

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5143, -22.6916,
12.9600)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5143, -22.6916,
12.9600) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(19.7394,
-16.9265, 11.8670)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004200
RGB	0, 66, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 26%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7412, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.74
HSL	120°, 100%, 13%
HSV	120°, 100%, 26%
XYZ	1.9482, 3.8964, 0.6494
YIQ	38.7420, -18.1500, -34.5180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

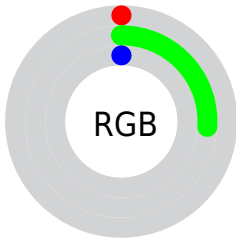
Format	Color
RYB	0, 66, 66
Decimal	16896
CIELab	23.33, -32.67, 30.93
CIELCh	23, 44.989, 136.571
Yxy	3.8966, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278206976 (0xFF004200)
YUV	38.7420, -19.0998, -33.9767
Hunter-Lab	19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670

Details

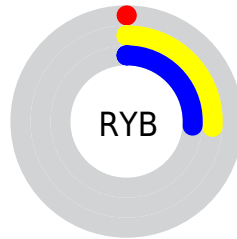
The HunterLab color **19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **12.4565, 24.4896, -16.4284**, and the grayscale version is **14.2248, -0.7590, 0.7729**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36.6124, -22.7875, 17.6331**, and **7.0733, -6.0653, 4.2523** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.7398, -16.9268, 11.8671**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8838, -16.2401, 11.4027**.

Distribution



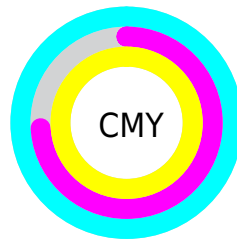
- Red (0%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.7394, -16.9265,
11.8670

■ 19.7394, -16.9265,
11.8670

■ 117.7186,
-39.3867, 33.8473

■ 12.7118, -13.7546,
8.8982

■ 36.5753, -22.8290,
17.5857

■ 6.0686, -10.6200,
4.2480

■ 46.2022, -25.4705,
20.1939

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.5512, -27.9795,
22.6666

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.5747, -30.3883,
25.0353

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.2340, -32.7190,
27.3227


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 91.4960, -34.9880,


29.5458


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 104.3324,
-37.2074, 31.7174


 19.7394, -16.9265,
11.8670


 19.7394, -16.9265,
11.8670


 19.7398, -16.9268,
11.8671

 19.8838, -16.2401,
11.4027

 20.0332, -15.5339,
10.9251

 20.2313, -14.6066,
10.2981

 20.4888, -13.4167,
9.4935

 20.8081, -11.9651,
8.5122

■ 21.1902, -10.2601,
7.3596

■ 21.6356, -8.3159,
6.0455

■ 22.1435, -6.1510,
4.5825

■ 22.7127, -3.7866,
2.9849

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.7398, -8.0982, 13.8179



19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670



19.7398, -20.8715, 6.1045

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.7398, -16.9268, 11.8671



19.7398, -6.8734, -42.9466



19.7398, 31.5567, 7.0262

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670



12.4565, 24.4896, -16.4284

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7398, 32.1538, -5.7712



19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670



19.7398, 7.1408, -41.9779

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.7398, -16.9268, 11.8671



19.7398, -16.2446, -27.6494



19.7398, 22.2831, -25.5275



19.7398, 20.8253, 12.2333

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670



19.7398, -21.1741, -2.0541



19.7398, 22.2831, -25.5275



19.7398, 33.0345, 3.7623

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.7398, -16.9268, 11.8671



28.4320, -11.3126, 8.2060



22.4831, -6.0388, 13.7482



14.4195, -5.9831, 4.3289



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.7398, -16.9268, 11.8671



26.0152, -22.3080, 15.6398



20.0160, -15.2051, 7.8053



12.0934, -1.8145, 1.4522



29.2077, -25.0456, 17.5591



73.1619, -62.7362, 43.9836

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4565, 24.4896, -16.4284



16.4165, 32.2752, -21.6511



11.2611, 20.2598, -0.2822



11.6477, 0.5925, -0.1927



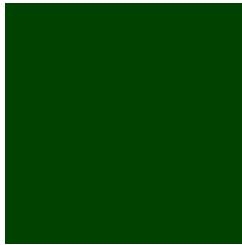
18.4311, 36.2360, -24.3081



46.1677, 90.7667, -60.8885

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

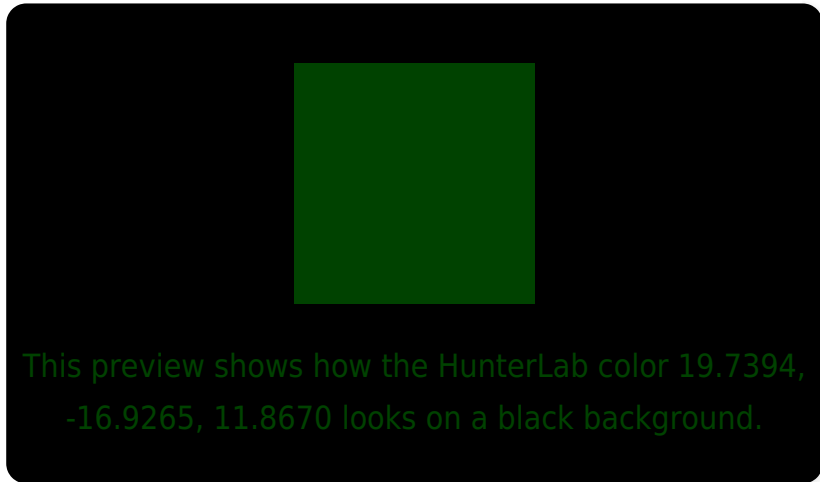
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

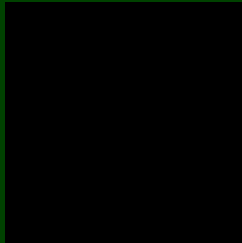
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 19.7394,

-16.9265, 11.8670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670

Protanopia

20.0406, -3.2066, 12.2928

Deuteranopia

19.7927, 0.9939, 10.9690



Tritanopia

19.9442, -6.8800, -3.1535

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670

Protanomaly

19.2435, -10.2054, 11.6791

Deuteranomaly

18.9835, -8.3546, 10.7441

Tritanomaly

19.6234, -12.1016, 5.2617

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670

Achromatopsia

14.2438, -0.7600, 0.7739

Achromatomaly

15.7273, -8.5157, 6.0749

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 66, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 66, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 66, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 66, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 66, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 66, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 66, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 66, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 19.7394, -16.9265, 11.8670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 66, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 66,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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