

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.6744, 2.3260,
-28.3624)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.6744, 2.3260,
-28.3624) contains.

HunterLab(18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(18.7230, 2.2366,
-28.2303)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003566
RGB	0, 53, 102
RGB Percent	0%, 21%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7922, 0.6000
CMYK	1.00, 0.48, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	209°, 100%, 20%
HSV	209°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	3.6714, 3.5055, 13.0535
YIQ	42.7390, -47.3170, 4.0030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

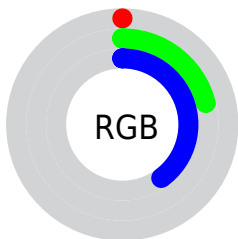
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 35, 102
Decimal	13670
CIE _{Lab}	21.96, 5.38, -33.16
CIE _{LCh}	22, 33.595, 279.215
Yxy	3.5056, 0.1815, 0.1733
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203750 (0xFF003566)
YUV	42.7390, 29.2157, -37.4821
Hunter-Lab	18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303

Details

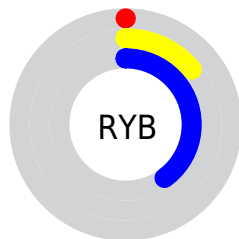
The HunterLab color **18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **22.4105, 13.1781, 14.0392**, and the grayscale version is **15.3771, -0.8205, 0.8355**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2881, 1.9583, -28.8565**, and **6.7045, 8.9386, -27.6758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7219, 2.2387, -28.2335**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1030, 0.6400, -24.6755**.

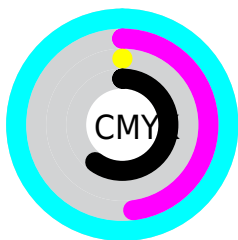
Distribution



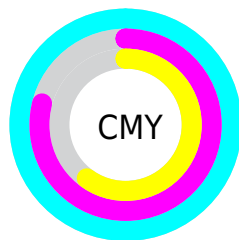
- Red (0%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.7230, 2.2366,
-28.2303

■ 18.7230, 2.2366,
-28.2303

■ 115.8638, -0.3801,
-32.7434

■ 11.8366, 2.1785,
-28.4522

■ 35.3230, 2.0686,
-29.1417

■ 4.6636, 4.7777,
-42.3815

■ 44.8474, 1.8741,
-29.7504

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 55.1010, 1.6190,
-30.3550

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.0351, 1.3100,
-30.9285

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.6099, 0.9520,
-31.4582

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.7915, 0.5489,

-31.9384

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.5512, 0.1040,
-32.3669

18.7230, 2.2366,
-28.2303

18.7230, 2.2366,
-28.2303

18.7219, 2.2387,
-28.2335

20.1030, 0.6400,
-24.6755

21.5532, -0.7670,
-21.3121

23.1146, -1.8324,
-18.0327

24.7787, -2.5772,
-14.8550

26.5363, -3.0301,
-11.7876

■ 28.3790, -3.2220,
-8.8318

■ 30.2988, -3.1830,
-5.9842

■ 32.2885, -2.9410,
-3.2381

■ 34.3418, -2.5209,
-0.5853

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.7233, -7.4490, -26.0647



18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303



18.7233, 13.0439, -19.8937

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7233, 2.2371, -28.2298



18.7233, 16.6965, 9.3804



18.7233, -16.0048, 6.4936

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303



22.4105, 13.1781, 14.0392

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.7233, -11.8331, 10.4847



18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303



18.7233, 6.4605, 11.6757

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7233, 2.2371, -28.2298



18.7233, 22.4893, 3.7613



18.7233, -4.0312, 12.0638



18.7233, -16.6625, -2.2129

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303



18.7233, 18.9459, -11.2273



18.7233, -4.0312, 12.0638



18.7233, -15.0174, 8.2614

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7233, 2.2371, -28.2298



39.8995, -4.2310, -8.2478



31.1657, -24.3167, 13.5396



19.0127, -2.0732, -4.5390



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7233, 2.2371, -28.2298



24.3426, 3.8001, -38.6293



10.1656, 24.9742, -66.6146



17.2531, -1.2311, -0.1532



21.0335, 2.8755, -32.4973



46.1657, 10.1041, -79.5149

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.5558, 31.5257, -0.0054



23.2000, 41.5770, 0.6791



34.1658, -8.0481, 20.9114



16.9351, 0.7539, 0.4490



19.8750, 35.6578, 0.2750



45.1933, 80.7202, 3.4260

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

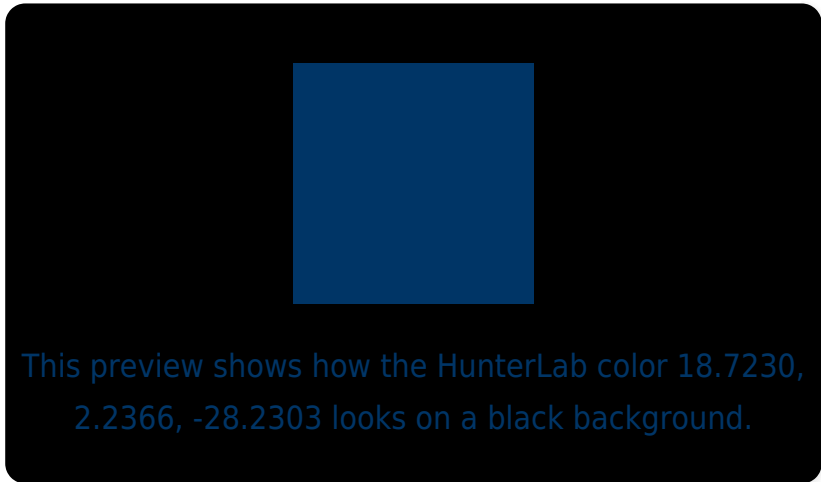
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

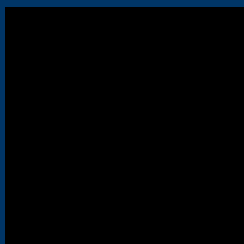
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303

Protanopia

19.0488, 4.4184, -26.5060

Deuteranopia

18.6133, -0.1141, -23.0187



Tritanopia

18.6730, -9.1508, -3.5856

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303

Protanomaly

18.7476, 3.4495, -27.3242

Deuteranomaly

18.7621, 0.6909, -24.9425

Tritanomaly

18.6067, -5.6746, -11.0069

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

16.2364, -2.0954, -7.7443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 53, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 53, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 53, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 53, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 53, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 53, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 53, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 53, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 53, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 53, 102)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.7230, 2.2366, -28.2303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 53, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 53,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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