

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.7494, 11.5991,  
10.3417)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(18.7494, 11.5991,  
10.3417) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(18.7896, 11.6040,  
10.3552)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	56280F
RGB	86, 40, 15
RGB Percent	34%, 16%, 6%
CMY	0.6627, 0.8431, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.83, 0.66
HSL	21°, 70%, 20%
HSV	21°, 83%, 34%
XYZ	4.6827, 3.5305, 0.8866
YIQ	50.9040, 35.4410, 1.9770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

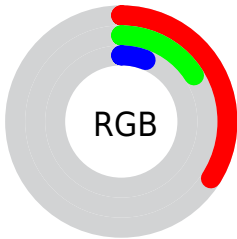
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	86, 54, 15
Decimal	5646351
CIELab	22.05, 19.27, 25.34
CIELCh	22, 31.837, 52.754
Yxy	3.5307, 0.5146, 0.3880
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283836431 (0xFF56280F)
YUV	50.9040, -17.7007, 30.7792
Hunter-Lab	18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552

# Details

The HunterLab color **18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **20.2746, -4.2675, -13.3276**, and the grayscale version is **18.2120, -0.9717, 0.9895**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.4069, 13.1884, 15.3454**, and **6.2715, 10.7401, 4.0525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.7801, 13.6323, 10.5818**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9088, 9.6205, 9.9271**.

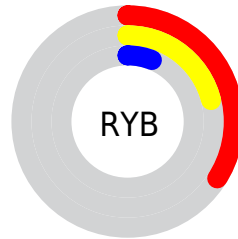
# Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (16%)

Blue (6%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (6%)

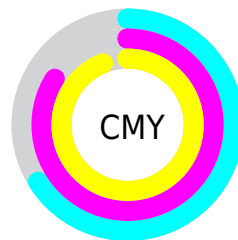


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



18.7896, 11.6040,  
10.3552

18.7896, 11.6040,  
10.3552

115.9865, 15.1419,  
29.2523

11.8940, 10.6299,  
8.3258

35.4056, 13.0814,  
15.2641

4.7696, 17.3493,  
3.3387

44.9368, 13.6325,  
17.4760

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.1967, 14.0812,  
19.5829

0.0000, NaN, NaN

66.1368, 14.4397,  
21.6115

0.0000, NaN, NaN

77.7172, 14.7178,  
23.5807

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


89.9042, 14.9235,


25.5041


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 102.6690, 15.0631,  
27.3920


 18.7896, 11.6040,  
10.3552


 18.7896, 11.6040,  
10.3552

 17.7801, 13.6323,  
10.5818

 19.9088, 9.6205,  
9.9271

 17.0923, 15.0913,  
10.7964

 21.1287, 7.7275,  
9.2799

 22.4399, 5.9413,  
8.4368

 23.8334, 4.2692,  
7.4216

 25.3007, 2.7118,  
6.2570

■ 26.8345, 1.2651,  
4.9632

■ 28.4281, -0.0774,  
3.5578

■ 30.0759, -1.3235,  
2.0556

■ 31.7728, -2.4813,  
0.4691

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.7901, 19.3611, 6.6510



18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552



18.7901, 1.3954, 11.7318

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7901, 11.6027, 10.3554



18.7901, -16.1000, 3.1164



18.7901, 6.7285, -23.6345

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552



20.2746, -4.2675, -13.3276

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.7901, -3.2880, -26.2794



18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552



18.7901, -15.2405, -7.1690

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7901, 11.6027, 10.3554



18.7901, -13.6148, 8.8787



18.7901, -10.9703, -19.1627



18.7901, 16.1739, -13.1105



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552



18.7901, -4.9286, 11.6146



18.7901, -10.9703, -19.1627



18.7901, 3.2726, -25.6363

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7901, 11.6027, 10.3554



34.8004, 2.2858, 7.1414



16.3052, 24.6142, -5.6525



16.9816, 1.3234, 3.7033



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7901, 11.6027, 10.3554



22.3474, 20.6433, 14.0463



26.6320, -3.2826, 15.3469



14.9068, -0.2864, 1.5409



21.2135, 19.7539, 13.4175



48.7052, 51.0746, 30.9060



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.2746, -4.2675, -13.3276



24.4082, -3.6781, -22.4023



12.2345, 11.2477, -34.9297



15.0069, -1.2658, 0.0617



23.1675, -3.4759, -21.4539

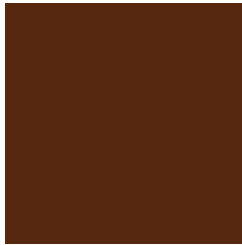


53.3166, -5.7109, -54.3129



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

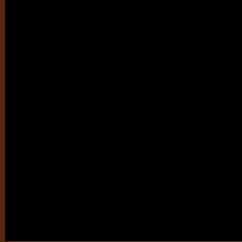
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.7896, 11.6040,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552

### Protanopia

19.0945, -2.5645, 9.8080

### Deuteranopia

19.0224, 0.7033, 10.8388



## Tritanopia

18.7152, 14.6991, 5.4298

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552

## Protanomaly

18.7230, 2.1448, 9.7624

## Deuteranomaly

18.8558, 4.7220, 10.6079

## Tritanomaly

18.7387, 13.6063, 7.6833

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552

## Achromatopsia

18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

## Achromatomaly

18.0637, 2.7841, 5.1607

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 40, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 40, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 40, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 40, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 40, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 40, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 40, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 40, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 40, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 40, 15)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.7896, 11.6040, 10.3552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 40, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 40,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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