

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5292, 44.1438,
-84.2425)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5292, 44.1438,
-84.2425) contains.

HunterLab(18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(18.5033, 44.1168,
-84.3937)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	410099
RGB	65, 0, 153
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 60%
CMY	0.7451, 1.0000, 0.4000
CMYK	0.58, 1.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	265°, 100%, 30%
HSV	265°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	7.9297, 3.4237, 30.3799
YIQ	36.8770, -10.3730, 61.3630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

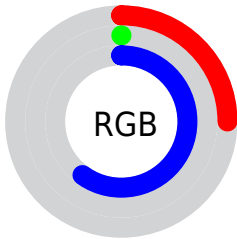
Format	Color
RYB	65, 0, 153
Decimal	4259993
CIELab	21.67, 56.12, -65.75
CIELCh	22, 86.442, 310.485
Yxy	3.4239, 0.1900, 0.0820
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282450073 (0xFF410099)
YUV	36.8770, 57.2486, 24.6639
Hunter-Lab	18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937

Details

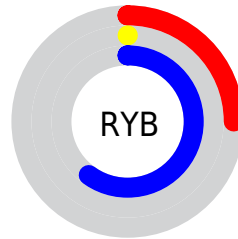
The HunterLab color **18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **49.8568, -32.0585, 30.1603**, and the grayscale version is **13.3879, -0.7143, 0.7274**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1195, 48.0386, -79.3557**, and **9.5922, 26.0188, -68.1565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5037, 44.1173, -84.3916**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.2439, 41.5833, -75.0626**.

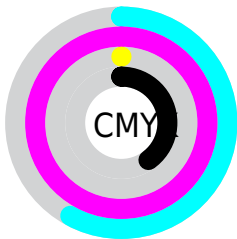
Distribution



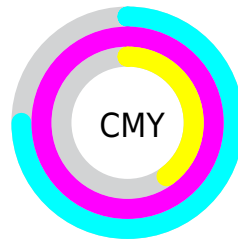
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5033, 44.1168,
-84.3937

■ 18.5033, 44.1168,
-84.3937

■ 115.4602, 60.0886,
-82.4402

■ 11.6483, 42.4696,
-92.9985

■ 35.0515, 48.1889,
-79.2054

■ 4.2962, 65.5977,
-164.2457

■ 44.5534, 50.1896,
-78.7485

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 54.7861, 52.0964,
-78.8745

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 65.7006, 53.8986,
-79.3343

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 77.2568, 55.5951,
-79.9888

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 89.4208, 57.1890,


0.0000, NaN, NaN

-80.7557


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 102.1637, 58.6851,
-81.5838

 18.5033, 44.1168,
-84.3937


 18.5033, 44.1168,
-84.3937


 18.5037, 44.1173,
-84.3916

 20.2439, 41.5833,
-75.0626

 22.5392, 37.8654,
-64.7251

 25.4770, 33.0249,
-53.8578

 28.9477, 27.6978,
-43.4037

 32.8471, 22.2696,
-33.7682

■ 37.0908, 16.9227,
-25.0229

■ 41.6145, 11.7227,
-17.0897

■ 46.3699, 6.6781,
-9.8444

■ 51.3209, 1.7741,
-3.1620

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5037, 9.0497, -134.0637



18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937



18.5037, 73.9591, -23.0612

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5037, 44.1173, -84.3916



18.5037, 18.9172, 12.9526



18.5037, -30.4047, -9.9459

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937



49.8568, -32.0585, 30.1603

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5037, -29.5752, 11.0526



18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937



18.5037, -9.2580, 12.9526

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5037, 44.1173, -84.3916



18.5037, 54.6764, 12.9526



18.5037, -23.5868, 12.9526



18.5037, -25.8706, -64.4341

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937



18.5037, 80.5847, 1.4068



18.5037, -23.5868, 12.9526



18.5037, -30.7439, 0.5985

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5037, 44.1173, -84.3916



55.3221, 16.0943, -23.4721



30.8000, 0.2472, -39.0308



24.8856, 8.8122, -12.9048



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5037, 44.1173, -84.3916



24.5502, 58.8198, -114.1879



28.1018, 56.3092, -45.2820



24.7955, 0.6711, -1.2777



16.8780, 40.1660, -76.3936



2.5174, 5.4399, -7.1236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.3438, 49.4035, -2.3031



36.5409, 65.9267, -2.3516



47.8186, -40.5547, 28.7556



25.0584, 1.3824, 0.4480



24.8721, 44.9625, -2.2860



3.1583, 5.9175, -1.9033

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

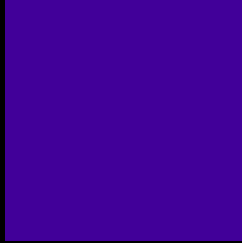
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

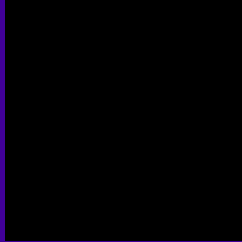
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937.

-84.3937.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937

Protanopia

19.2771, 5.1349, -35.1794

Deuteranopia

19.3713, -1.3842, -21.2244



Tritanopia

19.4271, -6.2049, -2.9411

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937

Protanomaly

16.9427, 20.7045, -59.4617

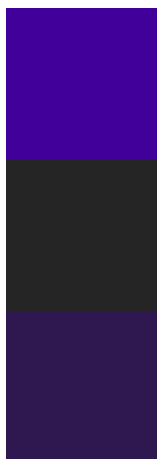
Deuteranomaly

16.4830, 16.2042, -48.9934

Tritanomaly

16.5661, 11.9620, -29.1891

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937

Achromatopsia

13.6016, -0.7257, 0.7390

Achromatomaly

13.4986, 14.8609, -23.9126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 0, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 0, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 0, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 0, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 0, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 0, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 0, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 0, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 0, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 0, 153)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5033, 44.1168, -84.3937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 0, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 0,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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