

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.6627, -9.5170,
-2.7823)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.6627, -9.5170,
-2.7823) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.6141, -9.4998,
-2.7587)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003B3D
RGB	0, 59, 61
RGB Percent	0%, 23%, 24%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7686, 0.7608
CMYK	1.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	182°, 100%, 12%
HSV	182°, 100%, 24%
XYZ	2.4063, 3.4648, 4.9568
YIQ	41.5870, -35.8060, -11.8860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

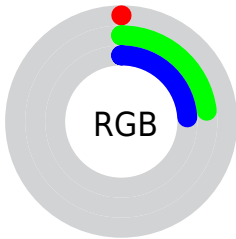
Format	Color
RYB	0, 30, 61
Decimal	15165
CIELab	21.82, -16.19, -6.21
CIElCh	22, 17.339, 200.991
Yxy	3.4650, 0.2222, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278205245 (0xFF003B3D)
YUV	41.5870, 9.5706, -36.4718
Hunter-Lab	18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587

Details

The HunterLab color **18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **10.1764, 16.3295, 6.5560**, and the grayscale version is **15.0604, -0.8036, 0.8183**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.3100, -13.0004, -2.2921**, and **5.7868, -2.0615, -2.7827** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.6144, -9.5000, -2.7586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7748, -9.1537, -2.5335**.

Distribution



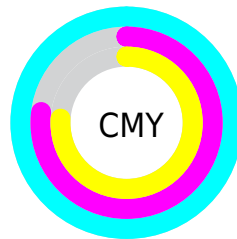
- Red (0%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.6141, -9.4998,
-2.7587

■ 18.6141, -9.4998,
-2.7587

■ 115.6639,
-22.9725, -0.1972

■ 11.7432, -7.6565,
-2.7040

■ 35.1885, -12.7741,
-2.6009

■ 4.4855, -7.8496,
-5.4957

■ 44.7017, -14.3027,
-2.4142

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9450, -15.7908,
-2.1670

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.8694, -17.2518,
-1.8653

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.4349, -18.6948,
-1.5140

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.6079, -20.1262,

-1.1168

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.3592,
-21.5509, -0.6770

■ 18.6141, -9.4998,
-2.7587

■ 18.6141, -9.4998,
-2.7587

■ 18.6144, -9.5000,
-2.7586

■ 18.7748, -9.1537,
-2.5335

■ 18.9364, -8.8052,
-2.3088

■ 19.1273, -8.3456,
-2.0452

■ 19.3571, -7.7405,
-1.7305

■ 19.6275, -6.9881,
-1.3645

■ 19.9392, -6.0899,
-0.9481

■ 20.2928, -5.0501,
-0.4833

■ 20.6882, -3.8750,
0.0275

■ 21.1250, -2.5725,
0.5810

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6144, -9.9387, 2.4528



18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587



18.6144, -6.9224, -8.0815

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.6144, -9.4998, -2.7584



18.6144, 7.5018, -6.0876



18.6144, 0.6104, 8.2126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587



10.1764, 16.3295, 6.5560

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6144, 5.7835, 7.0293



18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587



18.6144, 10.0416, -0.5514

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.6144, -9.4998, -2.7584



18.6144, 2.7551, -10.3435



18.6144, 9.3802, 4.1306



18.6144, -4.4685, 7.9255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587



18.6144, -4.1644, -10.5206



18.6144, 9.3802, 4.1306



18.6144, 2.4034, 7.9893

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.6144, -9.4998, -2.7584



26.2194, -6.7324, -0.7104



18.2751, -15.6269, 10.8924



13.8526, -3.6868, -0.4293



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.6144, -9.4998, -2.7584



24.0782, -12.2663, -3.6161



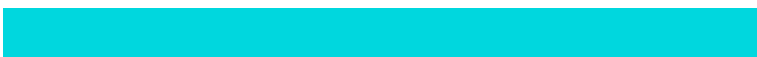
11.1340, 1.2563, -16.6275



11.3636, -1.2643, 0.3598



28.8803, -14.6971, -4.3710



73.2476, -37.1445, -11.3687

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4366, 22.3449, -14.0129



14.8075, 28.9253, -18.0830



14.1400, 5.9074, 8.8160



10.9101, 0.5128, -0.1266



17.7708, 34.7083, -21.6585



45.1559, 88.1478, -54.6724

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

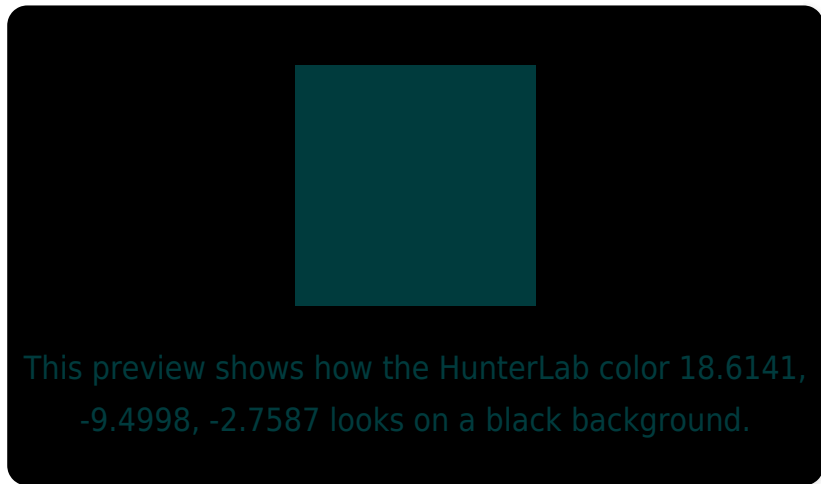
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

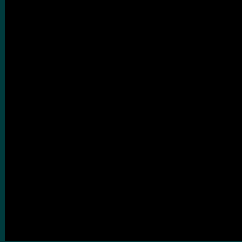
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587.

-2.7587.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587

Protanopia

18.7304, -0.0455, -0.7123

Deuteranopia

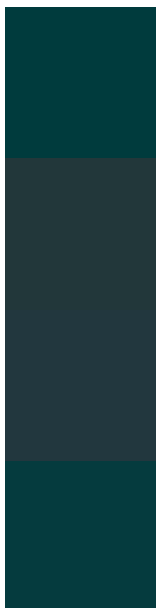
18.8991, 0.8659, -3.0924



Tritanopia

18.8107, -8.6138, -3.3820

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587

Protanomaly

18.3792, -5.0708, -1.6770

Deuteranomaly

18.4939, -4.4188, -3.2922

Tritanomaly

18.7296, -8.9886, -3.0431

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

16.0271, -5.0673, -0.9623

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 59, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 59, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 59, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 59, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 59, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 59, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 59, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 59, 61); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 59, 61); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 59, 61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.6141, -9.4998, -2.7587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 59, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 59,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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