

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.6135, -20.5121,
-3.9040)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.6135, -20.5121,
-3.9040) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(20.6284,
-11.4780, -1.0061)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00423F
RGB	0, 66, 63
RGB Percent	0%, 26%, 25%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7412, 0.7529
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.74
HSL	177°, 100%, 13%
HSV	177°, 100%, 26%
XYZ	2.8454, 4.2553, 5.3740
YIQ	45.9240, -38.3730, -14.9250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

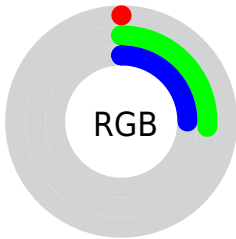
Format	Color
RYB	0, 34, 66
Decimal	16959
CIELab	24.50, -19.31, -3.54
CIELCh	24, 19.630, 190.384
Yxy	4.2555, 0.2281, 0.3411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278207039 (0xFF00423F)
YUV	45.9240, 8.4185, -40.2753
Hunter-Lab	20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061

Details

The HunterLab color **20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **10.7932, 18.5431, 6.5016**, and the grayscale version is **16.4866, -0.8797, 0.8958**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.5661, -14.9450, -0.8493**, and **8.6568, -5.1904, 0.3843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6287, -11.4783, -1.0058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.7399, -11.0209, -0.9830**.

Distribution



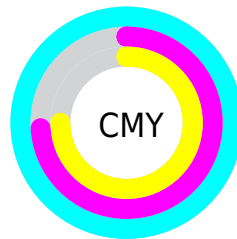
- Red (0%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.6284, -11.4780,
-1.0061

■ 20.6284, -11.4780,
-1.0061

■ 119.3224,
-26.5127, 2.8036

■ 13.4814, -9.3904,
-1.1438

■ 37.6644, -15.1809,
-0.5090

■ 7.0571, -12.2990,
-1.6941

■ 47.3788, -16.9001,
-0.1705

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.8090, -18.5666,
0.2192

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.9090, -20.1958,
0.6556

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.6405, -21.7982,
1.1349

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 92.9712, -23.3816,

1.6543

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.8732,
-24.9516, 2.2112

■ 20.6284, -11.4780,
-1.0061

■ 20.6284, -11.4780,
-1.0061

■ 20.6287, -11.4783,
-1.0058

■ 20.7399, -11.0209,
-0.9830

■ 20.8550, -10.5505,
-0.9549

■ 21.0054, -9.9456,
-0.8800

■ 21.1990, -9.1785,
-0.7479

■ 21.4379, -8.2464,
-0.5568

■ 21.7236, -7.1502,
-0.3062

■ 22.0567, -5.8941,
0.0036

■ 22.4376, -4.4849,
0.3710

■ 22.8661, -2.9315,
0.7936

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.6288, -11.0869, 4.5488



20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061



20.6288, -9.3469, -7.5600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.6288, -11.4780, -1.0058



20.6288, 7.1188, -9.3951



20.6288, 3.0134, 9.1482

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061



10.7932, 18.5431, 6.5016

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6288, 8.6840, 7.1549



20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061



20.6288, 11.2394, -3.0148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.6288, -11.4780, -1.0058



20.6288, 1.0697, -13.2611



20.6288, 11.8435, 3.0464



20.6288, -3.1871, 9.3971

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061



20.6288, -6.6183, -11.2220



20.6288, 11.8435, 3.0464



20.6288, 5.0632, 8.6951

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.6288, -11.4780, -1.0058



29.0075, -7.9973, -0.0533



19.7936, -16.6962, 11.9042



14.7254, -4.2162, -0.0637



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.6288, -11.4780, -1.0058



27.1822, -15.1553, -1.2594



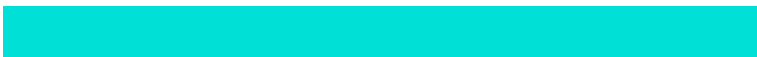
12.9364, -0.2371, -15.6566



12.1631, -1.4271, 0.4563



30.5161, -17.0263, -1.3876



76.4145, -42.7959, -3.1273

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7932, 18.5431, 6.5016



14.2143, 24.4032, 8.7139



14.3939, 8.3387, 9.0151



11.5745, 0.1982, 0.8486



15.9548, 27.3836, 9.8405



39.9170, 68.4150, 25.3592

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

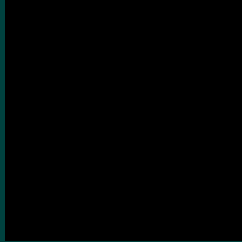
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 20.6284,

-11.4780, -1.0061.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061

Protanopia

20.7178, -0.5845, 1.3002

Deuteranopia

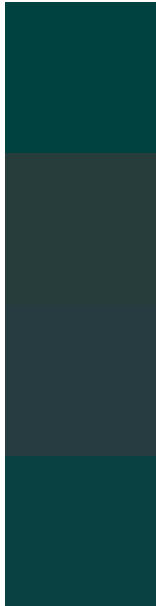
20.7365, 1.0849, -1.5023



Tritanopia

20.7754, -9.0613, -3.8932

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061

Protanomaly

20.1886, -6.2970, -0.2248

Deuteranomaly

20.0829, -5.1210, -2.0346

Tritanomaly

20.6008, -9.9179, -2.7625

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

17.4796, -6.0844, -0.3555

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 66, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 66, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 66, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 66, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 66, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 66, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 66, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 66, 63); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 63); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 20.6284, -11.4780, -1.0061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 66, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 66,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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