

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5572, 2.1745,
-2.4810)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5572, 2.1745, -2.4810)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.5981, 2.1378,
-2.5770)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38323D
RGB	56, 50, 61
RGB Percent	22%, 20%, 24%
CMY	0.7804, 0.8039, 0.7608
CMYK	0.08, 0.18, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	273°, 10%, 22%
HSV	273°, 18%, 24%
XYZ	3.6138, 3.4589, 4.8921
YIQ	53.0480, 0.0450, 4.6930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

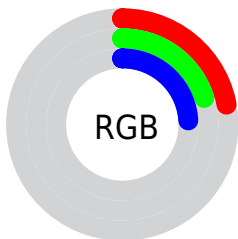
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 50, 61
Decimal	3682877
CIE Lab	21.80, 5.22, -5.94
CIE LCh	22, 7.904, 311.323
Yxy	3.4590, 0.3020, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281872957 (0xFF38323D)
YUV	53.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889
Hunter-Lab	18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770

Details

The HunterLab color **18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20.9287, -4.0433, 4.2761**, and the grayscale version is **18.8721, -1.0070, 1.0254**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1170, 1.9974, -2.2794**, and **4.4464, 4.9078, -5.3894** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0119, 4.0108, -4.8342**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.2436, 0.2996, -0.4513**.

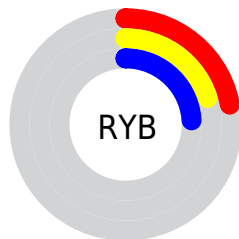
Distribution



 Red (22%)

 Green (20%)

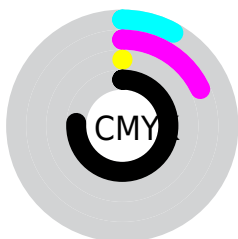
 Blue (24%)



 Red (22%)

 Yellow (20%)

 Blue (24%)

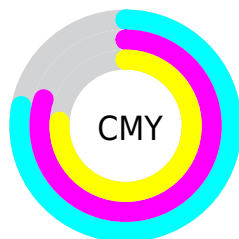


 Cyan (8%)

 Magenta (18%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (76%)



 Cyan (78%)

 Magenta (80%)

 Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5981, 2.1378,
-2.5770

■ 18.5981, 2.1378,
-2.5770

■ 115.6346, -0.5469,
0.0971

■ 11.7295, 2.0891,
-2.5382

■ 35.1688, 1.9507,
-2.3895

■ 4.4587, 4.8624,
-5.2758

■ 44.6804, 1.7481,
-2.1892

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9221, 1.4854,
-1.9291

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.8451, 1.1691,
-1.6152

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.4093, 0.8042,
-1.2522

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.5809, 0.3945,

-0.8438

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.3311, -0.0567,
-0.3932

■ 18.5981, 2.1378,
-2.5770

■ 18.5981, 2.1378,
-2.5770

■ 17.0119, 4.0108,
-4.8342

■ 20.2436, 0.2996,
-0.4513

■ 15.4927, 5.9207,
-7.2457

■ 21.9401, -1.5058,
1.5623

■ 14.0521, 7.8619,
-9.8314

■ 23.6822, -3.2833,
3.4823

■ 12.7044, 9.8181,
-12.6038

■ 25.4654, -5.0373,
5.3243

■ 11.4671, 11.7532,
-15.5555

■ 27.2857, -6.7721,
7.1014

■ 10.3615, 13.5993,
-18.6401

■ 29.1400, -8.4915,
8.8243

■ 9.3873, 15.3258,
-21.8320

■ 31.0256, -10.1989,
10.5023

■ 8.3666, 17.5540,
-25.8238

■ 32.9402, -11.8970,
12.1428

■ 8.1533, 18.0951,
-26.7641

■ 34.8820, -13.5885,
13.7520

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5985, -0.0830, -3.8012



18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770



18.5985, 3.5605, -0.4418

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5985, 2.1374, -2.5766



18.5985, 0.5004, 4.6938



18.5985, -5.2858, 0.1340

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770



20.9287, -4.0433, 4.2761

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5985, -5.1473, 2.3578



18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770



18.5985, -1.8865, 4.8069

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5985, 2.1374, -2.5766



18.5985, 2.5830, 3.6723



18.5985, -3.9298, 4.0036



18.5985, -4.3183, -2.1096

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770



18.5985, 3.8244, 1.1129



18.5985, -3.9298, 4.0036



18.5985, -5.3657, 0.9112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5985, 2.1374, -2.5766



26.8309, -0.2725, 0.1613



19.3913, -1.4373, -1.5752



14.1860, -0.1110, 0.0479



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5985, 2.1374, -2.5766



23.0621, 3.9636, -4.7616



18.9906, 3.4017, -1.8611



10.8165, 0.2000, -0.2866



12.3706, 27.7686, -43.0410



30.5471, 69.5509, -113.8879

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.8396, 2.6063, 0.2790



23.4721, 4.7390, 0.0915



20.6135, -5.1775, 3.8116



10.8736, 0.3164, 0.3921



16.0369, 28.5462, 1.9717



40.5493, 71.7515, 8.2987

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

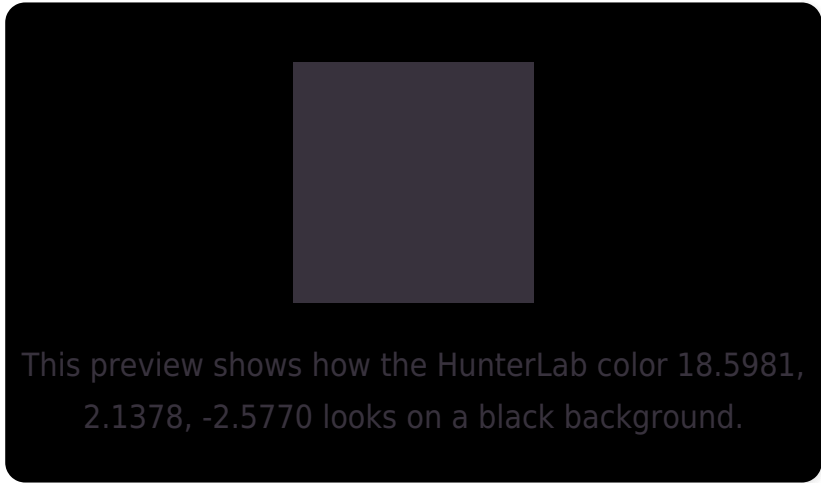
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770.

-2.5770.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770

Protanopia

18.6598, -0.0070, -2.9829

Deuteranopia

18.6050, 0.9665, -2.5880



Tritanopia

18.5895, 0.5858, -0.0629

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770

Protanomaly

18.5621, 0.8803, -3.1038

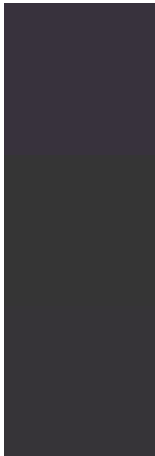
Deuteranomaly

18.6784, 1.2138, -2.4831

Tritanomaly

18.6421, 0.8690, -0.8087

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770

Achromatopsia

18.8683, -1.0068, 1.0252

Achromatomaly

18.7771, 0.0616, -0.2423

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 50, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 50, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 50, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 50, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 50, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 50, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 50, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 50, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 50, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 50, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 50, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 50,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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