

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.4865, 0.7145,
0.8747)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.4865, 0.7145, 0.8747)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.3573, 0.8509,
0.8336)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	383234
RGB	56, 50, 52
RGB Percent	22%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.7804, 0.8039, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.07, 0.78
HSL	340°, 6%, 21%
HSV	340°, 11%, 22%
XYZ	3.3913, 3.3699, 3.7205
YIQ	52.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 50, 52
Decimal	3682868
CIE Lab	21.47, 3.10, -0.30
CIE LCh	21, 3.119, 354.498
Yxy	3.3701, 0.3235, 0.3215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281872948 (0xFF383234)
YUV	52.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887
Hunter-Lab	18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336

Details

The HunterLab color **18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.4240, -2.7878, 1.2665**, and the grayscale version is **18.5381, -0.9891, 1.0072**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.8298, 0.4495, 1.7995**, and **4.0477, 3.1216, 0.0251** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9935, 2.6729, 0.6610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7828, -0.9353, 1.0623**.

Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (20%)

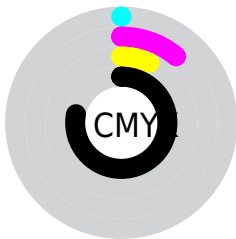
Blue (20%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (20%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.3573, 0.8509,
0.8336

■ 18.3573, 0.8509,
0.8336

■ 115.1911, -2.8208,
5.9662

■ 11.5232, 0.9631,
0.4854

■ 34.8708, 0.3900,
1.6937

■ 4.0325, 3.1395,
-0.0879

■ 44.3576, 0.0669,
2.1931

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5762, -0.3082,
2.7335

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.4776, -0.7302,
3.3122

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.0214, -1.1954,
3.9266

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.1737, -1.7005,

4.5748

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.9054, -2.2430,
5.2551

■ 18.3573, 0.8509,
0.8336

■ 18.3573, 0.8509,
0.8336

■ 16.9935, 2.6729,
0.6610

■ 19.7828, -0.9353,
1.0623

■ 15.6993, 4.5283,
0.5545

■ 21.2614, -2.6846,
1.3373

■ 14.4858, 6.4059,
0.5273

■ 22.7875, -4.3999,
1.6515

■ 13.3659, 8.2837,
0.5935

■ 24.3559, -6.0846,
1.9990

■ 12.3544, 10.1230,
0.7678

■ 25.9625, -7.7425,
2.3751

■ 11.4675, 11.8637,
1.0622

■ 27.6038, -9.3773,
2.7758

■ 10.7217, 13.4225,
1.4819

■ 29.2767, -10.9924,
3.1979

■ 10.0603, 14.9249,
1.9487

■ 30.9788, -12.5910,
3.6390

■ 9.4161, 16.6124,
2.3089

■ 32.7078, -14.1760,
4.0969

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3577, 0.5117, -0.0258



18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336



18.3577, 0.6905, 1.6969

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3577, 0.8504, 0.8339



18.3577, -1.7228, 2.4937



18.3577, -2.0167, -0.4538

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336



19.4240, -2.7878, 1.2665

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.3577, -2.5938, 0.2731



18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336



18.3577, -2.4265, 1.9684

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3577, 0.8504, 0.8339



18.3577, -0.8072, 2.6271



18.3577, -2.7424, 1.1631



18.3577, -1.1532, -0.7928

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336



18.3577, 0.3244, 2.1621



18.3577, -2.7424, 1.1631



18.3577, -2.2499, -0.2450

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3577, 0.8504, 0.8339



25.5499, -0.6612, 1.3176



18.3062, 0.8815, -0.8221



13.6295, -0.2907, 0.6969



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3577, 0.8504, 0.8339



23.6019, 1.8209, 1.0213



18.5441, 0.1842, 1.7814



10.1427, 0.2294, 0.4794



15.3681, 26.9481, 5.0494



39.4825, 68.8357, 16.0495

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3577, 0.8504, 0.8339



23.6019, 1.8209, 1.0213



19.2253, -2.1181, 0.2710



10.1427, 0.2294, 0.4794



15.3681, 26.9481, 5.0494



39.4825, 68.8357, 16.0495

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

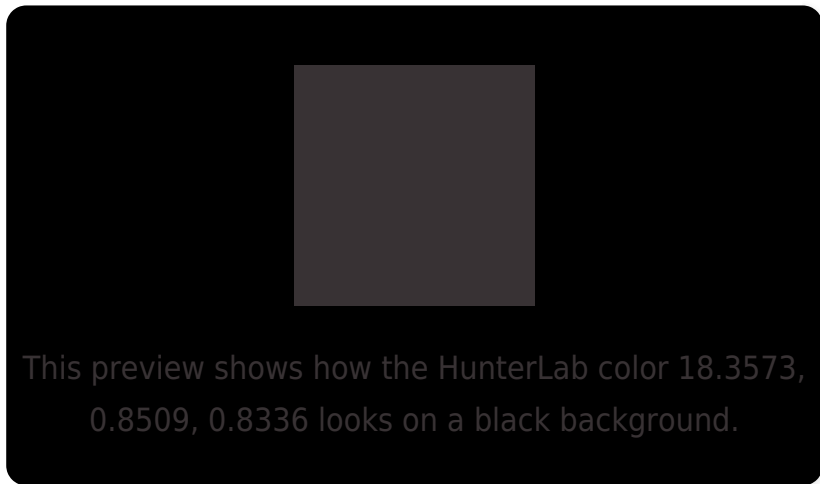
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

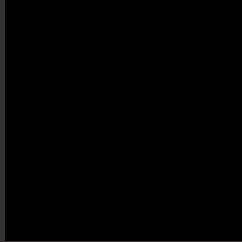
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336.



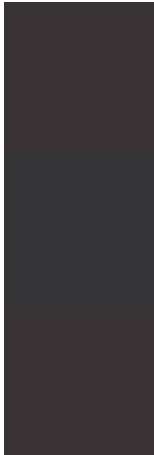
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.3573, 0.8509,

0.8336.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336

Protanopia

18.3160, -0.4520, 0.3754

Deuteranopia

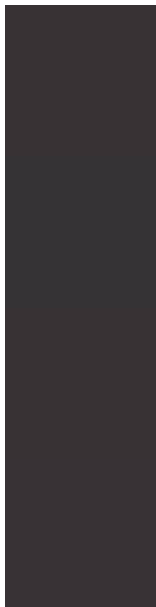
18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336



Tritanopia

18.4073, 1.1199, 0.1207

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336

Protanomaly

18.3891, -0.2004, 0.4681

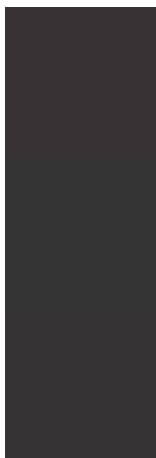
Deuteranomaly

18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336

Tritanomaly

18.3821, 0.9842, 0.4804

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

18.3643, -0.3352, 0.8212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 50, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 50, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 50, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 50, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 50, 52) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 50, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 50, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 50, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 50, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 50, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.3573, 0.8509, 0.8336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 50, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 50,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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