

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.5976, 6.0352,
-1.1267)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.5976, 6.0352, -1.1267)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.4871, 6.1482,
-1.3387)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	422E3A
RGB	66, 46, 58
RGB Percent	26%, 18%, 23%
CMY	0.7412, 0.8196, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.12, 0.74
HSL	324°, 18%, 22%
HSV	324°, 30%, 26%
XYZ	3.9875, 3.4177, 4.4525
YIQ	53.3480, 8.0680, 7.9720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

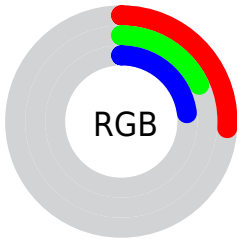
Format	Color
R _{YB}	66, 46, 58
Decimal	4337210
CIE Lab	21.65, 11.47, -4.00
CIE LCh	22, 12.150, 340.785
Yxy	3.4179, 0.3363, 0.2882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282527290 (0xFF422E3A)
YUV	53.3480, 2.2934, 11.0958
Hunter-Lab	18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387

Details

The HunterLab color **18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21.7800, -7.4561, 3.7891**, and the grayscale version is **18.9769, -1.0126, 1.0310**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.0023, 6.6550, -0.9534**, and **4.9108, 9.1122, -2.2708** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0737, 8.6340, -2.0373**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.0034, 3.6724, -0.5454**.

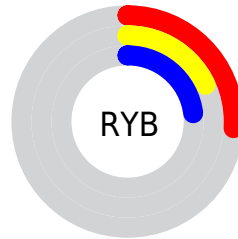
Distribution



 Red (26%)

 Green (18%)

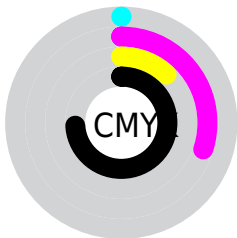
 Blue (23%)



 Red (26%)

 Yellow (18%)

 Blue (23%)

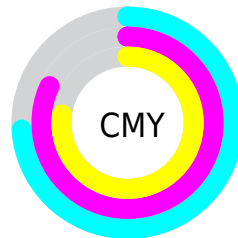


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (30%)

 Yellow (12%)

 Black (74%)



 Cyan (74%)

 Magenta (82%)

 Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.4871, 6.1482,
-1.3387

■ 18.4871, 6.1482,
-1.3387

■ 115.4304, 6.3437,
2.1469

■ 11.6344, 5.6469,
-1.4201

■ 35.0315, 6.7483,
-0.9342

■ 4.2678, 11.4866,
-3.6516

■ 44.5317, 6.8960,
-0.6356

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.7628, 6.9618,
-0.2828

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.6759, 6.9558,
0.1191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.2307, 6.8854,
0.5661

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.3934, 6.7569,

1.0547

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.1350, 6.5750,
1.5824

■ 18.4871, 6.1482,
-1.3387

■ 18.4871, 6.1482,
-1.3387

■ 17.0737, 8.6340,
-2.0373

■ 20.0034, 3.6724,
-0.5454

■ 15.7781, 11.0945,
-2.6136

■ 21.6079, 1.2288,
0.3195

■ 14.6185, 13.4685,
-3.0320

■ 23.2895, -1.1739,
1.2398

■ 13.6141, 15.6666,
-3.2525

■ 25.0387, -3.5333,
2.2034

■ 12.7831, 17.5734,
-3.2367

■ 26.8478, -5.8507,
3.2015

■ 12.1059, 19.1718,
-3.0063

■ 28.7101, -8.1293,
4.2275

■ 11.4400, 20.9068,
-2.8043

■ 30.6204, -10.3735,
5.2766

■ 32.5742, -12.5876,
6.3454

■ 34.5674, -14.7759,
7.4311

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.4875, 3.8440, -4.8220



18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387



18.4875, 6.4557, 2.2171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.4875, 6.1476, -1.3383



18.4875, -2.2875, 6.4540



18.4875, -6.0257, -3.9292

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387



21.7800, -7.4561, 3.7891

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4875, -7.4123, -0.2924



18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387



18.4875, -5.3686, 5.3960

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.4875, 6.1476, -1.3383



18.4875, 1.3891, 6.2827



18.4875, -7.1815, 3.0791



18.4875, -3.2497, -6.5077

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387



18.4875, 5.4635, 4.1187



18.4875, -7.1815, 3.0791



18.4875, -6.6596, -2.7634

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.4875, 6.1476, -1.3383



28.6748, 1.3298, 0.5284



17.6968, 4.1501, -6.2911



14.5193, 0.7880, 0.2277



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.4875, 6.1476, -1.3383



22.9959, 10.4858, -2.4479



18.2368, 4.8625, 2.2308



11.6162, 0.4232, 0.2544



16.8606, 30.6944, -3.2144



42.0122, 76.0864, -4.9386

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4875, 6.1476, -1.3383



22.9959, 10.4858, -2.4479



22.0171, -6.0968, 0.3980



11.6162, 0.4232, 0.2544



16.8606, 30.6944, -3.2144



42.0122, 76.0864, -4.9386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

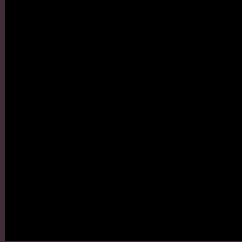
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387.



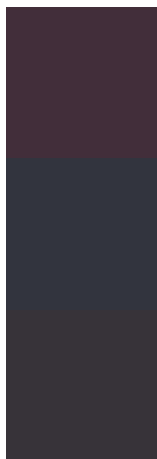
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387.

-1.3387.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387

Protanopia

18.6598, -0.0070, -2.9829

Deuteranopia

18.6421, 0.8690, -0.8087



Tritanopia

18.4279, 4.5018, 1.3572

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387

Protanomaly

18.5981, 2.1378, -2.5770

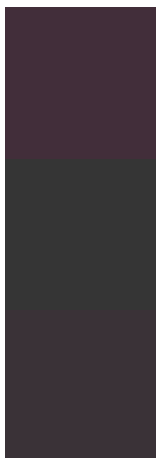
Deuteranomaly

18.4982, 2.7571, -0.9601

Tritanomaly

18.5019, 4.8844, 0.3023

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387

Achromatopsia

18.8683, -1.0068, 1.0252

Achromatomaly

18.5919, 1.7887, -0.0390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 46, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 46, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 46, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 46, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 46, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 46, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 46, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 46, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 46, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 46, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.4871, 6.1482, -1.3387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 46, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 46,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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