

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5911, -0.8950,
-0.3804)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5911, -0.8950,
-0.3804) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.5616, -0.6801,
-0.5252)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	333438
RGB	51, 52, 56
RGB Percent	20%, 20%, 22%
CMY	0.8000, 0.7961, 0.7804
CMYK	0.09, 0.07, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	228°, 5%, 21%
HSV	228°, 9%, 22%
XYZ	3.3071, 3.4453, 4.2321
YIQ	52.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 52, 56
Decimal	3355704
CIE Lab	21.75, 0.53, -2.67
CIE LCh	22, 2.721, 281.310
Yxy	3.4455, 0.3011, 0.3137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281545784 (0xFF333438)
YUV	52.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147
Hunter-Lab	18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252

Details

The HunterLab color **18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.5246, -1.3049, 2.4972**, and the grayscale version is **18.5786, -0.9913, 1.0094**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.0086, -1.3771, -0.1840**, and **4.3769, 0.5115, -2.4520** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1103, -0.1978, -2.4249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0470, -1.1039, 1.2681**.

Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (20%)

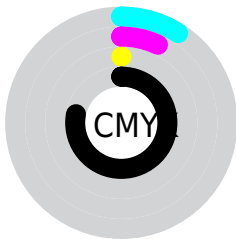
Blue (22%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (22%)

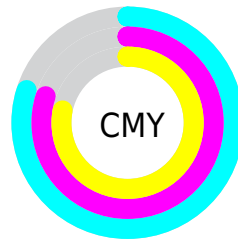


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.5616, -0.6801,
-0.5252

■ 18.5616, -0.6801,
-0.5252

■ 115.5674, -5.6019,
3.5460

■ 11.6982, -0.3579,
-0.6988

■ 35.1236, -1.4919,
0.0394

■ 4.3969, 0.2941,
-2.2763

■ 44.6315, -1.9679,
0.4092

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.8697, -2.4852,
0.8289

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.7894, -3.0407,
1.2939

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.3506, -3.6320,
1.8007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.5193, -4.2571,

2.3465

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.2666, -4.9142,
2.9289

■ 18.5616, -0.6801,
-0.5252

■ 18.5616, -0.6801,
-0.5252

■ 17.1103, -0.1978,
-2.4249

■ 20.0470, -1.1039,
1.2681

■ 15.6958, 0.3564,
-4.4551

■ 21.5623, -1.4780,
2.9728

■ 14.3236, 0.9973,
-6.6435

■ 23.1050, -1.8105,
4.6046

■ 12.9997, 1.7437,
-9.0233

■ 24.6732, -2.1080,
6.1759

■ 11.7323, 2.6182,
-11.6324

■ 26.2649, -2.3755,
7.6968

■ 10.5318, 3.6467,
-14.5095

■ 27.8785, -2.6173,
9.1758

■ 9.4117, 4.8554,
-17.6853

■ 29.5128, -2.8369,
10.6196

■ 8.3737, 6.2206,
-21.2226

■ 31.1666, -3.0373,
12.0340

■ 7.3819, 7.6134,
-25.3685

■ 32.8388, -3.2207,
13.4236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5620, -1.4951, -0.4707



18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252



18.5620, 0.0633, -0.1546

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5620, -0.6805, -0.5249



18.5620, 0.2105, 1.9755



18.5620, -2.4647, 1.4856

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252



19.5246, -1.3049, 2.4972

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5620, -2.0231, 2.1044



18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252



18.5620, -0.4823, 2.3786

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5620, -0.6805, -0.5249



18.5620, 0.5836, 1.3028



18.5620, -1.3003, 2.4248



18.5620, -2.5156, 0.7131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252



18.5620, 0.4152, 0.2742



18.5620, -1.3003, 2.4248



18.5620, -2.3574, 1.7176

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.5620, -0.6805, -0.5249



25.5316, -1.2250, 0.6869



19.5122, -2.4292, 1.0296



13.6180, -0.6410, 0.3040



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5620, -0.6805, -0.5249



23.9017, -0.7358, -1.3335



18.4239, 0.0732, -0.6863



10.1199, -0.3837, -0.2257



11.0191, 15.4723, -47.1731



26.3146, 47.0359, -134.4280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5914, 0.4416, 1.1023



23.9570, 1.1721, 1.4672



19.6671, -2.0648, 2.6405



10.1345, 0.1850, 0.5968



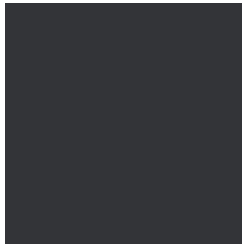
15.1985, 26.3235, 7.5298



39.0996, 67.4225, 21.6742

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

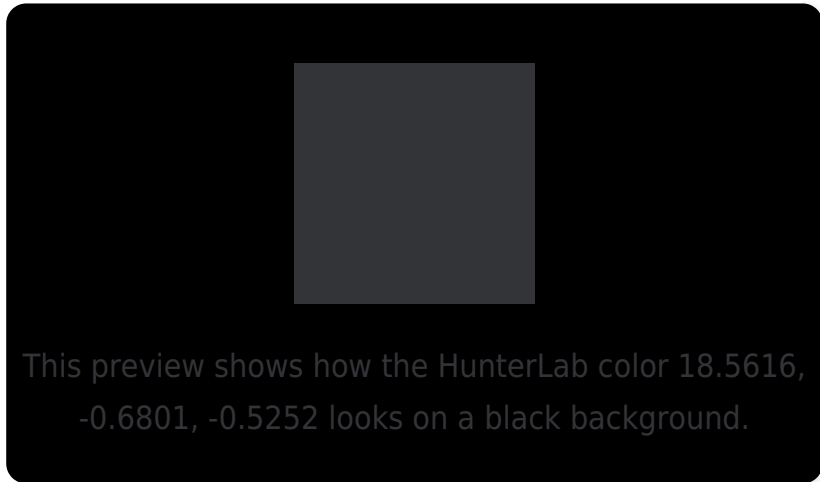
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

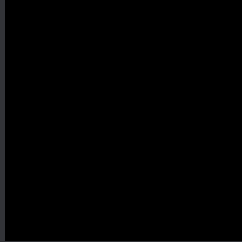
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5616, -0.6801,

-0.5252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252

Protanopia

18.6322, -0.4362, -0.4322

Deuteranopia

18.6156, 0.7262, -0.4326



Tritanopia

18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252

Protanomaly

18.6322, -0.4362, -0.4322

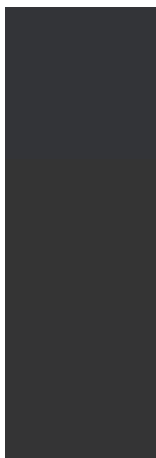
Deuteranomaly

18.5404, 0.4709, -0.5318

Tritanomaly

18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

18.5556, -0.8543, 0.6567

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 52, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 52, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 52, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 52, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 52, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 52, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 52, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 52, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 52, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 52, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5616, -0.6801, -0.5252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 52, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 52,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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