

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5840, 7.7414,
-2.9537)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5840, 7.7414, -2.9537)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.5836, 7.7416,
-2.9535)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	442D3E
RGB	68, 45, 62
RGB Percent	27%, 18%, 24%
CMY	0.7333, 0.8235, 0.7569
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.09, 0.73
HSL	316°, 20%, 22%
HSV	316°, 34%, 27%
XYZ	4.1918, 3.4535, 5.0031
YIQ	53.8150, 8.2510, 10.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

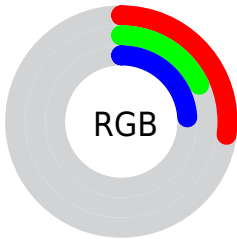
Format	Color
R_{YB}	68, 45, 62
Decimal	4468030
CIE Lab	21.78, 13.83, -6.50
CIE LCh	22, 15.280, 334.810
Yxy	3.4537, 0.3314, 0.2730
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282658110 (0xFF442D3E)
YUV	53.8150, 4.0352, 12.4402
Hunter-Lab	18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535

Details

The HunterLab color **18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22.2064, -8.7420, 5.1677**, and the grayscale version is **19.1291, -1.0207, 1.0393**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1685, 8.6885, -2.5686**, and **5.1973, 9.8723, -4.1746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1952, 10.4464, -4.0701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0870, 5.0325, -1.7522**.

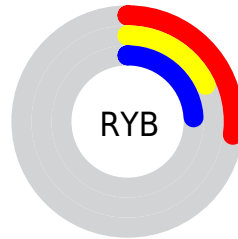
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (18%)

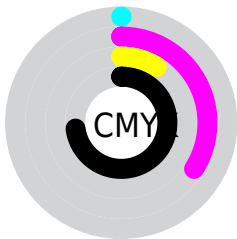
Blue (24%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (24%)

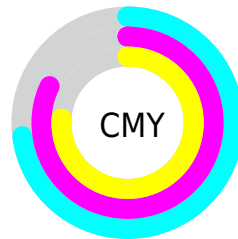


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5836, 7.7416,
-2.9535

■ 18.5836, 7.7416,
-2.9535

■ 115.6080, 8.9716,
-0.5138

■ 11.7171, 7.0877,
-2.8813

■ 35.1509, 8.6177,
-2.8277

■ 4.4343, 13.3506,
-5.8381

■ 44.6610, 8.8906,
-2.6557

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9013, 9.0747,
-2.4225

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.8230, 9.1809,
-2.1341

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.3860, 9.2177,
-1.7955

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.5565, 9.1916,

-1.4105

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.3055, 9.1081,
-0.9824

18.5836, 7.7416,
-2.9535

18.5836, 7.7416,
-2.9535

17.1952, 10.4464,
-4.0701

20.0870, 5.0325,
-1.7522

15.9378, 13.0969,
-5.0666

21.6890, 2.3512,
-0.4939

14.8307, 15.6131,
-5.8952

23.3773, -0.2874,
0.8032

13.8927, 17.8860,
-6.5001

25.1410, -2.8772,
2.1266

13.1399, 19.7857,
-6.8255

26.9712, -5.4177,
3.4681

■ 12.4993, 21.4674,
-6.9744

■ 28.8605, -7.9118,
4.8224

■ 12.0892, 22.6266,
-7.0986

■ 30.8026, -10.3636,
6.1861

■ 32.7925, -12.7781,
7.5569

■ 34.8257, -15.1599,
8.9337

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5840, 4.3508, -7.3423



18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535



18.5840, 8.7053, 1.7058

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5840, 7.7410, -2.9531



18.5840, -1.7310, 7.6119



18.5840, -7.7334, -4.4830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535



22.2064, -8.7420, 5.1677

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5840, -9.0363, 0.2895



18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535



18.5840, -5.7931, 6.6947

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5840, 7.7410, -2.9531



18.5840, 2.9383, 7.1451



18.5840, -8.3620, 4.2585



18.5840, -4.6217, -8.3661

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535



18.5840, 7.7703, 4.2173



18.5840, -8.3620, 4.2585



18.5840, -8.3828, -2.8918

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5840, 7.7410, -2.9531



29.3396, 1.9113, -0.0751



17.2963, 4.1448, -8.0162



15.1922, 1.1150, -0.0978



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5840, 7.7410, -2.9531



22.8608, 13.3891, -5.2136



18.2830, 6.2220, 1.3111



11.6270, 0.4814, 0.1006



17.3171, 32.3293, -9.5322



43.1963, 80.3363, -21.3991

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5840, 7.7410, -2.9531



22.8608, 13.3891, -5.2136



22.4561, -7.2977, 1.5813



11.6270, 0.4814, 0.1006



17.3171, 32.3293, -9.5322



43.1963, 80.3363, -21.3991

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

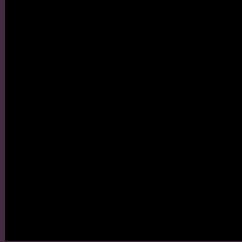
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5836, 7.7416,

-2.9535.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535

Protanopia

18.7462, 0.5946, -5.2332

Deuteranopia

18.6784, 1.2138, -2.4831



Tritanopia

18.6154, 5.0955, 1.5846

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535

Protanomaly

18.4906, 3.1986, -4.5859

Deuteranomaly

18.6101, 3.3456, -2.5394

Tritanomaly

18.5017, 6.0330, -0.0765

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535

Achromatopsia

19.2066, -1.0248, 1.0435

Achromatomaly

18.9549, 1.9169, -0.3945

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 45, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 45, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 45, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 45, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 45, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 45, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 45, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 45, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 45, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 45, 62)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5836, 7.7416, -2.9535 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 45, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 45,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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