

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(18.7936, -8.6805,  
-3.4073)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(18.7936, -8.6805,  
-3.4073) contains.

<b>HunterLab(18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(18.7936, -8.6805,  
-3.4073)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	073B3F
RGB	7, 59, 63
RGB Percent	3%, 23%, 25%
CMY	0.9725, 0.7686, 0.7529
CMYK	0.89, 0.06, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	184°, 80%, 14%
HSV	184°, 89%, 25%
XYZ	2.5488, 3.5320, 5.2500
YIQ	43.9080, -32.2760, -9.7800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

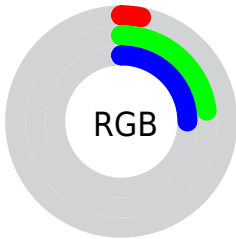
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	7, 34, 63
Decimal	473919
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	22.06, -14.39, -7.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	22, 16.080, 206.496
Yxy	3.5321, 0.2249, 0.3117
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278663999 (0xFF073B3F)
YUV	43.9080, 9.4124, -32.3683
Hunter-Lab	18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073

# Details

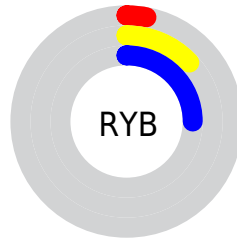
The HunterLab color **18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11.4523, 14.3735, 6.2672**, and the grayscale version is **15.8185, -0.8440, 0.8594**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2815, -11.4140, -3.7322**, and **6.2912, -2.3223, -2.8503** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5618, -8.9514, -3.7403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0297, -8.3981, -3.0731**.

# Distribution



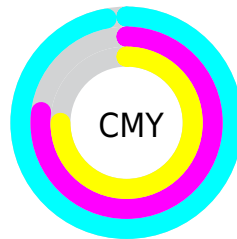
- Red (3%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.7936, -8.6805,  
-3.4073

■ 18.7936, -8.6805,  
-3.4073

■ 115.9935,  
-21.1897, -1.2249

■ 11.8973, -7.0172,  
-3.3007

■ 35.4103, -11.6709,  
-3.3478

■ 4.7756, -8.3574,  
-5.9668

■ 44.9420, -13.0801,  
-3.2067

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.2022, -14.4591,  
-3.0030

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.1427, -15.8188,  
-2.7428

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.7234, -17.1670,  
-2.4312


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 89.9106, -18.5091,


-2.0723


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 102.6757,  
-19.8490, -1.6692


 18.7936, -8.6805,  
-3.4073


 18.7936, -8.6805,  
-3.4073


 18.5618, -8.9514,  
-3.7403


 19.0297, -8.3981,  
-3.0731

 18.5358, -8.9822,  
-3.7780

 19.2999, -7.9855,  
-2.6942

 19.6109, -7.4215,  
-2.2636

 19.9638, -6.7058,  
-1.7823

 20.3591, -5.8412,  
-1.2523

■ 20.7970, -4.8333,  
-0.6765

■ 21.2770, -3.6893,  
-0.0583

■ 21.7983, -2.4179,  
0.5986

■ 22.3599, -1.0288,  
1.2902

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.7939, -9.4766, 1.5600



18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073



18.7939, -5.9044, -8.0374

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7939, -8.6805, -3.4070



18.7939, 7.4708, -4.5964



18.7939, -0.4273, 7.9256

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073



11.4523, 14.3735, 6.2672

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.7939, 4.4568, 7.0441



18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073



18.7939, 9.3002, 0.4697

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7939, -8.6805, -3.4070



18.7939, 3.3648, -8.8380



18.7939, 8.1451, 4.5830



18.7939, -5.0065, 7.3828



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073



18.7939, -3.1435, -9.8802



18.7939, 8.1451, 4.5830



18.7939, 1.2362, 7.7933

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7939, -8.6805, -3.4070



27.0029, -6.1656, -0.8216



19.0363, -15.2717, 10.5013



13.8226, -3.2307, -0.4591



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7939, -8.6805, -3.4070



23.9596, -11.5588, -4.9954



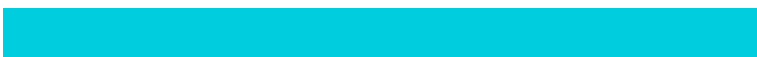
11.8245, 1.6783, -16.2646



11.3369, -1.2214, 0.3284



27.8033, -13.3836, -5.8603



70.2928, -33.5319, -15.4741



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.3475, 20.5380, -11.9009



15.1479, 29.3650, -16.7517



15.8299, 3.9292, 9.0698



10.9073, 0.4977, -0.0867



17.5965, 34.1021, -19.3845

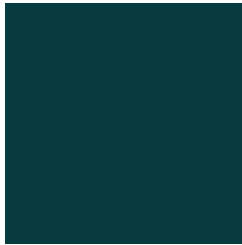


44.6793, 86.4887, -48.4464



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

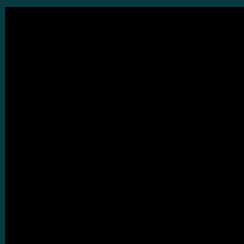
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

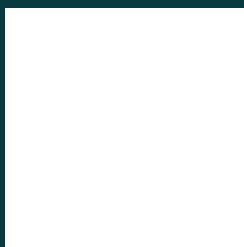
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073.



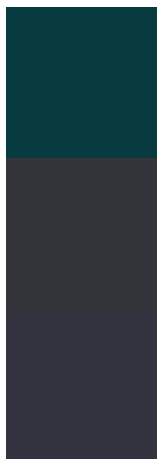
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073.

-3.4073.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073

### Protanopia

18.9527, -0.4041, -1.2725

### Deuteranopia

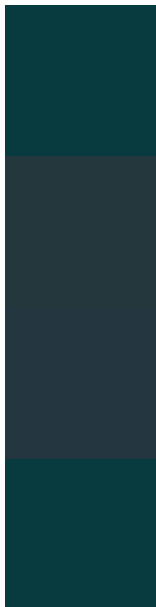
18.8884, 0.9503, -4.0425



**Tritanopia**

18.8407, -8.4377, -3.8022

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073

## Protanomaly

18.5302, -4.4023, -2.3372

## Deuteranomaly

18.6484, -3.7356, -3.9959

## Tritanomaly

18.8407, -8.4377, -3.8022

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073

## Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

## Achromatomaly

16.5135, -4.4594, -1.1476

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 59, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 59, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 59, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 59, 63) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 59, 63) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 59, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 59, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 59, 63); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 59, 63); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 59, 63) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.7936, -8.6805, -3.4073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 59, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 59,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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