18.1290, -16.6975, -50.8763

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048



18.1290, 45.2230, 7.5372



18.1290, -21.3165, 12.1270



18.1290, -23.5699, -9.5825

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.1290, 36.3365, -29.3038



37.6215, 15.6352, -11.2873



10.8667, 22.1985, -61.5011



17.8329, 8.4563, -6.1545



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.1290, 36.3365, -29.3038



23.9586, 48.0519, -38.9516



17.7876, 32.3668, -3.2837



16.9628, 0.9718, -0.4777



20.5248, 41.1519, -33.2685



46.6674, 93.6884, -76.5798

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.8660, 28.9991, 9.9915



22.3156, 38.3318, 13.5231



31.0830, -24.8305, 14.7513



16.8820, 0.4680, 1.2055



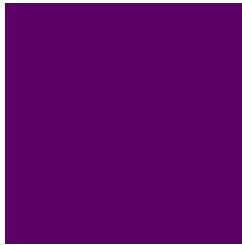
19.1052, 32.8344, 11.4451



43.5627, 74.7299, 27.1608

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

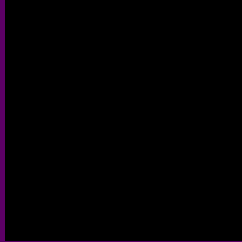
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048

Protanopia

19.2195, 4.8376, -34.4657

Deuteranopia

19.2752, 0.9591, -22.1455



Tritanopia

19.1584, 13.3618, 4.9662

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048

Protanomaly

16.0214, 15.8427, -42.3532

Deuteranomaly

16.3241, 14.4323, -31.6580

Tritanomaly

17.8585, 22.6505, -4.7026

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048

Achromatopsia

14.2438, -0.7600, 0.7739

Achromatomaly

14.0459, 13.8086, -10.3409

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 0, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 0, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 0, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 0, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 0, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 0, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 0, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 0, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 0, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 0, 102)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.1286, 36.3373, -29.3048 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 0, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 0,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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