

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.7030, 7.0267,
11.0599)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.7030, 7.0267,
11.0599) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.6461, 7.1740,
11.0674)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F2C06
RGB	79, 44, 6
RGB Percent	31%, 17%, 2%
CMY	0.6902, 0.8274, 0.9765
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.92, 0.69
HSL	31°, 86%, 17%
HSV	31°, 92%, 31%
XYZ	4.1580, 3.4768, 0.6242
YIQ	50.1330, 33.0580, -4.3980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

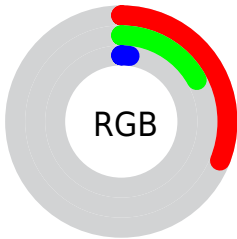
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 79, 6
Decimal	5188614
CIE Lab	21.86, 12.99, 28.76
CIE LCh	22, 31.557, 65.701
Yxy	3.4770, 0.5034, 0.4210
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283378694 (0xFF4F2C06)
YUV	50.1330, -21.7576, 25.3164
Hunter-Lab	18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674

Details

The HunterLab color **18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **14.7951, 1.6071, -20.4981**, and the grayscale version is **17.9671, -0.9587, 0.9762**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.3069, 7.9392, 16.4393**, and **5.3973, 9.2430, 3.4876** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0467, 8.1971, 11.2638**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4691, 5.8244, 10.8442**.

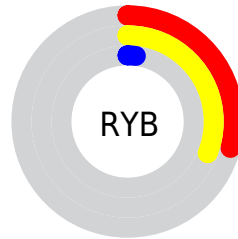
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (17%)

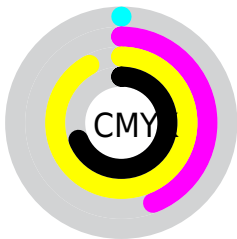
Blue (2%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (2%)

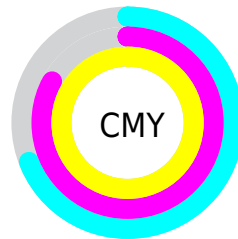


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.6461, 7.1740,
11.0674

■ 18.6461, 7.1740,
11.0674

■ 115.7230, 8.0268,
31.8908

■ 11.7708, 6.5753,
8.2396

■ 35.2282, 7.9488,
16.4618

■ 4.5389, 12.2243,
3.1772

■ 44.7448, 8.1761,
18.9305

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9911, 8.3171,
21.2717

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.9184, 8.3825,
23.5163


0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.4866, 8.3803,
25.6863

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 89.6621, 8.3170,


 102.4160, 8.1977,
29.8627


 18.6461, 7.1740,
11.0674


 18.6461, 7.1740,
11.0674


 18.0467, 8.1971,
11.2638

 19.4691, 5.8244,
10.8442

 20.3417, 4.5616,
10.4311

 21.2641, 3.4046,
9.7932

 22.2333, 2.3553,
8.9409

 23.2463, 1.4127,
7.8874

■ 24.3000, 0.5738,
6.6472

■ 25.3917, -0.1661,
5.2351

■ 26.5186, -0.8122,
3.6653

■ 27.6784, -1.3703,
1.9514

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6466, 16.3704, 8.5990



18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674



18.6466, -2.7843, 11.6544

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.6466, 7.1728, 11.0676



18.6466, -15.9692, -0.8040



18.6466, 10.9679, -19.4564

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674



14.7951, 1.6071, -20.4981

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6466, 0.8625, -26.0535



18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674



18.6466, -13.6816, -12.3174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.6466, 7.1728, 11.0676



18.6466, -14.9479, 6.8646



18.6466, -7.9629, -22.9372



18.6466, 18.8519, -7.6928

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674



18.6466, -8.3062, 10.9950



18.6466, -7.9629, -22.9372



18.6466, 7.6493, -22.5636

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.6466, 7.1728, 11.0676



32.1586, 0.4040, 8.0603



13.9807, 22.7070, 0.0054



15.8821, 0.3222, 4.2380



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.6466, 7.1728, 11.0676



23.1949, 11.4094, 14.4923



26.8619, -7.4503, 16.0414



13.4978, -0.5176, 1.5185



54.8151, 31.4841, 34.3280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7951, 1.6071, -20.4981



17.7416, 4.0900, -31.0045



8.6102, 17.4129, -45.3262



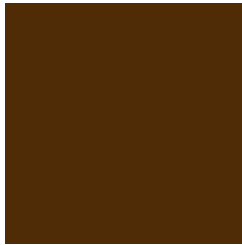
13.2905, -0.8774, -0.1008



41.0400, 14.2622, -82.0843

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

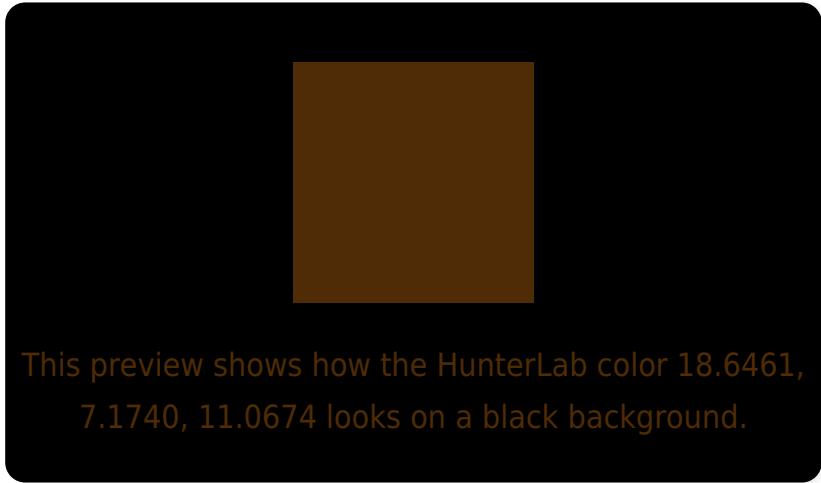
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

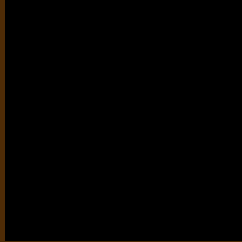
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.6461, 7.1740,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674

Protanopia

18.7792, -2.5811, 10.7105

Deuteranopia

18.6400, 0.4690, 11.4941



Tritanopia

18.6365, 11.0217, 4.0958

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674

Protanomaly

18.6870, 0.7223, 10.7986

Deuteranomaly

18.5954, 2.6529, 11.3217

Tritanomaly

18.5880, 9.4415, 7.7012

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.9485, 1.1121, 6.0801

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 44, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 44, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 44, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 44, 6) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 44, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 44, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 44, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 44, 6); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 44, 6); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 44, 6) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.6461, 7.1740, 11.0674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 44, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 44,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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