

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5871, -11.7541,
10.8420)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5871, -11.7541,
10.8420) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.5149,
-11.6639, 10.8367)**

Conversions

| Conversions Part 1 | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Format | Color |
| Hex | 1F3B04 |
| RGB | 31, 59, 4 |
| RGB Percent | 12%, 23%, 2% |
| CMY | 0.8784, 0.7686, 0.9843 |
| CMYK | 0.47, 0.00, 0.93, 0.77 |
| HSL | 91°, 87%, 12% |
| HSV | 91°, 93%, 23% |
| XYZ | 2.1510, 3.4280, 0.6632 |
| YIQ | 44.3580, 0.9670, -23.0410 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

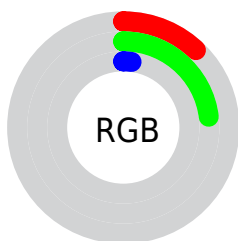
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 4, 59, 32 |
| Decimal | 2046724 |
| CIELab | 21.68, -21.00, 27.90 |
| CIELCh | 22, 34.916, 126.967 |
| Yxy | 3.4282, 0.3446, 0.5492 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280236804 (0xFF1F3B04) |
| YUV | 44.3580, -19.8965, -11.7150 |
| Hunter-Lab | 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 |

Details

The HunterLab color **18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **8.4251, 15.5257, -23.6564**, and the grayscale version is **16.0514, -0.8565, 0.8721**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1768, -15.9049, 16.1185**, and **4.8923, -4.1951, 2.9412** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4085, -12.1463, 11.1306**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6814, -10.9251, 10.4176**.

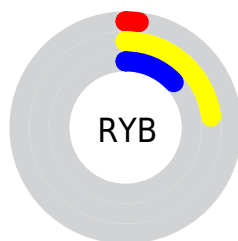
Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (23%)

Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (13%)

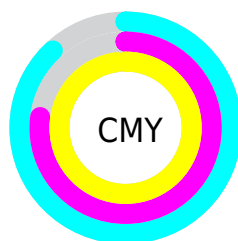


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (88%)


Magenta (77%)


Yellow (98%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 18.5149, -11.6639,
10.8367


 18.5149, -11.6639,
10.8367

 115.4815,
-27.7479, 31.1883

 11.6582, -9.4278,
8.1608


 35.0659, -15.7082,
16.1146

 4.3164, -7.5538,
3.0215


 44.5689, -17.5603,
18.5212

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 54.8027, -19.3444,
20.8052

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 65.7182, -21.0798,
22.9966

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 77.2754, -22.7795,
25.1168


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 89.4404, -24.4531,


27.1814


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 102.1841,
-26.1075, 29.2023


 18.5149, -11.6639,
10.8367


 18.5149, -11.6639,
10.8367


 18.4085, -12.1463,
11.1306

 18.6814, -10.9251,
10.4176

 18.8636, -10.1181,
9.9299

 19.0689, -9.2053,
9.2753

 19.2976, -8.1871,
8.4484

 19.5500, -7.0654,
7.4464

■ 19.8263, -5.8431,
6.2691

■ 20.1263, -4.5242,
4.9184

■ 20.4500, -3.1131,
3.3978

■ 20.7970, -1.6152,
1.7124

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5153, -3.3827, 12.3504



18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367



18.5153, -16.1871, 7.0735

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5153, -11.6643, 10.8368



18.5153, -8.2672, -26.9440



18.5153, 23.7155, 3.1963

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367



8.4251, 15.5257, -23.6564

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5153, 21.5856, -8.2287



18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367



18.5153, 1.5330, -30.1395

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5153, -11.6643, 10.8368



18.5153, -14.5540, -14.7295



18.5153, 12.8361, -21.9469



18.5153, 18.1361, 9.2548

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367



18.5153, -17.1868, 1.9988



18.5153, 12.8361, -21.9469



18.5153, 23.8942, -0.0411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5153, -11.6643, 10.8368



25.8048, -6.9051, 7.4521



13.9464, 5.4007, 8.1996



13.3217, -3.7039, 3.9887



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5153, -11.6643, 10.8368



23.7521, -16.0005, 14.3558



17.7839, -14.7004, 10.3178



11.4135, -1.3375, 1.4514



29.4210, -20.0908, 17.7774



74.4364, -52.6259, 44.9460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.4251, 15.5257, -23.6564



9.7934, 22.1708, -35.5255



11.5435, 20.5697, -13.7799



10.8089, 0.1743, -0.2966



12.0155, 27.3550, -44.7789



29.6198, 68.5025, -118.6703

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

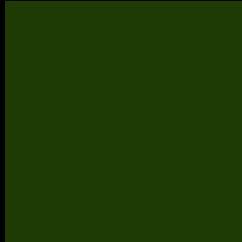
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

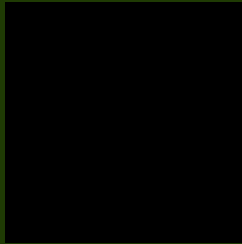
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367.

-11.6639, 10.8367.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367

Protanopia

18.4005, -2.7917, 11.2894

Deuteranopia

18.3886, 0.9350, 10.2259



Tritanopia

18.6534, -4.0090, -1.7277

Trichromacy



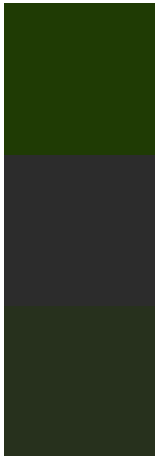
Original Color
18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367

Protanomaly
18.4053, -6.6222, 11.1328

Deuteranomaly
18.2286, -4.5735, 10.3117

Tritanomaly
18.3027, -7.5708, 4.9276

Monochromacy



Original Color
18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367

Achromatopsia
15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly
16.4823, -5.4865, 5.8789

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 59, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 59, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 59, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 59, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 59, 4) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 59, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 59, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 59, 4); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 59, 4); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 59, 4) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5149, -11.6639, 10.8367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 59, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 59,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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