

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5649, -2.1177,
0.2083)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5649, -2.1177, 0.2083)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.5497, -2.0744,
0.2389)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	303536
RGB	48, 53, 54
RGB Percent	19%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.8118, 0.7922, 0.7882
CMYK	0.11, 0.02, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	190°, 6%, 20%
HSV	190°, 11%, 21%
XYZ	3.1579, 3.4409, 3.9877
YIQ	51.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	48, 51, 54
Decimal	3159350
CIELab	21.73, -1.89, -1.37
CIElCh	22, 2.331, 215.878
Yxy	3.4411, 0.2983, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281349430 (0xFF303536)
YUV	51.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739
Hunter-Lab	18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389

Details

The HunterLab color **18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.8725, 0.2148, 1.7401**, and the grayscale version is **18.4000, -0.9818, 0.9997**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.9899, -2.9384, 0.6468**, and **4.4225, -2.0232, -1.1602** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.9901, -2.9269, -0.4679**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1395, -1.1344, 0.9624**.

Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (21%)

Blue (21%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (21%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5497, -2.0744,
0.2389

■ 18.5497, -2.0744,
0.2389

■ 115.5455, -8.1823,
4.8925

■ 11.6880, -1.5497,
-0.0293

■ 35.1089, -3.2215,
0.9648

■ 4.3765, -2.1146,
-1.0559

■ 44.6155, -3.8428,
1.4057

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.8526, -4.4950,
1.8916

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.7713, -5.1769,
2.4191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.3314, -5.8875,
2.9851

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.4992, -6.6258,

102.2456, -7.3911,
4.2236

■ 18.5497, -2.0744,
0.2389

■ 18.5497, -2.0744,
0.2389

■ 17.9901, -2.9269,
-0.4679

■ 19.1395, -1.1344,
0.9624

■ 17.4608, -3.6832,
-1.1560

■ 19.7571, -0.1131,
1.6988

■ 16.9632, -4.3365,
-1.8217

■ 20.4017, 0.9818,
2.4461

■ 16.4982, -4.8801,
-2.4617

■ 21.0720, 2.1435,
3.2020

■ 16.0664, -5.3083,
-3.0724

■ 21.7666, 3.3657,
3.9649

■ 15.6680, -5.6169,
-3.6506

■ 22.4845, 4.6424,
4.7331

■ 15.3032, -5.8036,
-4.1936

■ 23.2243, 5.9684,
5.5053

■ 14.9545, -5.9328,
-4.7260

■ 23.9850, 7.3387,
6.2807

■ 14.6417, -6.0612,
-5.2166

■ 24.7656, 8.7490,
7.0582

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5501, -2.3180, 0.8774



18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389



18.5501, -1.5407, -0.2042

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5501, -2.0748, 0.2392



18.5501, 0.2607, 0.4758



18.5501, -1.1292, 2.2454

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389



17.8725, 0.2148, 1.7401

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5501, -0.4344, 2.1468



18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389



18.5501, 0.3749, 1.1411

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5501, -2.0748, 0.2392



18.5501, -0.1909, -0.0641



18.5501, 0.1187, 1.7486



18.5501, -1.7774, 2.0230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389



18.5501, -1.0880, -0.3209



18.5501, 0.1187, 1.7486



18.5501, -0.8934, 2.2486

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5501, -2.0748, 0.2392



24.9935, -1.7530, 1.0686



18.6753, -3.1433, 2.2624



13.0373, -0.9461, 0.5353



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5501, -2.0748, 0.2392



24.1871, -3.0270, 0.0727



17.8453, -0.9241, -0.6155



10.5107, -1.0271, 0.2438



24.5139, -9.8185, -9.4449



62.3769, -24.1262, -25.8842

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7631, 1.2815, -0.2748



22.9199, 2.3964, -0.7617



18.5601, -0.9506, 2.4871



10.1746, 0.4012, 0.0261



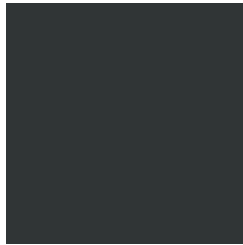
16.7153, 31.7901, -13.7306



43.0309, 81.6160, -33.6217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

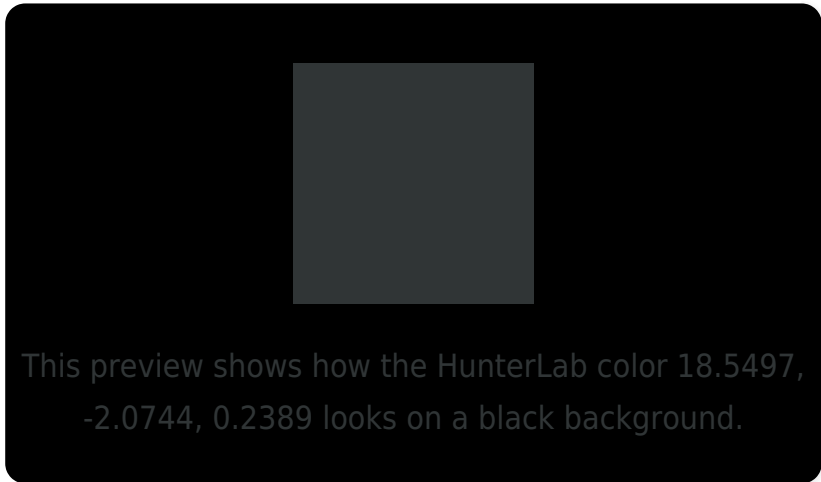
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

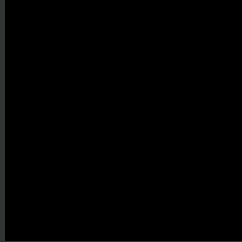
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389.



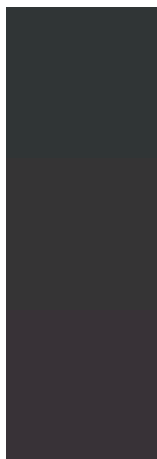
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5497, -2.0744,

0.2389.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389

Protanopia

18.6277, -0.6044, 0.7472

Deuteranopia

18.4331, 1.2580, -0.2454



Tritanopia

18.6279, -1.6425, -0.8708

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389

Protanomaly

18.4847, -1.1009, 0.5674

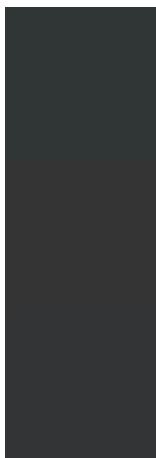
Deuteranomaly

18.4401, 0.0766, -0.2573

Tritanomaly

18.6014, -1.7890, -0.4945

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

18.4847, -1.1009, 0.5674

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 53, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 53, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 53, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 53, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 53, 54) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 53, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 53, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 53, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 53, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 53, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5497, -2.0744, 0.2389 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 53, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 53,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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