

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.2879, -1.9206,
-18.7123)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.2879, -1.9206,
-18.7123) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.2836, -1.9208,
-18.7065)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003658
RGB	0, 54, 88
RGB Percent	0%, 21%, 35%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7882, 0.6549
CMYK	1.00, 0.39, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	203°, 100%, 17%
HSV	203°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	3.0806, 3.3429, 9.7154
YIQ	41.7300, -43.0980, -0.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

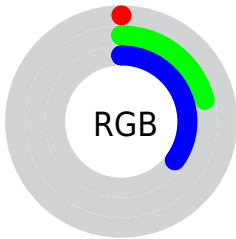
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 33, 88
Decimal	13912
CIE Lab	21.37, -1.65, -24.94
CIE LCh	21, 24.998, 266.214
Yxy	3.3430, 0.1909, 0.2071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203992 (0xFF003658)
YUV	41.7300, 22.8111, -36.5972
Hunter-Lab	18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065

Details

The HunterLab color **18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **17.9421, 14.3333, 11.3061**, and the grayscale version is **15.0672, -0.8039, 0.8186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.6498, -2.9681, -19.8444**, and **6.0211, 4.7484, -17.7763** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2830, -1.9198, -18.7080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3066, -2.7703, -16.5048**.

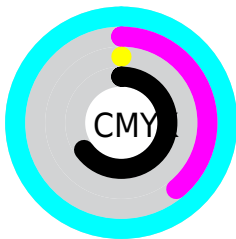
Distribution



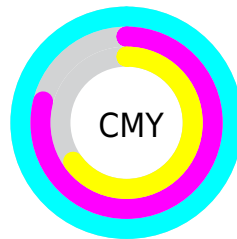
- Red (0%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.2836, -1.9208,
-18.7065

■ 18.2836, -1.9208,
-18.7065

■ 115.0549, -7.9005,
-22.0305

■ 11.4600, -1.4169,
-18.4028

■ 34.7793, -3.0313,
-19.7364

■ 3.8921, -2.0558,
-31.5614

■ 44.2585, -3.6371,
-20.2336

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.4701, -4.2747,
-20.6793

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.3648, -4.9430,
-21.0666

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.9023, -5.6408,
-21.3939

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.0486, -6.3669,

-21.6622

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.7746, -7.1205,
-21.8736

18.2836, -1.9208,
-18.7065

18.2836, -1.9208,
-18.7065

18.2830, -1.9198,
-18.7080

19.3066, -2.7703,
-16.5048

20.3610, -3.5299,
-14.4001

21.4922, -4.0351,
-12.2970

22.6975, -4.2937,
-10.2063

23.9727, -4.3216,
-8.1380

■ 25.3134, -4.1377,
-6.0994

■ 26.7148, -3.7615,
-4.0948

■ 28.1725, -3.2124,
-2.1268

■ 29.6823, -2.5085,
-0.1958

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2839, -8.3349, -14.5015



18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065



18.2839, 5.8505, -16.1191

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.2839, -1.9205, -18.7061



18.2839, 13.8686, 6.0834



18.2839, -11.4985, 7.1055

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065



17.9421, 14.3333, 11.3061

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2839, -6.9289, 9.5285



18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065



18.2839, 7.7680, 9.1276

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.2839, -1.9205, -18.7061



18.2839, 15.7816, 0.0646



18.2839, -0.0131, 10.1011



18.2839, -13.2713, 1.8794

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065



18.2839, 10.6619, -11.2925



18.2839, -0.0131, 10.1011



18.2839, -10.2786, 8.1782

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.2839, -1.9205, -18.7061



35.1374, -5.0346, -5.6781



26.6337, -21.3100, 12.7135



17.4325, -2.6101, -3.2152



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.2839, -1.9205, -18.7061



23.7992, -1.9264, -25.5884



9.6314, 17.8586, -50.5873



14.9720, -1.2088, 0.0198



22.1971, -1.9273, -23.5840



50.8991, -1.7376, -59.8685

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3011, 27.9415, -3.6061



20.1874, 36.7878, -4.1351



27.3603, -3.9728, 16.7893



14.6221, 0.6469, 0.2625



18.7671, 34.2173, -3.9827



44.2790, 80.3733, -6.6133

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

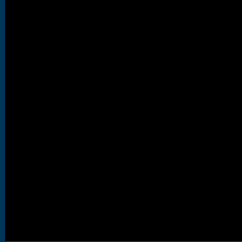
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065

Protanopia

18.5354, 2.4520, -16.0268

Deuteranopia

18.3500, 0.8670, -18.5084



Tritanopia

18.3682, -8.9910, -3.5497

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065

Protanomaly

18.2265, 0.2691, -17.4035

Deuteranomaly

18.3329, -0.4557, -18.5700

Tritanomaly

18.3880, -6.9353, -8.0121

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.8201, -2.6548, -5.8052

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 54, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 54, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 54, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 54, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 54, 88) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 54, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 54, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 54, 88); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 88); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.2836, -1.9208, -18.7065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 54, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 54,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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