

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.4308, -0.7921,
4.2738)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.4308, -0.7921, 4.2738)
contains.

HunterLab(18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(18.3727, -0.7457,
4.2393)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38332A
RGB	56, 51, 42
RGB Percent	22%, 20%, 16%
CMY	0.7804, 0.8000, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.25, 0.78
HSL	39°, 14%, 19%
HSV	39°, 25%, 22%
XYZ	3.2326, 3.3756, 2.6716
YIQ	51.4690, 5.8690, -1.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

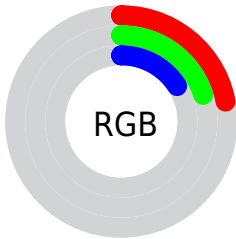
Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 56, 42
Decimal	3683114
CIE Lab	21.49, 0.41, 6.52
CIE LCh	21, 6.533, 86.444
Yxy	3.3757, 0.3483, 0.3638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281873194 (0xFF38332A)
YUV	51.4690, -4.6682, 3.9737
Hunter-Lab	18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393

Details

The HunterLab color **18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.7652, -0.7502, -2.9139**, and the grayscale version is **18.3664, -0.9800, 0.9979**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.8153, -1.5119, 6.0711**, and **4.0819, 0.1564, 2.5180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.7972, -0.5156, 5.2897**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9662, -0.9158, 3.0639**.

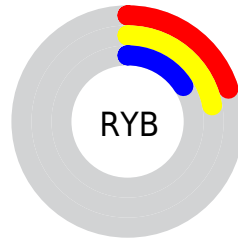
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (20%)

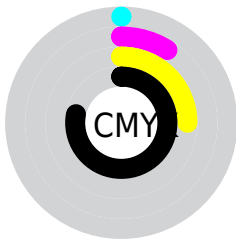
Blue (16%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (16%)

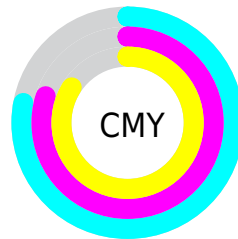


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.3727, -0.7457,
4.2393

■ 18.3727, -0.7457,
4.2393

■ 115.2196, -5.7213,
12.6964

■ 11.5364, -0.4147,
3.3003

■ 34.8899, -1.5727,
6.0580

■ 4.0612, 0.2178,
2.8428

■ 44.3783, -2.0552,
6.9667

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5984, -2.5786,
7.8846

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.5012, -3.1399,
8.8151

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.0463, -3.7366,
9.7603

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.1998, -4.3669,

10.7218

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.9326, -5.0289,
11.7003

18.3727, -0.7457,
4.2393

18.3727, -0.7457,
4.2393

17.7972, -0.5156,
5.2897

18.9662, -0.9158,
3.0639

17.2391, -0.2215,
6.2077

19.5757, -1.0268,
1.7698

16.6998, 0.1378,
6.9871

20.2007, -1.0818,
0.3639

16.1798, 0.5637,
7.6224

20.8407, -1.0836,
-1.1468

15.6800, 1.0566,
8.1094

21.4949, -1.0351,
-2.7559

■ 15.2004, 1.6132,
8.4537

■ 22.1627, -0.9389,
-4.4574

■ 14.7321, 2.1829,
8.7925

■ 22.8433, -0.7976,
-6.2453

■ 14.5012, 2.4659,
8.9787

■ 23.5363, -0.6138,
-8.1144

■ 24.2411, -0.3900,
-10.0593

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3731, 1.1554, 3.7517



18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393



18.3731, -2.6347, 3.9375

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3731, -0.7463, 4.2396



18.3731, -4.2452, -0.6746



18.3731, 2.2765, -1.1009

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393



16.7652, -0.7502, -2.9139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.3731, 0.7327, -2.5201



18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393



18.3731, -3.0246, -2.2563

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3731, -0.7463, 4.2396



18.3731, -4.6043, 1.2218



18.3731, -1.2152, -2.9635



18.3731, 2.9462, 0.7756

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393



18.3731, -3.6416, 3.3096



18.3731, -1.2152, -2.9635



18.3731, 1.8394, -1.6545

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3731, -0.7463, 4.2396



25.5512, -1.3225, 2.7421



16.4409, 3.5246, 0.4431



13.6831, -0.7084, 1.4647



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3731, -0.7463, 4.2396



23.6633, -0.7924, 6.4965



19.4512, -3.2000, 5.2527



10.5115, -0.5405, 1.2016



23.2279, 5.1433, 14.4030



58.4435, 16.3156, 36.2982

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7652, -0.7502, -2.9139



21.0155, -0.7813, -5.3168



15.7290, 1.6942, -4.3813



10.2159, -0.5438, -0.1088



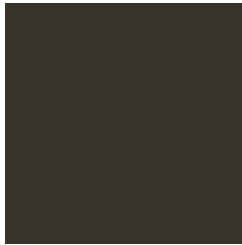
13.5815, 8.5732, -35.4828



32.5911, 28.2499, -101.7194

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

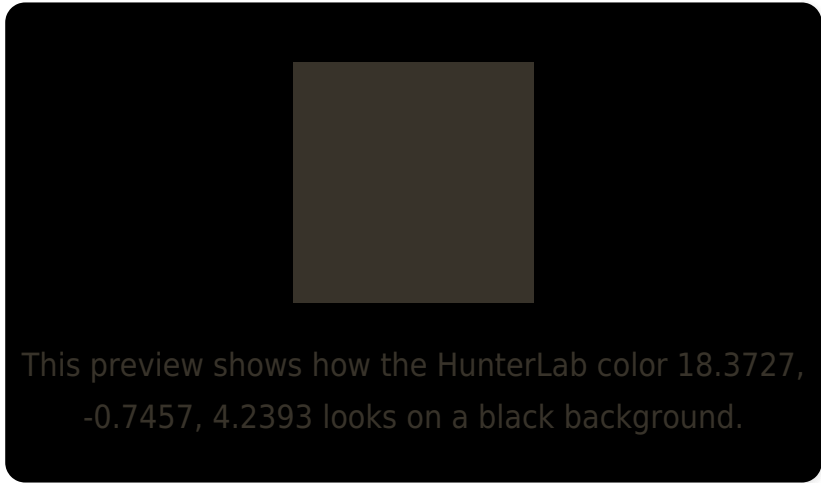
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

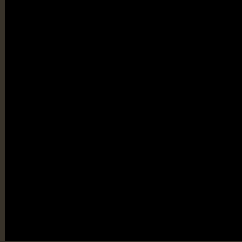
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393.

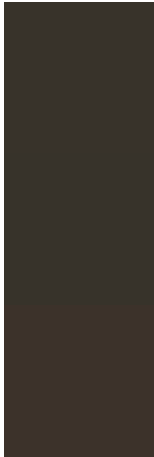


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.3727, -0.7457,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393

Protanopia

18.2949, -1.0159, 4.1566

Deuteranopia

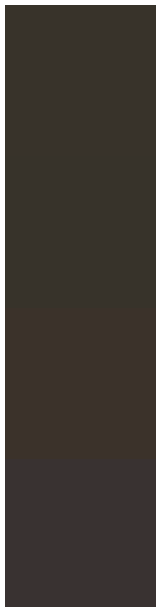
18.4636, 0.7716, 4.3566



Tritanopia

18.2305, 1.6636, 0.3086

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393

Protanomaly

18.2949, -1.0159, 4.1566

Deuteranomaly

18.3798, 0.4877, 4.2680

Tritanomaly

18.3652, 0.7352, 1.9486

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393

Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Achromatomaly

18.2700, -0.8496, 2.1684

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 51, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 51, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 51, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 51, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 51, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 51, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 51, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 51, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 51, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 51, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.3727, -0.7457, 4.2393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 51, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 51,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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