

Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.7614, -2.0034,
-1.8098)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(18.7614, -2.0034,
-1.8098) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(18.8293, -2.0326,
-1.8942)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E363C
RGB	46, 54, 60
RGB Percent	18%, 21%, 24%
CMY	0.8196, 0.7882, 0.7647
CMYK	0.23, 0.10, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	206°, 13%, 21%
HSV	206°, 23%, 24%
XYZ	3.2615, 3.5454, 4.7874
YIQ	52.2920, -6.6940, 0.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

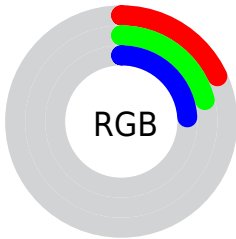
Format	Color
RYB	46, 51, 60
Decimal	3028540
CIELab	22.11, -1.78, -4.89
CIELCh	22, 5.200, 249.988
Yxy	3.5456, 0.2813, 0.3058
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281218620 (0xFF2E363C)
YUV	52.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181
Hunter-Lab	18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942

Details

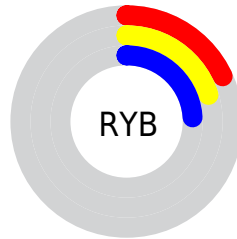
The HunterLab color **18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.0103, 0.3907, 3.6592**, and the grayscale version is **18.6190, -0.9935, 1.0116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.5587, -3.3891, -1.3414**, and **5.1064, -1.3255, -3.5212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8404, -2.2708, -3.2541**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.8507, -1.7023, -0.5666**.

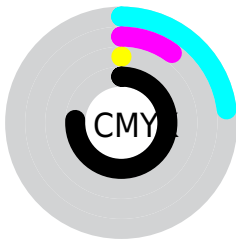
Distribution



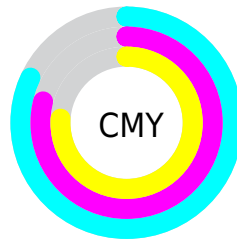
- Red (18%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.8293, -2.0326,
-1.8942

■ 18.8293, -2.0326,
-1.8942

■ 116.0591, -8.0966,
1.2339

■ 11.9279, -1.5159,
-1.9227

■ 35.4544, -3.1668,
-1.5851

■ 4.8312, -1.8633,
-3.9296

■ 44.9897, -3.7828,
-1.3298

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.2534, -4.4299,
-1.0178

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.1970, -5.1072,
-0.6547

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.7807, -5.8135,
-0.2447

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 89.9708, -6.5477,

0.2085

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.7387, -7.3091,
0.7022

■ 18.8293, -2.0326,
-1.8942

■ 18.8293, -2.0326,
-1.8942

■ 17.8404, -2.2708,
-3.2541

■ 19.8507, -1.7023,
-0.5666

■ 16.8855, -2.4053,
-4.6483

■ 20.9010, -1.2889,
0.7295

■ 15.9678, -2.4246,
-6.0769

■ 21.9786, -0.8014,
1.9966

■ 15.0903, -2.3165,
-7.5387

■ 23.0814, -0.2474,
3.2368

■ 14.2562, -2.0688,
-9.0311

■ 24.2077, 0.3661,
4.4525

■ 13.4686, -1.6703,
-10.5490

■ 25.3560, 1.0332,
5.6460

■ 12.7044, -1.2041,
-12.1438

■ 26.5248, 1.7487,
6.8192

■ 12.1939, -0.9047,
-13.2884

■ 27.7129, 2.5081,
7.9743

■ 28.9193, 3.3074,
9.1132

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.8297, -3.2746, -0.9259



18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942



18.8297, -0.4766, -2.0451

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.8297, -2.0329, -1.8939



18.8297, 2.0767, 1.5187



18.8297, -2.9162, 3.1051

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942



19.0103, 0.3907, 3.6592

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.8297, -1.5291, 3.6518



18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942



18.8297, 1.3759, 2.7871

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.8297, -2.0329, -1.8939



18.8297, 1.9310, 0.0102



18.8297, 0.0440, 3.5404



18.8297, -3.7728, 1.9862

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942



18.8297, 0.5350, -1.6504



18.8297, 0.0440, 3.5404



18.8297, -2.4984, 3.3575

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.8297, -2.0329, -1.8939



26.9534, -1.9266, 0.2822



20.1471, -5.4997, 2.8151



14.2812, -1.0212, 0.1486



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.8297, -2.0329, -1.8939



23.9974, -2.8794, -3.5629



17.1859, 0.7266, -4.1460



11.0915, -0.8230, 0.0375



18.5615, -0.2518, -22.6567



45.1538, 2.9143, -62.7295

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8356, 3.8803, -0.5442



22.4033, 6.8419, -1.2203



20.6611, -2.3586, 5.2724



10.8818, 0.3604, 0.2758



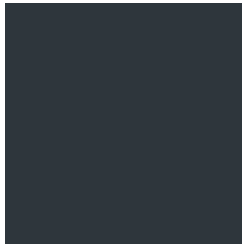
16.3212, 29.5777, -2.0673



41.2705, 74.3761, -2.0063

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

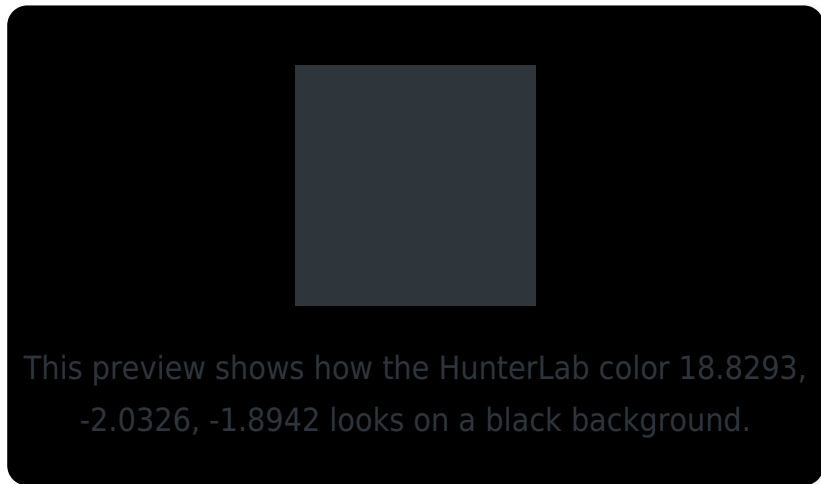
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

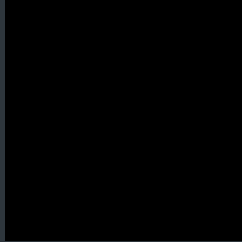
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942.



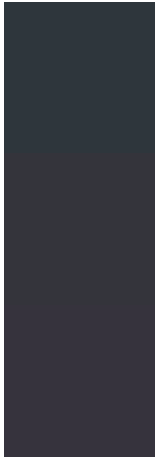
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942.

-1.8942.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942

Protanopia

18.7131, 0.0041, -1.5786

Deuteranopia

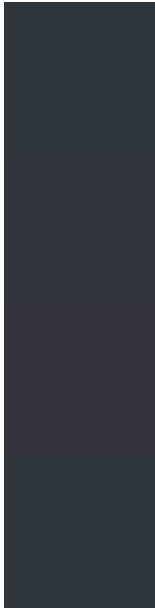
18.6784, 1.2138, -2.4831



Tritanopia

18.8014, -2.1868, -1.5010

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942

Protanomaly

18.8151, -0.8800, -1.4602

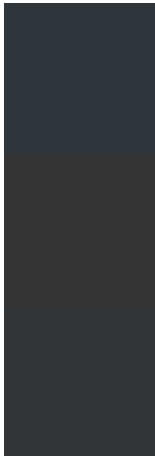
Deuteranomaly

18.6995, 0.0705, -2.4744

Tritanomaly

18.8014, -2.1868, -1.5010

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942

Achromatopsia

18.5310, -0.9888, 1.0068

Achromatomaly

18.7087, -1.4639, 0.0480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 54, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 54, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 54, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 54, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 54, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 54, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 54, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 54, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 54, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 54, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.8293, -2.0326, -1.8942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 54, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 54,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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