

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.4038, 0.6296,
-0.7432)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.4038, 0.6296, -0.7432)
contains.

HunterLab(18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(18.3057, 0.8819,
-0.8225)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363238
RGB	54, 50, 56
RGB Percent	21%, 20%, 22%
CMY	0.7882, 0.8039, 0.7804
CMYK	0.04, 0.11, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	280°, 6%, 21%
HSV	280°, 11%, 22%
XYZ	3.3757, 3.3510, 4.2102
YIQ	51.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 50, 56
Decimal	3551800
CIE Lab	21.40, 3.15, -3.15
CIE LCh	21, 4.459, 315.031
Yxy	3.3511, 0.3087, 0.3064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281741880 (0xFF363238)
YUV	51.8800, 2.0312, 1.8592
Hunter-Lab	18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225

Details

The HunterLab color **18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.4648, -2.8273, 2.7524**, and the grayscale version is **18.4842, -0.9863, 1.0043**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.8019, 0.6342, -0.4052**, and **3.9839, 3.3507, -3.1533** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8836, 2.7268, -2.6874**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7796, -0.9330, 0.9567**.

Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (20%)

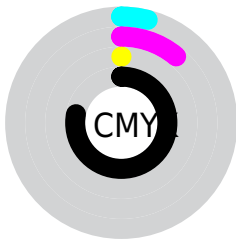
Blue (22%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (22%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.3057, 0.8819,
-0.8225

■ 18.3057, 0.8819,
-0.8225

■ 115.0959, -2.7628,
3.0211

■ 11.4790, 0.9896,
-0.9592

■ 34.8068, 0.4287,
-0.3209

■ 3.9349, 3.2832,
-3.1053

■ 44.2883, 0.1089,
0.0212

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5020, -0.2631,
0.4149

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.3988, -0.6823,
0.8555

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.9382, -1.1447,
1.3391

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.0863, -1.6473,

1.8629

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.8139, -2.1874,
2.4243

■ 18.3057, 0.8819,
-0.8225

■ 18.3057, 0.8819,
-0.8225

■ 16.8836, 2.7268,
-2.6874

■ 19.7796, -0.9330,
0.9567

■ 15.5192, 4.6028,
-4.6503

■ 21.2982, -2.7185,
2.6610

■ 14.2218, 6.5042,
-6.7205

■ 22.8573, -4.4783,
4.3012

■ 13.0021, 8.4177,
-8.9018

■ 24.4527, -6.2157,
5.8871

■ 11.8732, 10.3163,
-11.1862

■ 26.0813, -7.9342,
7.4270

■ 10.8507, 12.1519,
-13.5449

■ 27.7402, -9.6371,
8.9281

■ 9.9517, 13.8477,
-15.9159

■ 29.4272, -11.3271,
10.3964

■ 9.1162, 15.5606,
-18.4436

■ 31.1401, -13.0069,
11.8372

■ 8.2765, 17.6235,
-21.3937

■ 32.8774, -14.6787,
13.2548

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3061, -0.3046, -1.5329



18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225



18.3061, 1.5791, 0.3518

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3061, 0.8815, -0.8222



18.3061, -0.3073, 3.2101



18.3061, -3.4008, 0.3492

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225



19.4648, -2.8273, 2.7524

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.3061, -3.4015, 1.6184



18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225



18.3061, -1.6413, 3.2095

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3061, 0.8815, -0.8222



18.3061, 0.8794, 2.6474



18.3061, -2.7656, 2.6457



18.3061, -2.7637, -0.8242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225



18.3061, 1.6608, 1.2101



18.3061, -2.7656, 2.6457



18.3061, -3.4749, 0.7801

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3061, 0.8815, -0.8222



25.5314, -0.6481, 0.6967



18.5167, -0.9608, -0.5868



13.6179, -0.2826, 0.3103



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3061, 0.8815, -0.8222



23.5129, 1.8712, -1.7927



18.4361, 1.2715, -0.2821



10.1215, 0.2429, -0.2128



13.2950, 28.5537, -36.2577



33.5544, 72.7519, -96.8358

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3576, 0.8506, 0.8336



23.6019, 1.8211, 1.0207



19.3511, -3.1937, 2.3071



10.1428, 0.2295, 0.4793



15.3684, 26.9490, 5.0458



39.4830, 68.8378, 16.0409

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

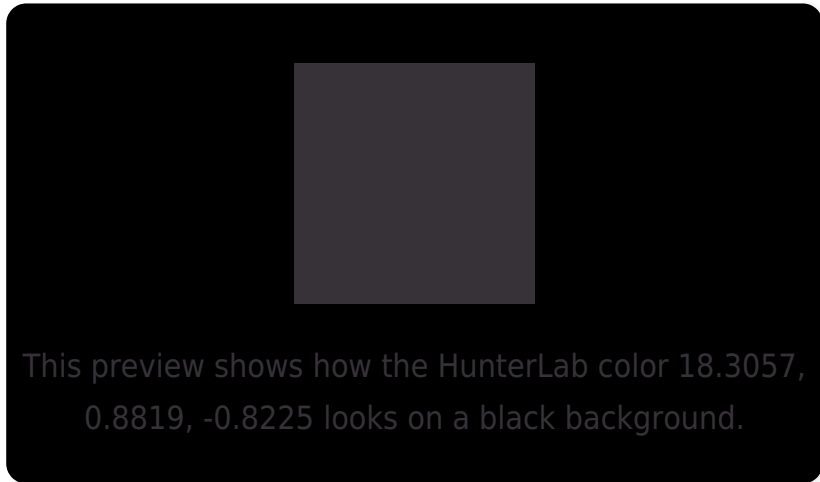
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

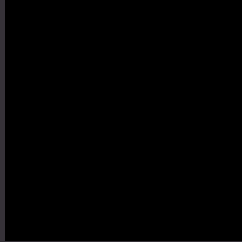
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225.



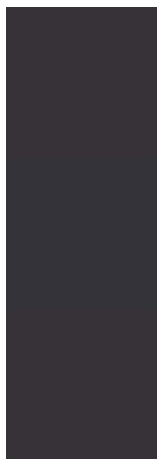
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225.

-0.8225.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225

Protanopia

18.3490, -0.1290, -1.2034

Deuteranopia

18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225



Tritanopia

18.2533, 0.5994, -0.0782

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225

Protanomaly

18.4204, 0.1156, -1.1067

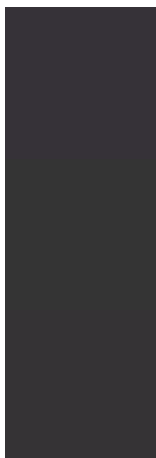
Deuteranomaly

18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225

Tritanomaly

18.2792, 0.7394, -0.4471

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

18.3891, -0.2004, 0.4681

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 50, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 50, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 50, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 50, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 50, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 50, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 50, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 50, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 50, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 50, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.3057, 0.8819, -0.8225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 50, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 50,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor