

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5117, -7.0828,
-1.2297)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5117, -7.0828,
-1.2297) contains.

HunterLab(18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(18.5507, -7.1797,
-1.0667)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A3939
RGB	26, 57, 57
RGB Percent	10%, 22%, 22%
CMY	0.8980, 0.7765, 0.7765
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	180°, 37%, 16%
HSV	180°, 54%, 22%
XYZ	2.6277, 3.4413, 4.3967
YIQ	47.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

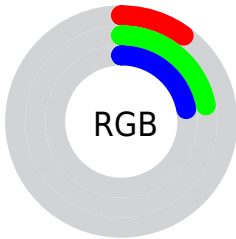
Format	Color
R_{YB}	26, 42, 57
Decimal	1718585
CIE _{Lab}	21.73, -11.45, -3.56
CIE _{LCh}	22, 11.988, 197.280
Yxy	3.4414, 0.2511, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279908665 (0xFF1A3939)
YUV	47.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581
Hunter-Lab	18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667




Details

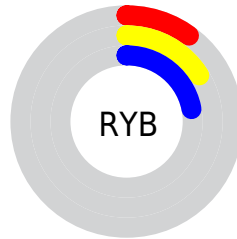
The HunterLab color **18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **12.9743, 8.1583, 3.6711**, and the grayscale version is **17.0928, -0.9120, 0.9287**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.0950, -9.5540, -0.6677**, and **5.4282, -2.5694, -1.2381** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.3676, -7.8830, -1.3153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7726, -6.3408, -0.7693**.

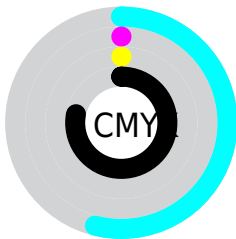
Distribution







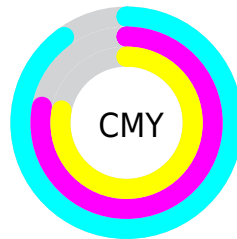
-  Red (10%)
-  Green (22%)
-  Blue (22%)






-  Red (10%)
-  Yellow (16%)
-  Blue (22%)



-  Cyan (54%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (78%)



-  Cyan (90%)
-  Magenta (78%)
-  Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5507, -7.1797,
-1.0667

■ 18.5507, -7.1797,
-1.0667

■ 115.5473,
-18.1467, 2.6123

■ 11.6889, -5.7936,
-1.1784

■ 35.1101, -9.7235,
-0.6095

■ 4.3782, -7.6618,
-3.1331

■ 44.6168, -10.9426,
-0.2874

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.8540, -12.1464,
0.0875

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.7728, -13.3431,
0.5103

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.3330, -14.5382,
0.9770

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.5008, -15.7354,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.4846

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.2473,
-16.9376, 2.0304

18.5507, -7.1797,
-1.0667

18.5507, -7.1797,
-1.0667

18.3676, -7.8830,
-1.3153

18.7726, -6.3408,
-0.7693

18.2209, -8.4508,
-1.5162

19.0331, -5.3680,
-0.4245

18.1086, -8.8891,
-1.6711

19.3328, -4.2660,
-0.0335

18.0068, -9.2893,
-1.8125

19.6719, -3.0411,
0.4014

17.9493, -9.5161,
-1.8927

20.0500, -1.7010,
0.8778

■ 20.4665, -0.2545,
1.3927

■ 20.9204, 1.2891,
1.9427

■ 21.4109, 2.9202,
2.5248

■ 21.9367, 4.6295,
3.1356

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5511, -7.3035, 2.4093



18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667



18.5511, -5.4804, -4.5426

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5511, -7.1798, -1.0664



18.5511, 4.4043, -4.0668



18.5511, 0.5667, 6.3767

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667



12.9743, 8.1583, 3.6711

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5511, 3.9710, 5.2451



18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667



18.5511, 6.2981, -0.5080

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5511, -7.1798, -1.0664



18.5511, 1.1221, -6.4899



18.5511, 6.1337, 2.8707



18.5511, -3.0132, 6.2846

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667



18.5511, -3.6032, -6.1941



18.5511, 6.1337, 2.8707



18.5511, 1.7746, 6.1375

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5511, -7.1798, -1.0664



25.3231, -4.3213, 0.3805



17.9651, -10.6828, 7.6575



13.5457, -2.3628, 0.1863



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5511, -7.1798, -1.0664



23.6700, -10.4827, -1.8036



14.7385, -1.6528, -6.5195



10.6149, -1.1949, 0.3661



28.9635, -15.3554, -3.0540



74.7996, -39.6561, -7.8869

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9743, 8.1583, 3.6711



15.0383, 13.7091, 5.6804



15.9037, 2.0942, 6.1928



10.1223, 0.1190, 0.7709



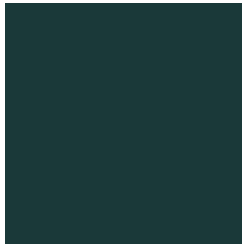
15.0500, 25.7736, 9.7248



38.8673, 66.5614, 25.1149

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

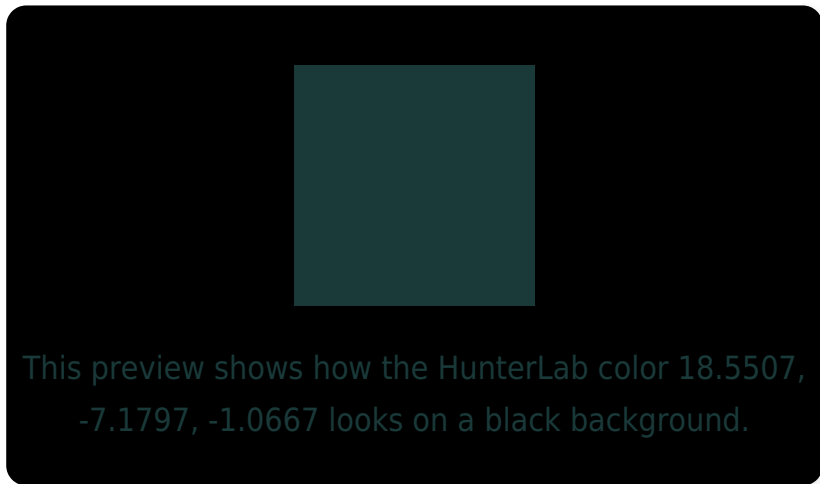
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

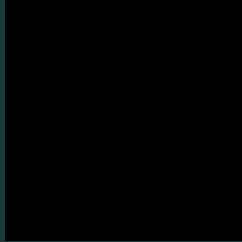
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

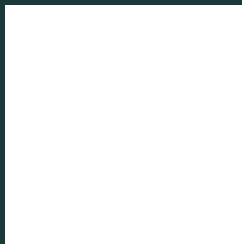
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667.

-1.0667.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667

Protanopia

18.5806, -0.7174, 0.3002

Deuteranopia

18.5941, 0.7608, -1.2932



Tritanopia

18.4344, -6.0342, -2.9459

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667

Protanomaly

18.5142, -3.4278, -0.2265

Deuteranomaly

18.4043, -2.3784, -1.5968

Tritanomaly

18.4054, -6.2010, -2.5383

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

17.4865, -3.4849, 0.0948

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 57, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 57, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 57, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 57, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 57, 57) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 57, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 57, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 57, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 57, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 57, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5507, -7.1797, -1.0667 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 57, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 57,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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