

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.6952, -14.0418,
10.3266)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.6952, -14.0418,
10.3266) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.6268,
-14.0325, 10.3180)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	103D0A
RGB	16, 61, 10
RGB Percent	6%, 24%, 4%
CMY	0.9373, 0.7608, 0.9608
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.84, 0.76
HSL	113°, 72%, 14%
HSV	113°, 84%, 24%
XYZ	1.9372, 3.4696, 0.8548
YIQ	41.7310, -10.4490, -25.4010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

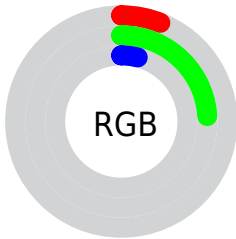
Format	Color
RYB	10, 61, 55
Decimal	1064202
CIELab	21.83, -26.50, 25.42
CIELCh	22, 36.720, 136.192
Yxy	3.4697, 0.3094, 0.5541
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279254282 (0xFF103D0A)
YUV	41.7310, -15.6434, -22.5661
Hunter-Lab	18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180

Details

The HunterLab color **18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **11.6893, 18.1267, -14.8738**, and the grayscale version is **15.1808, -0.8100, 0.8248**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.1730, -18.8980, 15.2498**, and **5.1278, -4.3971, 3.0828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4791, -14.7270, 10.7694**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.8122, -13.1801, 9.8036**.

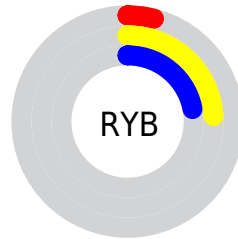
Distribution



Red (6%)

Green (24%)

Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (22%)

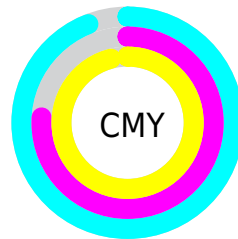


Cyan (74%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (94%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.6268, -14.0325,
10.3180

■ 18.6268, -14.0325,
10.3180

■ 115.6873,
-33.1567, 29.2711

■ 11.7542, -11.4827,
8.2279

■ 35.2042, -18.9744,
15.2424

■ 4.5067, -7.8868,
3.1547

■ 44.7188, -21.2035,
17.4624

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9632, -23.3326,
19.5764

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.8888, -25.3875,
21.6112

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.4554, -27.3859,
23.5858

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.6294, -29.3409,

25.5142

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.3817,
-31.2621, 27.4066

■ 18.6268, -14.0325,
10.3180

■ 18.6268, -14.0325,
10.3180

■ 18.4791, -14.7270,
10.7694

■ 18.8122, -13.1801,
9.8036

■ 18.3955, -15.1273,
11.0704

■ 19.0425, -12.1264,
9.1262

■ 19.3194, -10.8735,
8.2840

■ 19.6435, -9.4275,
7.2789

■ 20.0150, -7.7980,
6.1162

■ 20.4336, -5.9973,
4.8040

■ 20.8983, -4.0398,
3.3522

■ 21.4081, -1.9407,
1.7722

■ 21.9616, 0.2844,
0.0758

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6272, -6.5819, 12.5087



18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180



18.6272, -17.5228, 5.2385

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.6272, -14.0328, 10.3181



18.6272, -5.8208, -31.4503



18.6272, 24.2578, 5.8344

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180



11.6893, 18.1267, -14.8738

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6272, 24.5986, -4.5129



18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180



18.6272, 5.3397, -30.9291

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.6272, -14.0328, 10.3181



18.6272, -13.5887, -20.4004



18.6272, 17.0496, -19.2325



18.6272, 16.2055, 10.5585

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180



18.6272, -17.8214, -1.3122



18.6272, 17.0496, -19.2325



18.6272, 25.3329, 3.0741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.6272, -14.0328, 10.3181



26.3241, -8.3734, 6.6665



19.1604, -2.7137, 10.8702



13.9091, -4.6057, 3.6559



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.6272, -14.0328, 10.3181



23.7890, -19.7509, 14.3129



18.6800, -13.4628, 7.6465



11.3416, -1.5929, 1.3674



28.5300, -23.8176, 17.1631



72.3766, -61.2788, 43.5253

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.6893, 18.1267, -14.8738



13.6314, 27.4907, -23.3345



11.7414, 16.7970, -3.6756



10.8873, 0.4406, -0.1935



16.3248, 32.9457, -28.1242



41.1938, 83.3284, -72.4719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

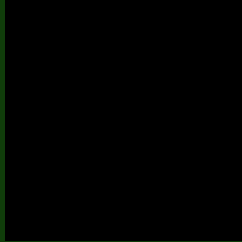
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.6268,

-14.0325, 10.3180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180

Protanopia

18.6910, -2.9078, 10.7377

Deuteranopia

18.6464, 0.6912, 9.9432



Tritanopia

18.7734, -6.1152, -2.4821

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180

Protanomaly

18.3348, -8.1390, 10.3196

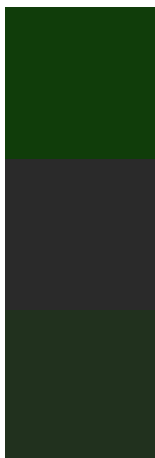
Deuteranomaly

18.1615, -6.0581, 9.7287

Tritanomaly

18.4051, -9.8282, 4.1126

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

16.1669, -6.6532, 5.3409

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 61, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 61, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 61, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 61, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 61, 10) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 61, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 61, 10)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 61, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 61, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 61, 10)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.6268, -14.0325, 10.3180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 61, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 61,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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